No. 1640.

'59

the LABUM,

al 4to.

TUM et novæ, lectus, —Tes-ESPER-2 vols.

sides. curred

fine

s. with Arnold rthies, bound

-15

viz.:

ndidly Plates th the 1777— ls. 4to.

Chroni

DNS

RMAN ole ex-o each -1830

ther is

32,000 btedly raved, cribers

arts.

s.), 30%

ogy

2s. 6d. rld.

GHBY

John John

LONDON, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1859.

PRICE POURPENCE Stamped Edition . 5d.

KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON.—
PHOTOGRAPHY.—Mr. HARDWICH has COMMENCED his CLASSES, and is now giving Private Instruction in the Principles and Fractice of the Art of Photography.
Tor information, apply to T. F. Handwich, Esq., King's College. London.
R. W. GELP, D.D., Principal.

SCIENCE and ART DEPARTMENT,

A Course of TWELVE LECTURES on the HUMAN FORM
will be deligred by JUHN MARSHALL, Esq. F.R.S. F.R.C.R.
and the Simpson to University College, Ruptial, in the Lecture
Theatre, South Kensington, during the Spring Session, 1859:
Lecture II. and III.—8th and 18th April
Lecture IV., V. and VI.—6th, 18th, and 30th May.
Lecture IV., V. and VI.—6th, 18th, and 30th May.
Lecture IV., -10th June.
Lecture X.—17th June.
Lecture X.—17th June.
Lecture XII.—18th June.
Lecture XII.—18th June.
Lecture XIII.—18th June.
Lecture XIII.—18th June.
Lecture SIII.—18th June.
Lecture SIII.—18 ment of 4s. for the Course of Twelve Lectures, or 1s. each Lecture.

N.B.—This Course is such as may be attended by Fundas Students.

The Lectures will be illustrated by Diagrams and Sketches. Students are recommended to provide themselves with note-books for penell outlines and memorands. Time will be allotted at the end attensate Lectures for the examination of such note-books as are handed to the Lectures.

By Order of the Committee of Council on Education.

ROYAL ACADEMY OF ABTS,
TRAFALGAR-SQUARE,
NOTICE TO ABTISH-All Works of Painting, Sculpture,
Architecture, or Engraving, intended for the ensuing EXHIBIHOM at the ROYAL ACADEMY, must be sent in on Monday.
Work can possibly be received, nor can any Works be received
which have already been publicly exhibited.
FRAMES,—All Pictures and Drawings with wide margins are
inadmissible. Excessive breadth in frames as all standom they
otherwise merit. The other Regulations necessary to be observed
may be obtained as the Royal Academy.

Every possible can the Monday of the Regulation, and contains the contained of the Royal Academy.

Every possible can be under the Regulation accessary to be observed
in the contained of the Royal Contained to the Royal Contained as the Royal R

SOCIETY OF ARTS.—The ELEVENTH NANNAL EXHIBITION of INVENTIONS WILL OPEN US the side day of APRIL, issue. The days fixed for receiving fractions with the side of t

ARTISTS' GENERAL BENEVOLENT
INSTITUTION, for the Relief of Decayed Artists, their
Widows and Orphans. Instituted 1814, incorporated 1842. Under
the immediate protection Of

HER MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY THE QUEEN.
Pairon-H.B.H. THE PRINCE CONSORT, K.G.

Fairon-H.R.H. THE FEBRUE FUNDERS, R.C.
The Nobility, Pairons, and Subsorbers, are respectfully informed that the FORTY-FOURTH ANNIVERSARY DINNER
will take place, in Freemance Hall, on SATURDAY, the 16th
instant. The Right Hon. VISCOURT HARDINGE in the Chair.
W. J. ROPER, Assistant-Secretary.

SOCIETY for the ENCOURAGEMENT of the FIRE ARTS.

President—The Right Hon, the BARL of CARLISLE, K.C.

The THIRD CONVERSAZIONE of this Society will be held at the French Gellery, 191, Pall Mail, on TUESDAY, April 5th.

M. Silvestre will read a paper 'On the State of Fine Art in Fance. The Lecture will commence punctually at 8 o'elock. Laddet or Gentlemen desirous of becoming Members of the Society at requested to forward their names to the Henovary Secretary, at the Offices, 80, Zall Mail.

WM. HOLL, Hon. Sec.

CONSUMPTION HOSPITAL, BROMPTON.

—Further HELP is sought to MAINTAIN this Hoppital, which is NOW FULL, in entire efficiency. Bankers: Messra. Wilsams, Deacon & Co., 30, Birchin-lane.

PHILIP ROSE, Hon. Sec. HENRY DOBBIN, Sec.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.—
MEETINGS at ST. JAMES'S HALL,
Regent-tered,
May 12 and 18; Jame 3 and 20; December 7, 8 and 9.
The Schedule of Prizes for the May and June Meetings are now
nady.

A BT-UNION of GLASGOW.—The Subscription List for the present year is now open. Early appli a is desirable, as the Engravings will be delivered in the or

iption.
or 1889, 'PUNCH,' engraved by H. Lemon, after Web.. J. COLEY BROMFIELD, Hon. Sec. for London.
a Branch, s, Alfred-place, Bedford-equare, W.C.

TWICKENHAM HOUSE. - DR. DIAMOND the nine years Superintendent to the Fennal Department of STRREY COUNTY ASYLUM; has arranged the above country of the superintendent of the Tennal Department of STRREY asylum; has arranged the above country of the superintendent of the superi

NOTICE TO ARTISTS.—The Period for receiving PICTURES IN LONDON by Mr. GREEN, for the Balfast Exhibition, has been extended to Saturday, the 19th of April.

Willed Balfact Company of the Company of the

Belfast, 24th March, 1859.

BOITAS, 74th MAYCH, 1999.

REGENT'S PARK.

The EXHIBITIONS of PLANTS, FLOWERS, and FRUIT this Season will take on WEDNESDATS, May 26th, June 15th, and July 6th.

Tickets of Admission are now being issued, and gan be obtained at the Gardens, only by orders from Pellows or Members of the Society, price, on or before Saturday, May 14, 4: after that day, 8.; or, on the days of Exhibition, 72. 6d. each.

52.; or, on the days of Exhibition, 72. 64. each.

OUEEN'S COLLEGE, BIRMINGHAM.—
PACULTY OF MEDIOINE—The Summer Session will open MONDAY, May 2, 1893. The system of study pursued comprises a complete Course of Medical and Surpical Education, and qualifies for Examinations at all the Medical Boards.
The JUNIOR DEPARTMENT in MEDIOINE is open to Students about the age of 16, and its studies are specially devoted to preparation for the preliminary Examinations at the various Universities, and at the College of Surgeons and Apothecaries the students in this department.
The Faculties of Theology, Arts, Engineering, Agriculture, and Law, will also resume at the same period.
For further information, and for Prospectuses, apply to the Rev, the Warden; or to Dr. Bond, Honorary Secretary to the Medical Faculty, Queen's College.

ARCHITECTURAL EXHIBITION.
The NEW GALLERIES, 9, Conduit-street, Regent-street.
Patron-H.R.H. THE PRINCE CONSORT.

Patron-H.R.H. THE PRIAGE CONSOLAR.
NOW OPEN, from 9 till 6. — Admission, One Shilling, or by
Halfa-Crown Season Tickets, which admit at all times, and
to all the Lectures.
Lecture, on TUESDAY EVENING, April 5th, at 8 o'clock, by
G. E. STREET, Esq., 'On Italian Fointed Architecture.'
JAS. EDBRESTON Hon.
JAS. FERGUSSON | Secs.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY of ENGLAND.
WARWICK MEETING.

Entries for Implements, Cheese, Wool, Farm-Gates, and Draing Pipes, must be made on or before the lat of May.

Entries for Live Stock must be made on or before the lat of

June. *** All Entries received in each case after those respective dates will, without any exception, be disqualified, and returned to the senders. Prize Sheets may be had on application at the Offices of the Society, 13, Hanover-square, London.

CRYSTAL PALACE PICTURE GALLERY.

WASTAL PALACE PICTURE GALLERY.

—The Winter Exhibition being now over, the Gallery will remain closed during the Month of April, until the opening of the Summer Exhibition on the 1st of May.

(Exclaim and Foreign), desirous of exhibiting during the summer season, will have the goodness to apply, without clearly to Mr. C. W. Wass, Superintendent of the Gallery, at the Crystal Palace, in order that their Works may be inserted in the Catalogue.

Crystal Palace, April 1, 1892. GEO. GROYE,

Crystal Palace, April 1, 1892.

CRYSTAL PALACE PICTURE GALLERY.

-NOTICE to EXHIBITORS.—Pictures and Water-Colour Drawings intended for the ensuing Summer Exhibition must be left at the Hanover-square Rooms between the hours of 10 and 6 on Monday, 4th, Tuesday, 5th, and Wednesday, 6th of April next.

-Address to Mr. Wass, Superintendent of the Gallery, Sydenham. GEO. GROVE, Secretary. By order.

HANDEL COMMEMORATION FES-the pleasure to announce that this great CENTENARY MUSI-CAL FESTIVAL, the preparations for which have occupied the closest consideration for mealy three years, will take place as

CAL FESTIVAL, the preparations for wince have occupies an colosest consideration for nearly three years, will take place as follows:

MISSIAN TO DUM, with solutions of wince and the place as follows:

MISSIAN TO DUM, with solutions of the place and the place as follows:

Friday, June 20th.

Sanaki in Ecytr Friday, June 28th.

The Orchestra in the Great Transpit, now being extended to the elsex width of 18 feet, for double the diameter of the dome of St.

The Orchestra in the Great Transpit, now being extended to the elsex width of 18 feet, for double the diameter of the dome of St.

TERPORERS, who will be selected with the greatests care from the various metropolitan, provincial, and continental orchestras, eatherdral oloris, and choral associations, presenting a combinate and the orchestral arrangements for this unparalleled musical congress will be under the direction of THE SACRED HARMONIC SOCIETY, EXTERN HALD.

Tiskets will be issued according to priority of application at the following rater:

Two Gulmas and Half the set for the Constant Numbered Stalls.

March 16th, 1859.

A SHBOURNE LODGE, FOREST-HILL - Miss A SH BOUKINE LOUNCE, FURSENT BILL.—BAIRS

E. M. SMITH, having removed to a larger House, situate
at a convenient distance from the Crystal Palace, and near the
Forest-hill Railway Station, has VACANCIES for a few PUPILS.
Terrus, 50 guineas per annum. Miss E. M. Smith is assisted by
English, French, and German resident Governesses, and by FroEnglish, Ternell, and German resident Governesses, and by FroApril, and the 18th of September. References exchanged.

O PARENTS and GUARDIANS.-TWO LADLER, who have readed many years abroad as Governesses in Families of distinction, are desirous of REGELVING a few PUFILS for Private Instruction, to whom they would impart a first-class education, with the usual accomplishments. Parents restiling abroad would find this a desirable opportunity for securing to their Daughters all the comforts and advantages of Home into their Daughters all the comforts and advantages of Home the Company of their Parishment of t

A LADY experienced in Tuition wishes for a RE-ENGAGEMENT in a Gentleman's family. In addi-tion to thorough English and French, she teaches Music, Drawing, and the rudiments of Italian and Latin.—Address H., eare of Miss Williama, 68, Hariey-street, W.

PRIVATE EDUCATION at VERSAILLES.
A comfortable Home and very liberal Education in a highly respectable Protestant Family (where the Lady is English) are offered to SIA LITTLE BOTS, under where years of age. House airy, and within two minutes walk of the Country. Terms, 80, por annum.—Address Mr. C., 92, Rue Royale, Versailles, hear

LOGIC.—A Gentleman residing near Grosvenor-place is desirous of obtaining some INSTRUCTION in LOGIO during a few weeks for his Son, who is shortly going to Oxford.—Addrass H. B., Cartton Club, Pall Mall, S. W.

MR. MECHI respectfully informs his Customers and the Public that he has this day admitted as his PARTNER, Mr. CHARLES BAZIN, who, having served him with talent, seal, and integrity for twenty-one years, has honourably merited that reward. The Firm will in future be "MECHI & BAZIN," 4, Leadenhall-street; 112, Regent-street; and Crystal Palace, Sydenham.

WILLIAM KIDD has became so universally known, and where known is so highly extolled, that we need say little here in his praise. Assuredly, he is the most genial as well as the most agreeable of Gossipers. Whatever he says, is well said. He does difficult things easily, good things generally, area things magnify and of with the most period simplify. he wander that such a man should live in the hearts of the Foppi ? Orogion Chronicks.

BIRDS AND THE BREEDING SEASON.

IDD'S (W.) BRITISH SONG-BIRDS,

WARELETS, and SETTE of PARAGE. Illustrated
ditions. New and groups, seed self-times of these Serves
opular Trealisms on Bird Treptes, Bird-freeding, and Birdming, are New Rendy. Prior in cash. If all bound up together,
too &s cloth, extra gift. Post free.
London: Groommings & Sons, 5, Paternosiar-row.

OBATIONS by Mr. T. MASON JONES.—
WILLIS'S ROOMS.—THIS DAY, April 2, at half-past 3
o'clock, 'Milton, the Patriot, Stateman, Proce Writer, and Pock,'
MONDAY EVENING NEXT, April 4, at half-past 8, 'Grattan,
and the Wite and Orators of the Irish Parliament.'
Stalls (numbered), 32, Reserved Sasts, 32, Back Seats, 12, May
be obtained at Mr. Mrousan's Royal Library, 28, 'did Bond-

M.R. JOHN BENNETT'S LECTURES on M. WOMEN and WATCHWORK.—April 1st, Newbury; 4th, Hampstead; 7th, Crosby Hall; 11th, Bethnal-green. The Lecture will be flustrated by a great variety of models and diagrams, and specimens of Clocks and Watches. Syllabuses can be had at the Watch Manufactory; 6s, Cheapeide.

MR. BURR'S POPULAR LECTURES.

Mr. BURR IS OPEN to ENGAGEMENTS for his Leo
tures on 'The Electric Telegraph' (flustrated, and on 'The
History of Newspapera,'— For terms, syllabuses, &a., address,
"care of Mr. Baltympie, or, Great Queen serveet, London, W.O."

THE REV. J. M. BELLEW, S.C.L., will size READING from the WORKS of OLIVER GOLD.

SMITH, with Lundents in his Life, at St. Martin's Hall, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 18th. The Rev. J. M. Brizew has undertaken to procure the admission by purchase into the St. Ann's Society of an Orphai whose Father was unaccessful in business, and died in January last, leaving a Wisiow and Ten this purpose.

Uniterent totally uniprovince for. The grouns wall to devotes to this purpose. Centre Area and Balconies, 2s. 1 Back Seals, 2s. to be had at MITCHELL'S Royal Library, Old Bond-street; as Sr. Martis's Hall, Long Acres Mr. Shazis' follows, Clouds-St. John's Wood; and at Mrs. Ackerskan's, 6, Blonheim-termoe, where Plans of the Stalls may be seen.

HERTZ COLLECTION, &c.—On SALE, 350 GEMS, including Cameos, Intaglios, and Ancient Roman Pastes (many unknown in any cabinet, all perfect, and chiefly exhibiting a beautiful irridescence); also, a few Gold Orngaments Bronses, Unique Coins, &c. Visible at Mr. Cuer's Residence, & Jircat Portland-street, Repent-street, only till the play of April, when Mr. Curt goes to the Continent to attend surpose inguly (mportant incl.)

MR. BLACKWOOD will be glad to the will any Department of the Third State of the Third Sta

N

nui the Pu cap

to tor

P fasi

ness pra-ship

Va

Wor at t

BR

Vari Cons

Mor

TIO Righ for 8 Colle Strai

BLACKHEATH,—There are a FEW VACANCIES Disparation and a first class a few yacancies of minene attend, and a resident Parisian Lady. The Pupils being little to mine the minene attend, and a resident Parisian Lady. The Pupils being little to mine the mind and manners of a Genklewoman.— Letters to be addressed E. W., Burnaide's Library, Blackheath Village, Kenklewoman.—

EWELL COLLEGE, near Epsom, Surrey.

Principal—W. RNIGHTON, LL.D., M.H.A.S., &c. Efficient PREPARATION for the Universities, the Indian and Enforcement of the Indian and English and Engli

MATHEMATICS.—A Wrangler, with great for aptitude, wishes to meet with a PUPIL to read with him either as a boarder or otherwise. Terms 100, per annum, inclusive of board and residence.—Apply to Delta, care of Mr. Burrell, Stationer, Chelmaford.

THE GOVERNESSES' INSTITUTION, 34, THE GOV EKN ESSES INSITUTION, 94, SOHO-SQUARE—MRS. WAGHORN, who has resided many years abroad, respectfully invites the attention of the Nobility, Gentry, and Principals of Schools, to her ReGUSTER OF English and Foreign GOVERNESSES, TEACHERS, COMPANIONS, TUTORS, and PROFESSORS, Sohool Property transferred, and Fuplis introduced in England, France, and Germany. No charge to Frincipals.

SOHO-SQ. BAZAAR.—GOVERNESSES, OHO-SQ, BAZAAR.—GOVERNARISSES,
THTORS, COMPANIONS, Superior SCHOOL PEACHERS.
—The well-known character of this old-established house offers the best scourity to Families seeking English and Foreign Governesses with the highest testimonials in proof of educational ability. The REGISTRY is in charge of a Lady of great experience, and with distinct reference to religious qualifications.

MILITARY, NAVAL, CIVIL SERVICE, and UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS.—A Clergyman, W.A., Camb., with the highest reforences, residing at 8t. 30 hab's Wood, undertakes Tultion on moderate terms. The most compared to the control of the contro

13, CLIFTON-GARDENS, MAIDA-HILL, (removed from 2, St. Mary's-terrace: Established there 1854.) (removed from 2, St. Mary's-terrace; Established there 1854.)

ADIES' SELECT CLASSES, not more than

ADIES SELECT Velas in each Classes, not more than Principals—Signor 6. CAMPANELLA and Signora 6. CAM-Professors:—Sterndale Bennett, Signor Fossi, Mons. Bourgeois, Herr Kokemüller, David Cox, Signor N. Minola. Prospectuses, and every information respecting Lessons in the Classes and in Schools and Families, may be obtained of Signor 6. Campanella, at his residence, is, Cliffon-gardens.

PUCATION (Superior).—UTTON HOUSE,
SLOUGH, Bucks.—Madame PÉRETTE, assisted by Resident Governesses and Professors of the first repute, EDUCATES
a LIMITED number of YOUNG LADIES, for whom every home comfort is liberally provided,—Reference to numerous Parents of Pupils.—Address as above.

THE BRITISH CONSULAR CHAPLAIN, Frankfurt-on-the-Maine, receives into his Family FOUR PUPILS.—For particulars address the Rev. H. E. CRUTTWELL, Frankfurt, A.M.; or Walter Crossman, Esq., 18, Queen Annestreet, Cavendish-square, London.

TO the NOBILITY and GENTRY.-FOR

ROYAL EXCHANGE FINE-ARTS

ROYAL EXCHANGE FINE-ARTS

GALLERY 24, Cornbill

Mr. MORBY begs to state that he has OPENED the above GALLERY (10 connexion with his Framing Establishment, at 3, Bishopagate-street Within), for the SALE of GUARANTEED (10 CTURERS, and can offer specimens) of the connection of the state of GUARANTEED (10 CTURERS), and can offer specimens of the connection of the connection

Just out,

TEREOGRAPHS of the SEA. Price 5s.

No. I. FINE WEATHER. No. II. The GROUND SWELL.
Instantaneous Photographs printed on glass by SAMURI. Flav,
Brighton, showing every wave and ripple, from horizon to beach,
with marvellous effects of sunshine, shipping, spray, &c.—At the
Photographic Warchouses, and the Publishers, Horne & Thornthwaile, 12s, Newgate-street, London, E.C. Entered at Stationers'
Hall. None are genuine without a signature.

STEREOGRAPH of the MOON. Price 10s. 6d. Third Owner Pamphlet and Chart. A Photograph or Triber 10s. Ge. Printerior of Charles Howell, Eag. E. R. A. S. Brignon, at the Observatory of Charles Howell, Eag. E. R. A. S. Brignon, at the Observatory of Charles Howell, Eag. E. R. A. S. Brignon, at the Charles At the Photographic Warehouses, and at the Publishers, Horne & Thornthwaite, 133, Newgate-street, London, E. C. Entered at Stationers' Hall. None genuine without a signature.

MR. J. G. BARRABLE, PHOTOGRAPHER,

244, REGENT-STREET.

PIRST-CLASS PORTRAITS on Paper for Half-a-Crown.
SIX PORTRAITS for 10s. 6d. will go by post.

THE 10s. 6d. MINIATURE, a perfect Photograph on Paper, tinted by Miniature Painters of acknowledged talent—a delicate process, which have been been and reality of life.

244, REGENT-STREET.—Entrance round the Corner.

TRENCH, Italian, German.—9, OLD BONDSTREET.—Dr. ALTSCHUL, Author of 'First German
Reading-Book' (dedicated, by special permission, to Her Grace
the Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., Prof. Elecathe Duchase of Sutherland, &c., M. Thiolog, Soc., M. Th

To ARTISTS.—TWO LARGE STUDIOS with first-rate light, and living rooms attached, TO BE LET now in course of erection in a good situation at the West End of the Town.—Apply to W. DEARE, Esq., 13, Great James-street, Bardford-row

MR. ADOLPHE DIDIER (the Somnambule) gives his MESMERIC SÉANCES EVERY DAY, from 1 till 4—16, Charlotte-street, Fitzroy-square, Just out, 2nd edition, "Animal Magnetism and Somnambulism," price 5s. To be had at the Author's and of all Booksellers; in Paris, at Galignani's.

SECOND-HAND BOOKS.—Now ready, post free on receipt of two stamps, DAWSON'S CITY of LONDON BOOK CHROULDER for APRIL: containing 4,000 Volumes of Standard Second-hand Books in all Classes of Literature, including Works on Astrology, Bibliography, Chana, Faceliae, Maran History, Topography, Car.—Willing to the Drama, Faceliae, Maran History, Topography, Car.—Willing to the Soxs, 74, Cannon-street, City, London, E.C. Established 1808.

CHOICE, RARE, and VALUABLE BOOKS.

Nohlemen and Gentlemen to their very extensive and beautiful COLLECTION of BOOKS in all Departments of Literature. Amongst the valuable Assemblage will be found:—Books of Prints and Picture Galleries—County and Family History—the Works of Dibdin and Bewick, in the finest state, on large paper—Himminsted Manuscripts, Missals, Hore—Books printed on Faceties, Drama—Books of Rare Cocurrence, &c. &c.

A Catalogue of a Portion of the Stock sent, by post, on receipt of a stamp.

of a stamp.

UPHAM & BEET, 46, New Bond-street, London
Libraries or small Collections of Books purchas

UNIVERSAL CIRCULATING MUSICAL THE CALIBRARY is the largest Musical Library in England.
The Catalogue contains upwards of 50,000 distinct Works, systematically classified, and gives to Subscribers an unlimited power of selection. Annual Subscription, Two Guineas, which also entitles Subscribers to One Guinea's Worth of Music as their Property. Prospectus on application.—London: Accesses & Co. (late Scheurmann), 68, Newgate-street, E.C., and 4A, Tottenham-court-road, W.

ITERARY .- A HALF-SHARE in a wellrequired about 5000.—Address Delta, care of Messrs. Kerby & Co. News Agents, 5, Great Ryder-street, St. James's.

THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS, from the commencement, 1843 to 1857 inclusive, 31 vols. folio, half-bound and cloth, price 104.—The Quarterly Review, 1899 to 1853 inclusive, 102 vols. half-bound, and a numbers, very clean set, 104.—also W. Brown's Catalogue of Voyages and Travels, and Works relating to Missionary Enterprise, with prices affixed, may be had on application.—W. Brown, 130, 131 and 132, Old-street, 84. Luke's.

MICROSCOPIC OBJECTS—DIATOMACEÆ, AND OTHER INTERESTING SPECIMENS.

MR. SAMUEL STEVENS, Natural Histor MA Agent, 24, Bloomsbury-street, London, has ON SALE Objects neatly mounted for MICROSCOPIC EXAMINA-TION. The price is 10s. od, per dozen, packed in racked boxes, containing one or two dozen. Printed Lists sent on application as above. Post-office Orders to be made payable at the Blooms-

THOMAS & CO.'S WHOLESALE MANU-THAN OF THE AND THE PART OF TH

QUEEN'S GATE, HYDE PARK.—To BE LET OF TO BE SOLD, MANSIONS and RESIDENCES for NOBLEMEN and GENTLEMEN, replete with every modern impovement. The House for the Royal Commissioner formation of Commission

THE AQUARIUM,—LLOYD'S DESCRIP-TIVE LIST, 128 Pages, and 89 Cuts, for 14 stamps.—Apply rect to W. Alford Lloyd, Portland-road, London, W.

GEOLOGY, MINERALOGY, and CONCHO-LOGY—R. MINNEMALOUY, Billi CONVOITED LOGY—Elementary Collections, to facilitate the study of these interesting branches of Science, can be had at 2, 5, 19, 20, 50, to 100 guiness, also single specimens of Mineralia, Rocks, Fossila, and recent Shells, Geological Mays, Hammers, all the recent Publications, &c., of J. TENNAMY, Mineralocis to the Twingers, and Two and Mays, Therman and the Cology and Mineralogy, by Mr. Tennant, at 16, Strangers

BANK OF DEPOSIT,

S, PALL MALL EAST, LONDON.

Parties desirous of Investive Moser are required to examine the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are required to examine the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are required to examine the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are repeated to examine the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are repeated to examine the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are repeated to examine the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are repeated to the Plan of True Bark Than Moser are r

Deposits Innut vy approximation for incise,
The Interest is payable in January and July.
The Interest is payable in January and July.
Forms for opening Accounts sent free on application.

MONUMENTAL BRASSES and TABLETS,
Ecclesiastical, corporate, Official, and Private Seals, Dies,
Stamps, and Diploma Plates, in Mediseval and Modern Syles;
Arms sought for; Sketch, 26.64, in colour, 5s., painted-on vellum,
21a, Crests on Seals or Rings, 8s. Monograms and Heraldic Designs exceeded in correct siyle. Solid gold, 16 carat, Hall-marked,
signs exceeded in correct siyle. Solid gold, 16 carat, Hall-marked,
and Crest-die, one guinea. Hustrated price list, post free.—T.
MORING, Engraver and Heraldic Artist (who has received the
gold medal for Engraving), 44, High Holborn, W.C.

LAKE WINDERMERE HYDROPATHIC

Proprietor-E. L. HUDSON, M.R.C.S uses may be had on application to Dr. Hudson, Win-

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.—The LONDON SCHOOL of PHOTOGRAPHY HAVE OPENED an addi-tional West-End Portrait Branch at THE PANTHEON, Oxford-street. First-Class Portraits (on paper) for Half-a-Crown, &c. will be supplied as usual.

THE LONDON SCHOOL of PHOTOGRA-PHY respectfully solicit public attention to the following

1. INSTRUCTION IN PHOTOGRAPHY given daily, at

58. per Lesson.

2. THE BEST APPARATUS to be had in 51., 101., and 201. Sets.

3. FIRST-CLASS PORTRAITS (on paper) for Half-a-

4. COLOURED MINIATURES, in a Case, for Half-a-

5. PORTRAITS and FAMILY PICTURES copied for 5a.

COMPETENT PHOTOGRAPHERS sent out for the day on moderate terms.

7. STEREOSCOPIC PORTRAITS for 5s.
8. LARGE DRAWING-ROOM PORTRAITS from 10s. 6d. each. 9. SIX PORTRAITS supplied for 10s. 6d,

10. VIGNETTED PORTRAITS for 3s. 6d.

ADDRESSES. ADJAESSAS.
78, Newgato-street.
174, (the Centre of) Regent-street.
The Pantheon, Oxford-street.
Myddelton Hall, Islington.
1, Market-place, Manchester.
46, Church-street, Liverpool.

LONG'S DRY PROCESS FOR TOURISTS. Third Edition, just published, price 1s.; per post, 1s. 1d.

THE DRY COLLODION PROCESS. By
CHARLES A. LONG. This process is simple, clean, and
certain, and the resulting pictures possess the exquisite delicacy
of the Albumen, the brilliancy of the Wet Collodion, and the finethe control of the Control of the Control of the Majesty, 183, Fleet-street, London.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—REDUCED PRICE LIST and ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of PHOTO-GRAPHIC APPARATUS, CHEMICALS, and LENSES, sent post free on application. "Worthy the attention of annateurs." Bland & Long, Photographic Instrument Makers to Her Majesty, 183, Fleet-streek, London.

HERING'S PHOTOGRAPHIC

HERING'S PHOTOGRAPHIC

ESTABLISHMENT, 137, REGENT-STREET.—Portraitstaken on quite a new and improved principle, whereby a permanent, true, and pleasing Likeness is insured; also tinted or
coloured in the highest style of Miniature Painting by the best
From its long-existing artistic pre-eminence, this Establishment
offers unique advantages to the Nobility and Gentry who are
desirous of having Portraits taken, or Oil or Water-colourPaintings and Drawings copied. A great variety of Photographic
Specimens of Copies from Thorburn, Ross, Richmond, Eddis, Sir
Thomas Lawrence, and others, may be seen at his Gallery, 137,
Regent-street.

BOOKBINDING.—BOOKBINDING executed in the MONASTIC, RENAISSANCE, GROLIER, and LILLUMINATED,—in every style of superior finish, by English and Foreign workmen.—JOSEPH ZAEHNBOOK, English and Foreign Bookbinder, 30, Brydges-street, Covent-garden, W.C.

WHAT WILL THIS COST TO PRINT?

is a thought often courring to literary minds public characters, and persons of benevotent intentions. An immediate answer to the inquiry may be obtained, on application to RICHARD BARRETT, 3, Mark-lane, Loudon. R. B. is enabled to execute every description of Printing on very advantageous terms, his Office being furnished with a large and choice assortment of Types, Steam-Printing Machines, Hydraulic and other Presses, and every modern improvement in the Presses, and overy modern improvement in the Presses, and overy modern improvement in the Presses, see the control of the Presses, and the Press RICHARD BARRETT, 13, MARK-LANE, LONDON.

BEAUTIFUL PRINTING AT MODERATE PRICES. PINNS & GOODWIN, Printers and Publishers, BATH, bet to offer their services to PRINT and PUBLISH for AUTHORS desirous of the great advantages of beauty of exe-cution.

"The book is elegantly printed."—St. James's Chronicle.
"The book is elegantly printed."—St. James's Chronicle.
"The most brilliant and clear pictural representations."
Morning Advertises.
"In coloural are confignities in Art.

"They [engravings printed in colours] are curiostites in At The title-page alone is a gem of decorative printing." "Can scarcely be rivalled."- Worcester Herald.

"Can searcely be rivalled."—Worcester Heraid.

BINNS & GOODWIN'S GETTING-UP OF BOOKS.

"The beauty of the typography, and the elegance of the binding."—Brid. Controver.

"All the publications are of a very superior character."

"The whole appearance of the book most attractive."

"The beauty of the paper, type and general execution."

Bradford Obs.

"Exquisite style.... brought out with so much taste."

"Exquisite style....brought out with so much taste."

Belfast News.

AUTHORS' LETTERS TO BINNS & GOODWIN.

AUTHORS' LETTERS TO BINNS & GOODWIN.

"Honourable dealing have characterised all your transactions."

Let me thank out for the smallness of your charge."

"Accept my heat thanks for your valuable suggestions."

"In point of execution, and in every other respect, I have found nothing to desire."

"You have done your part, and done it well."

"You have surpassed my expectations."

BINNS & GOOWN'N beg to observe to Authors, that they in some cases purchase portions of the editions of works confided to them for publication.

59

TC

Vin-ON

ddi-

l be

By icacy e fine Her

CE oTo-sent rs." Her

IC

d in

and nglish reign

TT?

n to

POPE

iser. a Art.

ost.

bind-

Mag. Ohe.

eus.

ions." 11.º found

some them

LITERARY SOCIETIES or PUBLIC IN-STITUTIONS.—Suites of lofty and spacious ROOMS, with numerous conveniences, in a most eligible and central situation at the West End, TO BE LET, as Offices for Literary Societies or Public Institutions. A noble, very 107s, and elegant Room, expecting, for occasional Soirées, Conversationi, Ac.—Aprly to Resers, Putrick & Simpson, 47, Leicester-square, W.C.

WOOD-ENGRAVING.-MR. GILKS v respectfully announces that he continues to execute branch of the Art in the best style, and at most reasonable reasonable and PRINTED.—London, 21, ESSEX-STREET, STRAND,

SHELLS.—Mr. R. DAMON, of Weymouth, supplies single Specimens of the following, and other names collections: 1,000 species (3,000 thelis), 50.; Land and F. W. Shells of Europe, 400 sp.; Marine Shells of the Mediterranean and Adriatio Sea, 250 sp.; Ditto, Northern and Arctic Seas, 100 sp.; Land and F. W. Shells of Jamaica, 250 sp.; and numerous other Geographical sets, with a large Miscellaneous Collection from all parts of the world; 130 species of the genus Achatinella, GENERA to illustrate 'Woodward's Manual, &c.

ELEMENTARY COLLECTION of 100 Genera (200 shells), 308. Labels for Foreign Shells, 22. per 1,000 names. Cards of Genera of Recent Shells for arranging Collections. BRITISH SHELLS,

named from the 'British Mollusa' of Forbes and Hanley, 100 sp. (300 shells), 52c, 6d.; 200 ditto, 6 gs.; 300 ditto, 12 gs.; 400 ditto, 25k. (301 shells), 52c, 6d.; 200 ditto, 6 gs.; 300 ditto, 12 gs.; 400 ditto, 25k. (301 shells), 52c.; 300 ditto, 12 gs.; 400 ditto, 25k. (301 chapter), 52c.; 50c.; 5

PARTNERSHIP.—A PRINTER in the City JAKINERSHIF.—A PRINTER in the Ordy is desirous of obtaining a PARTY, practical or otherwise, to take the Half-Share in the Business. The returns are satisfac-tory. About 500. required. Apply to Mr. Page, Partnership Agent, 38, Coleman-street, Bank, E.C.

PARTNERSHIP.—A STATIONER and BOOKSELLER, of 15 years' standing, having commodious Premises at the West-End, would be willing to admit an ACTIVE MAN to a Half-Share. About 650, required.—Apply to Mr. Paoz, Trade Valuer and Auditoneer, 38, Coleman-atreet, Bank, E. C.

PARTNERSHIP.—A BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, west of Temple Bar, having attractive Premises in a first-class situation, would admit a PERSON, practical or otherwise, for the Half-Share. From 500 to 500, required.—Apply to Mr. Paoz, Valuer and Auctioneer, 33, Coleman-street, Bank, E.C.

PARTNERSHIP.—A BOOKSELLER, NEWS-AGENT, LIBRABRIAN, and STATIONER, in a fablionable fown, having arapidly increasing connection, requires a PARTNER, with 600.—Apply to Mr. Page, Auctioneer and Valuer, 38, Coleman-street, Bank, E.C.

PARTNERSHIP.—A BOOKSELLER in the City, returning many thousands per annum, is willing to accept the services of an ACTIVE MAN, with 2,604—Apply to Mr. Paor., Partnership Agent, 38, Coleman-street, Bank, E.C.

PARTNERSHIP.—A LITHOGRAPHIC PRINTER, established many years, with a thriving business, would be willing to accept the services of an ACTIVE MAN practical or otherwise, with 600!—Apply to Mr. Paus, Partner Ship Agent, 38, Coleman-street, Bank, E.C.

NOTICE.—J. A. BRODHEAD & Co.,
AUCTIONEERS and GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHAN'S; a pecifully soliet CONSIGNMEN'S N. N. N.
STATES, respectfully soliet CONSIGNMEN'S of Books, Enstraining, and objects of Art and Virth generally.
They pay especial attention to the Sale of such Consignments, and
insure for their English friends good prices. Libertal advances
(when desired), and prompt returns in all cases. References: Hon.
R. B. Campbell, United States Consul, Messrx. Willia & Sotheran,
London; His Excellency, N. P. Banks, Boston; Butler, Keith &
Co. Boston.
P. A. BRODHEAD & CO. Reston. United States

F. A. BRODHEAD & CO. Boston, United States.

TEONARD & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
respectfully solicit Consignments, especially of Literary Property;
and trust, that an experience of twenty years, strict personal
attention, and ample means, will insure satisfactory and prompt
returns. They have the house of & Co., Ludgate-bill, London,
Messrs.
That have Be Maners, India-buildings, Liverpool.
LITELE, BROWN & Co., J. Boston, U.S.

PHILLIPS, SAMPSON & Co., J. LEONARD & CO.

LEONARD & CO.

Sales by Auction

Valuable Assemblage of Books, in all Classes of Literature MESSRS. S. LEIGH SOTHEBY & JOHN MESSRS, S. LEIGH SOTHEBY & JOHN
WILKINSON, Auctioneers of Literary Property and
Works illustrative of the Fine Arts, will SELL by AUCTION,
at their House, s. Wellington-street, Strand, on WEDNESDAY,
at their House, s. Wellington-street,
the Theological, Historical, Classical, and Missellencous IntBRARY of a GENTILEMAN; comprising Capital Books in the
various Departments of Literature—also, the Select Library of a
Connoisecur, leaving his Town Residence, containing fine copies
of the Works of the English Poets and Dramatists, and of other
popular Authors—nhe Galleries and other Books of Prints—some
other Works of Trairity, by Edward Offbr.—Life of the late Edmund
Kean, profusely illustrated with Portraits, Scenic Prints, Original
Letters, Scrapp, Play Bills, &c.—Rare and Curious Tracts, Topographical Illustrations—Manuscripts illustrative of County History—two convenient and capital Books and
May be viewed two days previous, and Catalogues had.

The Northwist Caphant of Coins and Medals.

The Northwick Cabinet of Coins and Medals.

MESSRS. S. LEIGH SOTHEBY & JOHN WESSERS. S. LEIGH SOTHEBY & JOHN
WIKINSON, Auctioneers of Literary Property and
Works connected with the Fine Arts, have the honour of announcing that the very celebrated and most important COLLECTION of GREEK and ROMAN COINS, formed by the late
Right Hon. the LORD NORTHWICK, is intrusted to their care
for SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, and that the first part of the
Collection will be sold by them at their House, Wellington-street,
Skrand, during the month of AUGUST next. This Collection is
so well known in every capital of Europe as to render it unnecesso well known in every capital of Europe as to render it unneces
and rarity of its contents of the content upon the value
and rarity of its contents. It is sufficient for notice that the Cataloque will be issued as long before the Sale as to be obtainable in
all parts of Europe. The Collection of Ancient Pictures of the late Mr. Löhr,

Banker, of Leipzig.

MR. RUDOLPH WEIGEL, Leipzig, will

SELL by AUCTION, May 30, and following days, the fine

COLLECTION of PICTURES of the late Banker LOEHR,
comprising, among many others, pictures by the following Masters:

—N. Berghem, L. Cardi, G. Dow, K. du Jardin, C. van Falens,
A. Graff, Ch. is Brun, J. Lingelbach, A. van der Neer, C. Peelemburx, P. Potter, S. Rosa, J. Steen, D. Teniers, Ph. Wouverman,
J. Wynaus, gue raisonné may be had of Messra. Williams &

Norgate, Henrietta-street, Covent-garden, London.

Literary Sale Rooms.

31, ANGLESEASTREET, DUBLIN.

LEWIS begs to announce that he will SEIL by AUCTION, the valuable and fine LAW LIBRARY of the late Hon. JUDGE MARTLEY, in these Rooms, on MONDAY, April 1, and following days—also, his parnustion, under Collection of Miscellaneous Literature, in continuation.

uation.

Catalogues of the former will be issued about the 8th inst.

H. Lewis, Auctioneer of Literary Property.

The Theological Library of the late Rev. R. PHILIP;
Miscellaneous Books, &c.

Ms. HODGSON will SELL by AUCTION,
at his New Rooms, the corner of Fleet-street and Chancery.
Lines, at the LIBRARY of the late Rev. ROBERT PHILIP;
at the LIBRARY of the late Rev. ROBERT PHILIP, of
Maberly Chaple, Kingsland; comprising an interesting Collection
of Works in Divinity, by eminent English Divines, Controversial
Tracts, Sermons, &c.—also, a Collection of Miscellaneous Books,
Classics, Modern French Literature, Standard Works, &c.
Stamps, Served, and Catalogues forwarded on receipt of two
stamps.

To be viewed, and Catalogues forwarded on receipt of two stamps.

Popular Standard Books, in handsome bindings, and an extraordinary Collection of Play Bills.

SOUTHGATE & BARRETT will SELL by AUCTION, at their Rooms, 22, Fleet-street, on WEDNESDAY, April 6, and two following days, a Valuable COLLECTION of BOOKS, including a great variety of Modern Publications, in russis, calf, and morocoo bindings, amongst which are Roberts's Holy Land, Syria, &c., the large and complete work, in morocoossida, Constantinople, coloured and mounted — Glebou's Preservative against Popery, 3 vols. calf—Gems of Art, morocoossida, Constantinople, coloured and mounted — Glebou's Preservative against Popery, 3 vols. calf—Gems of Art, morocoossida, Constantinople, coloured and mounted — Glebou's Preservative against Popery, 3 vols. calf—Gems of Art, morocoossida, Constantinople, coloured and mounted — Glebou's Preservative against Popery, 3 vols. calf—Gems of Art, morocooperies—Westwood's Faleographia Saras, morocoo—DUNy and Norolk, 11 vols. calf glils—Bell's Edition of the Works of the British Potes, 134 vols. calf — Knight's Pictorial Shakapper, original edition, 8 vols. half russis—British Cals Review, to Bess—Longman's Travellers' Library, 8 vols. Calf—Knight's National Cyclopedia, 13 vols. calf—Mansard's Parliamentary Debates, 40 vols.—Lodge's Portraits, 5 vols. morocoo—Bickens's Collected Works, 9 vols. calf—Hansard's Parliamentary Debates, 40 vols.—Lodge's Portraits, 5 vols. morocoo—Bickens's Collected Works, 9 vols. calf—Miscalel's Introduction, by Marsh, 6 vols. large paper, calf—Johnson's Works, 13 vols. calf—Moroco Narro, 10 vols. calf—Valpy's Shakespeare, 10 vols. calf—Moroco Narro, 10 vols. calf—Valpy's Shakespeare, 10 vols. calf—Moroco Narro, 10 vols.

Valuy's Shakespeare, lo vois, cait—James's Javal History, o vois. caif, &c. &c.

Valuable Library.—Three Days' Sale.

MESSRS. PUTTICK & SIMPSON, Auctioneers of Literary Property, will SELL by AUCTION, at their new and very spacious Premises, 47, Letcester-square, W.C. (formerly the Western Literary Institution), on MONDAY, April 4, and two following days, a COLLECTION of CURIOUS and INTERESTING BOOKS, the Library of an Amateur, comprings there I had mentioned by Bibliography and Curious Tracts—Theology, History, Biography, Voyages, Classics, Toography, Bibliography, Shakspeariana—including Piranest, Vedute di Roma, fine original impressions, 3 vois. half rossis—Wikenny and Hall's Indian Tribes of North America, subscriped of the Control of Contr

Catalogues on receipt of two stamps.

Collection of Costly Philosophical Instruments.

MESSRS. PUTTICK & SIMPSON, Auctioners of Literary Property, will SELL by UCTION, at the control of the control of

Egyptian Antiquitier, Cabinet of Coine, &c.

ESSRS, PUTTICK & SIMPSON, Auctioneers of Literary Property, will SELL by AUCTION, a their new and very spacious Premises, &c. Leiesster-square, a their new and very spacious Premises, &c. Leiesster-square, April 12, a very Interesting COLLECTION of EGYPTIAN ANTIQUITIES, comprising upwards of Sixty Sculptured Sepulchral Tablets, many with rare and some unique representations—Human Mummies, finely preserved—Mummied Cates—Fornzee-Necklaces—Scarabaci—Canopic Vance—Vitrous Ware, &c., also comprising examples of Greek, Roman, Saxon, and other types.

Catalogues on receipt of two stamps.

Catalogues on receipt of two stamps.

Paluable Music, Stock of Twenty Modern Planofortes, elegantly finished, and other Musical Instruments.

MESSRS. PUTTICK & SIMPSON, Aucticity of the Planofortes of Literary Property, will SELL by AUCTION, at their new and very spacious Premises, 47, Letoester-square, W.C. Aprill 5s, a Large COLLECTION of MISCELLANEOUS MUSIC Theoretical and other Works—Scores of Operas and Oratorios—Modern Publications—Sacred Music, including Latrobe's Collection, 470ks, &c.; also, Musical Instruments of various kinds, and misceld, in Valunta-wood, Koewood, and Mabogany.

Catalogues will be forwarded on receipt of two stamps.

Select Collection of Autograph Letters

Scleet Collection of Autograph Letters.

MESSRS, PUTTIOK & SIMPSON, Auctioners of Literary Property, will SELL by AUCTION, at the tioners of Literary Property, will SELL by AUCTION, at the Literary Lit

EDINBURGH REVIEW, No. CCXXII.—
ADVERTISEMENTS intended for insertion are requested to be forwarded to the Publishers immediately. ADVERTISE.
MENTS and BILLS cannot be received later than Friday next.
London: Longman and Co. 39, Paternosterrow.

THE QUARTERLY REVIEW, No. CCX.— ADVERTISEMENTS for the forthcoming Number must be forwarded to the Publisher by the flud of April, and BILLS for insertion by the 4th. 50, Albemafiestreet, London, March 19, 1859.

PHOTOGRAPHIC JOURNAL.—ADVERTISE-MEN'IS for the next Number should be sent to the Pub-lishers on or before the 7th of April. TATION & FRANCIS, Red Liou-court, Fleet-street, London.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS.—The result of an behalf of Mesers Bradbury & Evans, having been an undertaking on the part of Mr. CHARLES DICKNES to alter the statement put forth by himself in reference to Household Words, Mesers, Bradbury & Evans having been an undertaking on the Evans have consumer that the statement put forth by himself in reference to Household Words, Mesers, Bradbury & Evans havetoannounce that it is only Mr. DICKENS'S editorial connexion with that work that is about to cease.

March 26, 1859. March 26, 1859.

OFFICE of 'ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

OFFICE of 'ALL THE YEAR ROUND.'

ROLLS COURT.

March 89, 1839.

On Saturday the Master of the Rolls delivered his judgment as follows: "The property in a literary work is, I believe, confined to the mere title, and the title to this work is Household Words, part of the partnership sates, and that may be sold, such as it is, provided it has any existence. Now, I think, as I stated to Mr. Selwyn and to Mr. Hobhones, that putting in the words "by me, or "by the editor," or "by the authors, which is another carries fourth line of the Address, and "by him," or "by the editor," or "by the editor," after the word "discontinued" in the last line of the Address, would make the matter free from all cavil. Mr. Palmer presses on me very strongly that Mr. Dickens has no power to put at man that it is not considered entirely and solely associated with his name, and that it point of fact the name, Household Words, would be literally worth nothing as soon as it is perfectly well known the results shall happen; but I am astisted the statement that he has nothing more to do with it is properly represented by saying "it is discontinued by me," and that that does not impart the fact that it is discontinued absolutely and positively, because it merely that discontinued absolutely and positively, because it merely has discontinued, and I think that is all that the plaintiff is entitled to require. Accordingly, upon Mr. Dickens undertaking, in the future advertisements to be published, to put those words in, or equivalent words, I will make no order at all upon this meth partnership property comes to be disposed of.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW.

THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW. NEW SERIES.

No. XXX. APRIL, 1859. Price 6s.

Contenta.

1. YORKSHIRE.

2. THE MORALS OF TRADE.
3. WEIMAR AND ITS CELEBRITIES.

4. THE DRAMA IN PARIS. THE ITALIAN QUESTION.

6, ADAM BEDE.

7. DE LAMENNAIS, HIS LIFE AND WRITINGS, 8. ENGLAND'S POLITICAL POSITION IN EUROPE.

CONTEMPORARY LITERATURE:—1. Theology and Philosophy.—2.
Politics, Sociology, Voyages and Travels.—3. Ecience.—4.
History and Biography.—5. Belles Lettres and Art. London: John Chapman, 8, King William-street, Strand.

QUARTERLY REVIEW,

DEBATE UPON REFORM BILL. AUSTRO-ITALIAN QUESTION.

WEEDON INQUIRY. MASSON'S LIFE OF MILTON.

WILKINSON ON COLOUR. INDIAN SKETCHES. DOUGLAS JERROLD.

AND ALL THE NEW BOOKS OF THE QUARTER. London: Robert Hardwicke, 192, Piccadilly.

DRACTICAL MECHANIC'S JOURNAL,
Part 183, for APRIL, 1859, price la being Part I of Vol.
XL contains a large and highly-finished Copper-plate Engraving of Cooke's Gassing Machine for Slingeing Fabries, and 46 Engravings on Wood-also Original Articles on Tennant's Quartz Stamper—Inventions in America—Architecture—History of the Swing Machine, No. 13—Law Reports of Patent Cases: Thomas r. Baker, Thomas v. Fowell, Brook v. Aston re Spenced's Patent, Baker, Thomas v. Fowell, Brook v. Aston re Spenced's Patent, Machine, No. 13—Law Reports of Patent Cases: Thomas r. Baker, Thomas v. Fowell, Brook v. Aston re Spenced's Patent, Machine, V. Martine, Machine, Machine—Giffard, Feeding Boilers—Johnson, Leather Cloth—Meiklejon, Boilers—Stevens, Lanterna—Pelosse, Curtain Rods—Honeyman, Propelling—Parker, Fortmanteaus—Reviews of Recent Mechanical Books—Currepondero—Brechtender Monthly Notes—M'Gavin's Roofing Plates—Wilkinson's Pump Valves—Baudoun's Feed Apparatus for Boilers—List of Patents and Designs, &c. &c.
London: Longmans, Paternoster-row ; Editor's Offices (Offices for Patents), 47, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.O.

A Cruise in Japanese Waters.—Part IV.
The Luck of Ladysmode.—Part II.
A Winter Journey.
The Turks in Kalafat, 1884.—Part II.
Christiantly in India.
A Dissolving View of Monsy and the Franchise.
Adam Bede.
The Cry for Reform.
The New Reform Bill.

William Blackwood & Sons, Edinburgh and London.

This day is published, price 2s. THE JOURNAL OF THE INSTITUTE OF ACTUARIES, AND ASSUBANCE MAGAZINE.

No. XXXV., for APRIL.

Contents.

Mr. FARREN-On the Important of Life Contingency Calordation. (Part II.) The System of Dependent Bisks.
Mr. Dr. On the Determination of the Rates of Premium for
Mr. MILLER-On Fire Assurance: "Specific" and "Average"
Mr. OHRINTIE-On the Settlement of Losses by Fire under
Specific and Average Politics. Sparate and Combined.
Mr. SAMUEL BRUWN-On the Plan, Objects, and Fogura of
mal System of Measures, Weights, and Coins.
Correspondence.

Correspondence. Institute of Actuaries, &c. &c.

London: Charles & Edwin Layton, 150, Fleet-street.

ECLECTIC, for APRIL, THE

HEEULLE VALUE VALU

LONDON UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE.
No. I. for APRIL, 1859, price 1s., is now ready.

Contents.

GENERAL ARTICLES:
— Introductory Address.
Herodotus.
Yeomany of England.
Lucubrations on Lunches.

CORRESPONDENCE and DISCUSSION:— Professor Key on the University Examinations, The Andrews' Scholarships.

UNIVERSITY INTELLIGENCE :-Parliamentary Represent University Building. Convocation. Provincial Examinations

London: Walton & Maberly, 28, Upper Gower-street, and 97, Ivy-lane, Paternoster-row.

THE CHURCH MISSIONARY INTEL-

The Opium Question. (Illustrated.)
 Missionary Labours in Sindh. (Illustrated.)
 The Tinnevelly Riots.

Seeleys; Hatchards; Nisbets.

TITAN, for APRIL, 1859. No. CLXIX.

A STRANGE LIFE.

THORNDALE.

GETTING ON. BY THE AUTHOR OF 'BEHIND THE SCENES IN PARIS.'--Chapter IX. Something which makes William Jones rub his knee with a Vengesnee-Chapter X. Mr. Crispin does his Duty.--Chapter XI. Inside one of our 'N

HANDSOME PÉCOPIN: AN APRIL LEGEND. BY VICTOR

HUGO. THE SUNSET OF LIFE.

MARRIAGE UNDER DIFFICULTIES. ART AND SCIENCE ABROAD.

DRAWING-ROOM TROUBLES .- Moody Settled.

The East Truth about Oudh—The Author takes the Reader into his Confidence—Pipes and Whips—The Aus-tralian Boy—The Australian Giri—Indian Eloquence Ball Playing amous the Chockays—Comanche Ethics— Catching the Wild Horse—Doctor Heraud profess Advice to Alfred.

London : James Hogg & Sons, St. Bride's Avenue, Fleet-street,

PRASER'S MAGAZINE for APRIL, 1859, 2s. 6d., contains

2. 6d., contains—

Sword and Gown. By the Author of 'duy Livingstone.' Part I. Concerning Two Blisters of Humanity: Being Thoughts on Petty Malignity and Petty Trickery.

Holmby House: a Tale of Old Northamptonshire. By G. J. Whyte Melville, Author of 'Digby Grand,' Part IV.

Whyte Melville, Author of 'Digby Grand,' Part IV.

Professional Sectarianism. By Shirley.

Professional Sectarianism. By Shirley.

Russian Dinners.

Excursions in the Eastern Pyrences.

William John Broderin.—In Memoriam.

Recent Writters on McGron.

FRASER'S MAGAZINE FOR MAY,

A REVIEW of MR. JOHN STUART MILL'S ESSAY 'ON LIBERTY,'

By HENRY THOMAS BUCKLE Also the FIRST of a SERIES of PAPERS ON THE SPANISH DRAMA. By JOHN R. CHORLEY. London : John W. Parker & Son, West Strand.

Moore's CAUTION IRISH MELODIES. M. Editions of Moore's Irish Medicies having been amounced which might lead the public to believe that they contain the whole of the Medicies, Mesers. LONGMAN and Co. have to state that no editions are complete except those published by themselves, and (with the Music) by themselves and Mesers. Additions and Co. Of the 134 lyrics set to music which form the collection known as Moore's Irish Medicies, nearly one-half the copyright has not expired; and any infringement of the rights of the proprietors will be stopped by legal proceedings.

HERR WILHELM SCHULTHES' LAST

(7ARREN's HARMONIUM SELECTIONS. ARMEN'S HARMON'S UN SELLECTIONS,

Sacred and Secular. A New and Chesp Arrangement for
the Harmonium, Just published, No. 6, from the 'Stabat Mater';
No. 7, from Luiss Miller'; No. 6, from Mozart's Masses; No. 9,
No. 7, from Luiss Miller'; No. 6, from Mozart's Masses; No. 9,
Price Sz. each Number. Free by post.—Wheatstone & Co. Manufacturers and Importers of Harmoniums, 30, Conduit-street,
Regent-street, W.

Just published,

ONCERTINA MUSIC.—Favourite Airs from

Operas, by JOSEPH WARREN, for Concertina Solo. No.

10, Martha, No. 29, Machal. for Concertina Solo. No.

11, Martha, No. 20, Machal. for Concertina with Plano. No. 18, Martha; No. 20, Machal. for Prices de Societé, three Trios for three Concertinos two Trebies

Prices de Societé, three Trios for three Concertinos two Trebies

74. 6d., sent post free.—Wheatstone & Co. Inventors and Palentees
of the Concertina, 10, Conduit-street, Regent-street, W.

HANDEL COMMEMORATION.—Callcott's AN DEL COMMEMORATION.—Callcott's dand Messiah, Planoforte Solo, &; Duett, &; Callcott's Acia and Galactea (three Books), Planoforte Solos, &; Duett, &; Galacti's Acia and Galactea (three Books), Planoforte Solos, &; G. each; Duetts, &; each—Callcott's Haudel's favourite Marches, Minuets and Movements, Planoforte Solos, twelve numbers, 1c. each—Callcott's Seglect Airs from Handel's Oratorios (four Books), Planoforte Solo, &; Duett, Sa—Callcott's Secred Halthour with Handel, Planoforte Solo, &; Duett, Sa—Callcott's Handel and Arne's Music in Comus, Planoforte Solo, &; Gd.; Duett, 5a—Callcott's Handel and Arne's Music in Comus, Planoforte Solo, &; Gd.; Duett, 5a—Callcott's Handel and Arne's Music in Comus, Planoforte Solo, &; Gd.; Also Handel's Water Music, 1a, Corest Music, 1a, Firet okt Music, 2a, 6d.; Grand March, 1a; and The Life of Handel, by Victor Schelcher, Eng. (the best published), 9a.

C. Lonsdale's Musical Circulating Library, 26, Old Bond-street.
(Lists of Handel's Works on application.)

THE BRITISH QUARTERLY REVIEW. No. LVIII., price 6s., will be published April 1.

Contents.

Contents.

1. Cheap Literature.
2. Alison's History of Europe.
3. Physical Training.
4. Ellis's Madagascar.
5. Banaca's Bible.
6. The Punjaub and its Administration.
7. Bartholomey Fair.
9. Lady Morgan's Diary.
10. The Reform Question.
11. Our Epilogue on Affairs and Books.

London: Jackson & Walford, 18, St. Paul's Churchyard; and Simpkin, Marshall & Co., Stationers'-hall-court.

THE UNIVERSAL REVIEW for APRIL, price 2s. 6d, contains

Anglo-Romanna and Anglo-Saxon History. Christianity in India. Realistic Novelists: George Elliot and Anthony Trollope. Mill on Liberty.

Philosophy as an Element of Culture.
The Italian Question.

London: Wm. H. Allen & Co. 7, Leadenhall-street.

MAGAZINE FOR BOYS. Now ready, price 6d. containing 48 full and well-printed pages, with Illustrations, the Second Number of

KINGSTON'S MAGAZINE for BOYS: H. G. KINGSTON, Esq., Author of 'Peter the Whaler,' 'Old Jack,' & & & London: Bosworth & Harrison, 215, Regent-street.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY MAGAZINE

Tor APRIL, 2a. 6d.

The Season Ticket. No. 1.—An Evening at Cork.

A Friend Strict Str

Dublin: Alex. Thom & Sons. London: Hurst & Blackett. Sold by all Booksellers

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE for APRIL THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE for APRIL

(price 2s. od.) contains:—The Arms, Armour, and Military
Ussee on the Fourteenth Century—The Swyft Monument in
Rotes on the Fourteenth Century—The Swyft Monument in
Macaulay's Life of William Pitt—The Apocryphal Gospels—
Andrews History of British Journalism—Instructions giren by
Henry Prince of Wales, in 1613, respecting the North-West Passage—Unpublished Letter of Sir Isaan Newton—Antiquarian
Intelligence—Reviews and Notices of Books—The Common Law
of Kent—British, Marriages, and Peaths, with criginal Memoirs
of 2n. Pascock, Loan of Isly, T. K. Herrey, Esq., Charles Phillips,
Edq., and of London Swy Macad. Jr. Peacock, 1984 ,, and others. London, 877, Strand : J. H. & J. Parker.

ALBEMARLE-STREET. April 2, 1859.

MR. MURRAY'S

LIST OF NEW WORKS.

PORTRAIT of a CHRISTIAN GEN-TLEMAN: a Memoir of PATRICK FRASER TYTLER, the Historian of Scotland. By Rev. J. W. BURGON, M.A. Crown Syc.

The UNITY of EVANGELICAL and APOSTOLICAL TEACHING. SERMONS preached for the most part in Canterbury Cathedral. By REV. A. P. STANLEY, D.D., Canno of Christ Church. Post Sro. 7a 6d,

The CORNWALLIS PAPERS and CORRESPONDENCE relating chiefly to India, America, and Ireland, Amiens, &c. Edited by CHARLES ROSS. Portrait.

ITALY: Remarks made in several VISITS from the Year 1816 to 1854. By LORD BROUGHTON. 2 vols. post 8vo. 18s.

THREE VISITS to MADAGASCAR during 1853-56. With Notices of the People, Natural History, &c. By REV, W. ELLIS. 4th Thousand. Illustrations. 8vo. 16s.

SHAKSPEARE's LEGAL ACQUIRE-MENTS CONSIDERED. By LORD CAMPBELL. 8vo. 5a.6d.

The ITALIAN VALLEYS of the ALPS: a TOUR through all the Romantic and less-frequented "Vals" of Northern Piedmont. By REV. S. W. KING. Illustrations. Crown 8vo. 18s.

ON NAVAL WARFARE with STEAM, By GEN. SIR HOWARD DOUGLAS, Woodcuts

HANDBOOK FOR INDIA.—Madras and BOMBAY. Intended for the Use of Travellers, Officers, and Civilians. By E. B. EASTWICK. Maps. 2 vols. post 8vo. 24s.

A PLEA for the CONSTITUTION. By JOHN AUSTIN, Esq., formerly Professor of Jurisprudence at the London University. Third Edition, 8vo. 1s.

SILURIA: The History of the Oldest FOSSILIPEROUS ROCKS and their FOUNDATIONS. By SIR R. MURCHISON, F.R.S. Third Edition, revised and en-larged. Illustrations. 870. 429.

LITERARY REMAINS OF REV. RICHARD JONES, late Professor of Haileybury College. With a Prefatory Notice. By REV. W. WHEWELL, D.D. Portrait. 8vo. 14s.

A SKETCH of the HISTORY of PAINTING, from the Earliest Ages to the Present Time. By RALPH N. WORNUM. Revised Edition, Woodcuts. Post

MR. CROKER'S REVISED EDI-TION of BOSWELL'S JOHNSON. To be completed in Ten Monthly Parts. Portraits. Parts I and II. Svo. 12. each.

LORD BYRON'S COMPLETE WORKS. To be completed in Nine Monthly Parts. Illustra-tions. Parts I. to III. 8vo. 1a. each.

JUST READY.

LIFE of SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS. With Notices of Hogarth, Wilson, Gainsborough, and other Artists, his Contemporaries. By C. R. LESLIE, R.A. Illus-trated. Fcap. 4to.

The EPISTLES of ST. PAUL to the THESSALONIANS, GALATIANS, and ROMANS. With Critical Notes and Dissertations. By Rev. B. JOWETT, M.A. Second Edition. 2 vols. 8vo.

A MANUAL of SCIENTIFIC EN-QUIRY, prepared for the Use of Officers on Foreign Service. Edited by SIR J. F. HERSCHEL. A New and Revised Edi-tion. Superintended by REV. ROBERT MAIN, M.A.

JOHN MURBAY, Albemarle-street.

AH

Nº 16

incorpo cent w

With

This ledged of End UPPER guage l supplie and Sa written very m been m

> LAPE THO PALO KEM TUR LING MAR

THE ! the com venienc likely t tables.

carefull tional n a litera portant treated the peri THE S

ray's ex an abri rections down to THE ! intende judicion to cond

clearne THE S form an some of part, es written There is 9

nd

ON.

R

ted

N.

est

T.

Ten

YE

HISTORICAL CLASS BOOKS

ADVANCED SCHOLARS.

** These Volumes are bound uniformly in BLACK CLOTH, WITH RED EDGES, to distinguish them from other School Histories.

THE

STUDENT'S HUME:

A History of England, from the Invasion of Julius Cæsar:

Based for the most part on Hume's HISTORY; incorporating the corrections and researches of recent writers, and continued to the PRESENT TIME.

4th Thousand.

With Woodcuts, post 8vo. 7s. 6d., black cloth, red edges.

This Work is designed to supply a long-acknow-ledged want in our School Literature—a HISTORY OF ENGLAND in a volume of moderate size, for the UPPER AND MIDDLE FORMS. While Hume's lan-UPPER AND MIDDLE FORMS. While riumes san-guage has been retained, as far as was practicable, his errors have been corrected, and his deficiencies supplied. The first book, embracing the Roman and Saxon periods, has been almost entirely rewritten. In the remaining portion of the work, very many important corrections and additions have been made from—

LAPPENBERG.	HALLAM.	GAILLARD.
THORPE.	BRODIE.	STRYPE.
PAULI.	MACAULAY.	FIDDES.
PALGRAVE.	FROUDE.	HEYLIN.
KEMBLE.	FORSTER.	HARRIS.
TURNER.	CARLYLE,	NEAL.
WORSAAE.	STANLEY.	CARTE.
LINGARD.	STATE PAPERS.	STATE TRIALS.
MARTIN.	BANKE.	ETC. ETC.

THE STUDERT'S HUME.—"Taking Hume as the centre, the compiler collects the tributary discoveries of the most famous annotators, and gives us a volume, which for convanience, cheapness, and compendiousness we are not likely to see surpassed. The volume is lavishly adorned with illustrations, instructive notes and chronological tables. The book is an admirable one."

Cambridge Chronicle.

THE STUDERT'S HUME.—"The abridgment before us seems carefully, as it is certainly well done. The separate additional matter in the form of Notes and Illustrations, is, in a literary sense, the most remarkable feature. Many important subjects—constitutional, legal, or social, are thus treated; and—a very useful plan—the whole authorities of the period are mentioned at its close."—Spectator.

The Student's Hume.—"The latest volume of Mr. Murray's excellent uniform series of historical works contains an abridgment of Hume's History, incorporating the corrections and researches of recent historians, and continued down to the year 1858." English Churchman.

THE STODERT'S HUME.—"The want which this work is intended to supply has long been evident, and no more judicious effort could have been made for the purpose than to condense Hume's information without damaging his clearness or the matchless purity of his style."

[10] Rull. On Rull.

THE STUDENT'S HUME.—"This book—the Student's Gracece—and LIDBLL's Rome, of themselves form an excellent historical library, the whole procurable for 30s..... The volume before us is not altogether HUME: some of the great historian's matter is entirely omitted; as part, especially the Anglo-Saxon period, has been rewritten; and striking errors in fact have been corrected. There is also an excellent Index.—Gardeners' Chronicle.

THE STUDENTS

HISTORY OF GREECE: From the Earliest Times to the Roman Conquest, with the History of Literature and Art.

By WM. SMITH, LL.D., Classical Examiner in the University of London, Editor of 'The Dictionaries of Greek and Roman Antiquities,' &c.

16th Thousand.

With Woodcuts, post 8vo. 7s. 6d., black cloth, red edges.

DE. WM. SMITH'S GREECE.—"We are very glad to receive with the welcome which it deserves, a 'History of Greece,' by Dr. William Smith, a man eminently fit for the task he has undertaken. This is to give, in the compass of a small octavo volume, a readable, interesting, and authentic History of Greece, of sufficient literary merit to attract the sympathies of youthful students. We think he has accomplished this."—Guardian.

DE. WM. SMITH'S GREECE.—"We are too much concerned

tory of Greece, of sufficient literary merit to attract the sympathies of youthful students. We think he has accomplished this."—Guardian.

DR. WM. SNITH'S GREECE.—"We are too much concerned for the improvement of school-books to regret the publication of a new 'History of Greece' for schools by such a scholar and teacher as Dr. Wm. Smith. We have much satisfaction in bearing testimony to the excellence of the plan on which he has proceeded, and the careful, scholar-like manner in which he has carried it out. The great distinctive feature, however, is the chapters on Literature and Art. This gives it a decided advantage over all previous works of the kind."—Athenceum.

DR. WM. SMITH'S GREECE.—"The best elementary history on the subject ever written. The excellence of the work is partly dependent on the author's known capacity for the task, on his learning and talent, and partly on the fact of the great work of Grote having made all future attempts at writing Greek history comparatively easy. Dr. Smith's book will be the best introduction to the study of Grote's History."—Daily News.

THE STUDENT'S HISTORY OF ROME:

From the Earliest Times to the Establishment of the Empire;
With the History of Literature and Art.

By H. G. LIDDELL, D.D., Dean of Christchurch, Editor of 'The Greek Lexicon,' and late Head Master of Westminster School

10th Thousand.

With Woodcuts, post 8vo. 7s. 6d., black cloth, red edges.

red edges.

Liddell for a pre-eminently useful book. To the youthful student, to the man who cannot read many volumes, we should commend it as the one history which will convey the latest views and most extensive information. The style is simple, clear, and explanatory... Our opinion is, that there is no other work at present existing which so ably supplies 'a History of Rome suited to the wants of general readers of the present day.'"—Blackwood.

Liddell's merit is, that he has given a lucid, well-marked, and comprehensive view of the progress and revolutions of the Roman State and people. The course of the history is distinctly mapped out by broad and natural divisions; and the order in which it is arranged and presented is the work of a strong and clear mind. There is great skill as well as diligence shown in the amount of facts which are collected and compressed into the narrative; and the story is told, not merely with full intelligence, but with an earnestness and strength of feeling which cannot be mistaken."—Guardian.

Liddell's Rome.—"This excellent 'History of Rome, from the pen of one of the most celebrated scholars of the day, will supersede every other work on the subject."

John Bull.

IV. THE

STUDENT'S GIBBON:

A History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire:

Abridged from GIBBON'S HISTORY.

Incorporating the Researches and Corrections of recent Historians.

6th Thousand.

With Woodcuts, post 8vo. 7s. 6d., black cloth, red edges.

"Gibbon's 'Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire' forms the important link between Ancient and Modern history. Its title conveys an inadequate idea of its contents. It contains nearly a complete history of the world for a period of more than twelve centuries, from the time of the Antonines to the capture of Constantinople by the Turks in 1463. Since the history of all ancient nations ends in that of Rome, and the history of modern States of Europe springs out of the Roman Empire, the youthful historical student, after making himself acquainted with the leading facts in the histories of Greece, Rome, and England, cannot employ his time more profitably than in mastering the history of the vast period comprehended in Gibbon's work. It is mainly for the benefit of such students that the present Abridgment has been prepared; but it is believed that it will also prove acceptable to the general reader, whose time or "Gibbon's 'Decline and Fall of the Roman prepared; but it is believed that it will also prove acceptable to the general reader, whose time or circumstances prevent him from studying so large a work as Gibbon's, but who wishes to make himself acquainted with some of the most memorable events in the history of man."—PREFACE.

THE STUDENT'S GIRRON.—"Dr. Smith has already earned the thanks of this generation of scholars by a series of publications, of which an edition of Gibbon is not the least in value. That young or busy readers may share in the last of these benefits, he has now edited Gibbon in a single, compact volume, with wood engravings of buildings, coins, and other antiquities. Dr. Smith has preserved the main features of the great historian's work."—Guardian.

features of the great historian's work."—Guardian.

The Spropan's Gibson...." Dr. Smith has drawn up an
admirable abridgment, using as far as possible the language
of the original, and adopting the plan of omitting or treating briefly circumstances of inferior importance, so that
the grand events which have influenced the history of the
world may be narrated at length. Researches of recent
commentators are incorporated, and there are numerous
illustrations."—Cambridge Chronicle.

illustrations."—Cambridge Chronicle.

THE STUDENT'S GIBEON.—"The best popular edition of Gibbon extant. It is pervaded by all the warmth, life, and power of the celebrated original; and is just some such volume as Gibbon himself would have issued, had he deemed it proper to send forth a digest of his own immortal performance."—Christian Witness.

THE STUDENT'S GIBEON.—"A judicious abridgment of the great historian. The labours of later writers have been incorporated in the text, which is illustrated by excellent plates of medals, coins, temples, aqueducts, &c. At the end are genealogies of the Imperial families, a list of the Roman Emperors, and a full and accurate index. The work cannot fall to be a useful book of reference."

Literary Gasette. Literary Gazette.

THE STUDENT'S GIBBON.—" Dr. Smith has gone about the difficult task of condensing with his usual skill, and he has succeeded in presenting an admirable digest. In addition to this, the results of the researches of recent commentators are incorporated. These contributions are taken from the Editor's own notes and those of Dean Milman and Guizot."—British Banner.

JOHN MURRAY, ALBEMARLE-STREET

CHAPMAN & HALL'S LIST OF NEW WORKS.

MR. LEVER'S NEW WORK.

DAVENPORT DUNN.

A MAN OF OUR DAY. By CHARLES LEVER.

1 thick vol. demy 8vo. with 44 Illustrations. Will be published on April 11.

GASLIGHT and DAYLIGHT,

WITH SOME LONDON SCENES THEY SHINE UPON. By GEORGE AUGUSTUS SALA, Author of 'A Journey due North,' &c.

In 1 vol. post 8vo.

[Will be published on April 15.

OUR FARM OF FOUR ACRES.

AND THE MONEY WE MADE OUT OF IT.

Small post 8vo.

[Will be published on April 15.

THE ORDEAL OF RICHARD FEVEREL:

A HISTORY OF FATHER AND SON. By GEORGE MEREDITH.

In 3 vols

[Will be published in April.

ROBERT MORNAY:

A NOVEL 1 vol. post 8vo.

Will be published in April

THE POEMS OF JOHN MILTON.

With Notes by THOMAS KEIGHTLEY.

In 2 vols. 8vo.

[Will be published in May.

THE MARTINS OF CRO' MARTIN.

By CHARLES LEVER.

In 2 vols, demy 8vo. price 14s. with 40 Illustrations by H. K. Browne.

[New and Cheaper Edition, published this day.

ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWN-ING'S POETICAL WORKS.

3 vols. fcap. cloth, 18s.

[Fourth Edition, with Additions.

MR. CARLYLE'S WORKS.

COMPLETE EDITION.

THE FRENCH REVOLUTION: A HISTORY. In Two

OLIVER CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES, In 3 vols. 18s.

LIFE OF JOHN STERLING. One Vol. 64.

CRITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS. In Four

SARTOR RESARTUS-HERO WORSHIP. One Vol. 64. LATTER-DAY PAMPHLETS. One Vol. 6s.

CHARTISM-PAST AND PRESENT. One Volume. 6s.

TRANSLATIONS OF GERMAN ROMANCE. One Vol. 6s. WILHELM MEISTER. By Göthe. A Translation. In Two Vols. 122. MB. CARLYLE'S NEW WORK.

Vols. I. and II. in demy 8vo. with Portraits and Maps.

HISTORY OF FRIEDRICH THE SECOND.

FREDERICK THE GREAT.

By THOMAS CARLYLE.

[Third Edition will be published in April.

MR. ANTHONY TROLLOPE'S NEW NOVEL.

THE BERTRAMS: a Novel.

By ANTHONY TROLLOPE, Author of 'Dr. Thorne,' 'Barchester Towers.'

3 vols. post 8vo. [Second Edition will be published on April 11.

NEW VOLUME OF POEMS, BY THE AUTHOR OF 'CLYTEMNESTRA,' &c.

THE WANDERER.

By OWEN MEREDITH.

Fcap, 8vo. [Second Edition will be published on April 15.

AURORA LEIGH: a Poem.

IN NINE BOOKS.

By ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING. With a Portrait of Mrs. BROWNING. Fcap. 8vo [Fourth and Cheaper Edition will be published in April.

THE DALTONS; or, Three Roads in Life.

By CHARLES LEVER.

With Eight Illustrations by Phiz. Vol. I. crown Syc. 4s. [Cheap Edition will be published in April.

DOCTOR THORNE: a Novel

By ANTHONY TROLLOPE.

[In a handsome post 8vo. volume, price 5s.
[Third and Cheaper Edition, published this day.

OUTLINES of the HISTORY of the ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

For the Use of the Junior Classes in Colleges, and the Higher Classes in Schools.

By GEORGE L. CRAIK. Post 8vo. eloth, 2s. 6d.

[Third Edition, with Additions, published this day.

A MONTH IN YORKSHIRE.

By WALTER WHITE. Post 8vo. 9s.

[Third Edition, with Corrections.

MR. DICKENS'S WORKS.

Now publishing, in Monthly Volumes, price Six Shillings each,

A COMPLETE LIBRARY EDITION,

Beautifully printed in Post Octavo, and carefully revised by the Author, with Portrait and Vignettes.

Already published.

PICKWICK PAPERS. 2 vols. price 12s. NICHOLAS NICKLEBY. 2 vols. price 12s. MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT. 2 vols. price 12s. OLD CURIOSITY SHOP. 2 vols. price 12s. BARNABY RUDGE. 2 vols. price 12s.

SKETCHES BY "BOZ." 1 vol. price 6s. [The remaining 11 vols. are in course of publication.

NATIONAL REVIEW, No. XVI.

CONTENTS.

I. SIR E. B. LYTTON, NOVELIST, PHILOSOPHER, AND POET. II. MOMMSEN'S HISTORY OF ROME.
III. SOCIAL INNOVATORS AND REFORMERS.

IV. THE PRESENT STATE OF PHOTOGRAPHY.

V. MILL ON LIBERTY. VI. MORLEY'S MEMOIRS OF BARTHOLOMEW FAIR VII. D'AGUESSEAU AND FRENCH JURISPRUDENCE

VIII. PEASANT LIFE IN RUSSIA. IX. THE TRUE DIFFICULTIES OF THE ITALIAN QUESTION.

X. SCHLEIERMACHER.

XI. CONSERVATISM AND REFORM. XII. BOOKS OF THE QUARTER.

[Published on April 1st.

A DECADE of ITALIAN WOMEN

St. Catherine of Siena. Caterina Sforza. Vittoria Colonna. Tullia D'Aragona. Olympia Morata.

Isabella Andreini, Bianea Cappello, Olympia Pamfili, Elisabetta Sirani. La Corilla.

By THOMAS ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE. In 2 vols. post 8vo. with Portraits, price 22s.

MEMOIRS of BARTHOLOMEW FAIR.

By HENRY MORLEY. With upwards of 80 Fac-simile Drawings, engraved upon West by the Brothers Dalaiel. In a handsome demy 8vo. vol. price 21s.

LIFE IN VICTORIA:

Or, VICTORIA IN 1858, AND VICTORIA IN 1858. Showing the march of improvement made by the Colony with those Periods in Town and Country, Cities and Disgings. By WILLIAM KELLY. 2 vols. post 8vo. 21s.

SKETCHES of ALGERIA during the KABYLE WAR.

By H. MULLENEUX WALMSLEY. Post 8vo. 10s. 6d.

COUNTRY LIFE in PIEDMONT.

By A. GALLENGA. Post 8vo. 8s. 6d.

PROVERBS WITH PICTURES.

By CHARLES H. BENNETT. With about 250 Illustrations. Fcap. 4to. 7s. 6d.

PARLIAMENTARY REFORM.

AN ESSAY.

Reprinted with considerable Additions from the National Beview. By WALTER BAGEHOT. 8vo. 2s.

HERALDRY:

In HISTORY, POETRY, and ROMANCE. By ELLEN J. MILLINGTON. With numerous Illustrations. Post 8vo.9s.

MR. LEVER'S WORKS.

CHEAP EDITION.

In Crown 8vo, Each Volume contains Eight Engravings by H. K. BROWNE.

HARRY LORREQUER. Price 4s. CHARLES O'MALLEY. In 2 vols. Price 8s. JACK HINTON. Price 4s.

TOM BURKE OF "OURS." In 2 vols. Price 8s. THE O'DONOGHUE. Price 4s.

THE KNIGHT OF GWYNNE. In 2 vols. Price 8s. ROLAND CASHEL. 2 vols. cloth. 8s. THE DALTONS. 2 vols. cloth. 8s.

THE DODD FAMILY ABROAD. 2 vols. cloth. 8s.

CHAPMAN & HALL, 193, PICCADILLY.

import separat

time, fo

No

Just :

Eye Femoral Fibular A Fifth Pair Festus ... Foot, Bon of the Fourth Programmer of the Hand, Bon of the Hand, Bon of the Heart ... Heart, A. Hip-joint like Arte Innemina Kidney ... Knee-joint Lachryma Larynx Leg, Muse Liver ... Mammary Muccus M

rvous C nth Pai se ... ophagu

Ankle, Re

Anus ...
Arm ...
Axilla ...
Back ...
Cranium,
Muscle
Elbow, Rej Face Foot, Regio

dipose Ti rtery ... lone lursæ Muc artilage llular Ti lia rectile Ti rection cia .. ro-cartil

VIIM

, '59

VI.

PHER

PAIR

ENCE

pril 1st.

MEN.

EW

on Wood

ring

NT.

ES.

RM. al Review.

rings by

8s. 10 8s.

88.

COMPLETION OF DR. TODD'S CYCLOPÆDIA OF ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY.

Just published, Parts II. and III. (a double part, completion, consisting of classified Contents, general Index, analytical Index, titles, preface, &c.), price 10s. sewed; and Vol. V. (supplementary volume) with 487 Woodcuts, price 45s. cloth,

THE CYCLOPÆDIA

QF

ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY.

Edited by ROBERT B. TODD, M.D. F.R.S. &c.

FELLOW OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS; PHYSICIAN TO KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL;

AND FORMERLY PROFESSOR OF PHYSIOLOGY AND OF GENERAL AND MORBID ANATOMY IN KING'S COLLEGE, LONDON.

** The Cyclopædia of Anatomy and Physiology is now complete in five large volumes, pp. 5,350, illustrated with 2,853 Woodcuts. The Publishers of this important Work have decided on offering complete sets in 6 volumes (Vol. IV. being in two parts) bound in cloth, at the price of Six Guineas for the set. The separate parts will still be sold at 5s. each; but subscribers are requested to perfect their sets without delay, as the Publishers cannot be answerable, beyond a certain time, for the supplying of separate parts.

CLASSIFIED CONTENTS OF THE CYCLOPÆDIA OF ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY.

Human Anaton	ny, Descriptive.	Anatomy, Abnormal and Morbid.							
Abdomen Dr. Todd Anklejoint Dr. Brenan Aorta Anklejoint Dr. Henra Arm, Muscles of the Dr. Hart Armediation Dr. Hart Articulation Dr. Hart Articulation Dr. Hart Articulation Dr. Hart Argos Dr. Hartson Bladder Dr. Harrison Bladder Dr. Harrison Bladder Dr. Hart Brain. See Nervou Centres. Articular Artery Dr. Hart Carolid Artery Dr. Hart Articular Dr. Benson Ear. See Hearing, Organ Dr. Benson Ear. See Hearing, Organ Dr. Benson Ear. See Hearing, Organ Par Vagum; Spinal Aocessory. Par Vagum; Spinal Aocessory.	Optio Nerves Dr. Mayne Orbit Dr. G. Johnson Pacinian Bodies W. Bowman, Esq. Pancreas Dr. Hyde Salter Par Vagum Dr. J. Reid Pelvis John Wood, Esq. Penis E. Wilson, Esq. Perincum Dr. Mayne Perincum Br. Hitard, Esq. Perincum St. Pittard, Esq. Perincum St. Pittard, Esq. Prostate J. Adams, Esq. Prostate J. Adams, Esq. Radial Artery Dr. Brinton Radio-ulnar Articula- tion Dr. Brinton Respiration, Organs of Dr. Johnson Respiration, Organs of Dr. Thomas Williams	Adhesion B. Phillips, Esq. Ankle-joint R. Adams, Esq. Artery W. H. Porter, Esq. Bladder Dr. Babington Bone W. H. Porter, Esq. Cicatrix A. T. S. Dodd, Esq. Cirrhosis Dr. Todd Cyst R. Phillips, Esq. Bone R. Phillips, Esq. Cirrhosis Dr. Todd Cyst R. Phillips, Esq. Bone R. Adams, Esq. Cirrhosis Dr. Todd Cyst R. Phillips, Esq. Bone R. Adams, Esq. Cirrhosis Dr. Todd Cyst R. Phillips, Esq. Blad R. Adams, Esq. Brad R. Adams, Esq.							
Elbow-joint Dr. Hart Extremity Dr. Todd Eye Dr. Jacob	Salivary Glands N. Ward, Esq. Serotum Dr. Brinton Serous and Synovial	Zoological Anatomy and Physiology.							
Femoral Artery Fibular Artery Fibula	Membranes Dr. Beinton Sesamoid Bones S. R. Pittard, Esq. Seventh Pair of Nerves. Dr. M Dowel Stouder-joint. Dr. M Dowel Spinal Nerves Dr. John Reid N. Ward. Esq. Frof. Kölliker Stomach and Intestinal Canal Dr. M Plowel Supra-renal Capsules Prof. Heinrich Frey Sympathetic Nerve Dr. Drummond The United Stouder-joint Dr. M Dowel Theolations Tr. B. Curling, Esq. Thorax. Dr. Hundfield Jones Thyroid Gland. Dr. Handfield Jones Thiol-fibular Articular Dr. Mandeld Jones The Dr. M Dr. Dr. M Dr. Dr. Dr. M Dr. Dr. M Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr. Dr. M Dr.	Acalepho Dr. Coldstream Acrita R. Owen. Esq. Amphibia T. Bell. Esq. Amphibia T. Bell. Esq. Amimal Kingdom Prof. Grang Anninal Prof. R. Jones Carnivora T. Bell. Esq. Colphalopoda R. Owen, Esq. Cetacea M. F. Curier Cetacea M. F. Curier Cetacea M. F. Curier Cetacea M. F. Curier Cetacea Prof. R. Jones Curiupoda Dr. Milne-Edwards Curiusacea Dr. Milne-Edwards Crustacea Dr. Milne-Edwards Crustacea Dr. Milne-Edwards Crustacea Dr. Milne-Edwards Curiusacea Dr. Milne-Edwa							
Leg. Muscles of J. Bishop, Esq. Leg. Muscles of A. T. S. Dodd, Esq.	Urethra John Adams, Esq.	Physiology.							
Kidney See Ren. A. Higginson, Esq. Lachtymal Organs T. W. Jones, Esq. Ler, Muscles of A. T. S. Dodd, Esq. Liver E. Wilson, Esq. Manmary Glands S. Solly, Esq. Microus Hembrane W. Bowman, Esq. Noe Noe J. Paget, Esq. Noe Dr. G. Johnson	Venous System Dr. Arthur Farre Venous System Dr. M'Dowel Vesicula Prostatica Prof. Leuckhardt Vesiculas Seminales S. R. Pittard, Esq. Wrist-joint Dr. M'Dowel	Absorption. Dr. Bostock Muscular Motion W. Bowman, Esq. Age Dr. Symonds Nervous System Dr. Todd Albino Dr. Bostock Mutrition Dr. Carpenter Animal Dr. Willis Ovum Dr. Allen Thomson Dr. Albort .							
Human Anatomy, Sur	gical or Topographical.	Contractility Dr. Alien Thomson Death Dr. Symonds (Vegetable Oyum) Dr. J. B. Sanderson Digestion Dr. Botock Repiration Dr. J. B. Sanderson Reld							
Ankie, Region of the Anus R. Harrison, Esq. Arm Dr. Hard Arilla Dr. Benson Dr. Benson Cranium, Regions and Muscles of the Elbow, Region of the Face, Regions and Mus- cles of Fost, Regions and Mus-	Forcarm, Muscles and Regions of S. Solly, Esq. Glutzeal Region A. T. S. Dodd, Esq. troin, Region of the Leg, Regions of the Reck, Muscles and Re- gions of the J. Simon, Esq. Parotid Region Dr. G. Johnson Fophical Region The Towns Formation of the Towns Formation	Digestion Dr. Bostock Respiration Dr. John Reid Respiration Dr. John Reid Dr. Carpenter Secretion Dr. Carpenter Secretion Dr. Carpenter Dr. Todd Dr. Carpenter Dr. W. F. Edwards Hibernation Dr. Marshall Hall Sympathy Dr. Todd D							
	l or Physiological.	ing Locomotion J. Bishop, Esq. Voice John Bishop, Esq.							
Adjoor Tissue. Dr. Craigie Artery Dr. Hart Bone Dr. Benson Barse Mucosse Dr. Benson Carrilage Dr. Benson Carrilage Dr. Benson Carrilage R. D. Grainger, Esq. Cilia Dr. Sharpey Erectile Tissue Dr. Hart Lecretion Dr. Alison Lecretion Dr. Alon Lecretion Dr. Todd Histo-Carrilage Dr. Fodd	Fibrous Tissue R. D. Grainger, Eag. Ganglion R. D. Grainger, Eag. Gland R. D. Grainger, Eag. Lymphatic S. Lymphatic S. C.	Animal Chemistry, Physiology of the Fluids and Secretions. Acids, Animal W. T. Brande, Esq. Adipocere W. T. Brande, Esq. Mucus Dr. G. O. Rees Mucus Dr. G. O. Rees Mucus Dr. Muler prof. J. E. Bownan Bild W. T. Brande, Esq. Protein Prof. J. E. Bownan Dr. Wen Rees Dr. Wen Rees Dr. W. T. Brande, Esq. Semen Drs. Wagner and Each W. T. Brande, Esq. Semen Lenckhardt.							
	Comparative.	Gelatin. W. T. Brande, Esq. Synovia Dr. G. O. Rees Hæmatosine Dr. G. O. Rees Urine Dr. G. O. Rees							
Chyliferous System Dr. Grant Descrive Canal Dr. Grant Lymphatic and Lacted System S. Lane, Esq. Muscular System Prof. R. Jones Netvous System J. Anderson, Esq.	Osseous System Prof. R. Jones Shell Dr. Carpenter Teeth Prof. Owen Tegumentary Organs (Hair, Nails, Feathers, &c.) T. Huxley, Esq.	General Subjects. Medical Statistics Dr. Guy Microscope Dr. Carpenter Vital Statistics Dr. Guy.							

This day, in fcap. 8vo. 5e.

IO IN EGYPT, and other Poems. By RICHARD GARNETT.

Now ready, post 8vo. 6s.

FOOTPATHS BETWEEN TWO WORLDS;

And OTHER POEMS. By PATRICK SCOTT.

Just published, fcap. 8vo. 2s. 6d.

A GARLAND from the PARABLES.

By the Rev. W. EDENSOR LYTTLEWOOD, R.A., late Scholar of Pembroke College, Cambridge. "Graceful and gestie versions of the New Testament Parables, parables appropriate for the reading of the young, and as devo-tional exercises."—Alteraum.

New Edition, 5s.; antique calf, 10s. 6d.; large paper, 7s. 6d.;

VAUGHAN'S SACRED POEMS.

With Memoir by the Rev. H. F. LYTE.

"Preserving all the piety of George Herbert, they have less of hydraunts and fautasite turns, with a much larger infusion of poetic feeling and expression."—Lyte

Pourth Edition, feap. 8vo. 8s. 6d.; morocco, 8s. 6d.

VERSES for HOLY SEASONS.

By C. F. A., Author of 'Hymns for Little Children.' Edited by the Very Rev. W. F. HOOK, D.D., Dean of Chichester.

Second Edition, 7s. 6d.; antique morocco, 14s.

PASSION WEEK.

A Collection of Poetry. By E. M. TOWNSEND, With Sixteen Illustrations from Albert Dürer.

7. In fcap. 8vo. price 5a.

The DEFENCE of GUENEVERE, and other POEMS. By WILLIAM MORRIS.

"Mr. Morris is an exquisite and original genius; a poet whom poets will love."—Literary Gasette.

Just published, 2 vols. post 8vo. 18s

The WORKS of VIRGIL, sely rendered into English Bhythm, and illustrated in British Foets of the Sixteenth, Seventeenth, and Eight Centuries. By the Sev. R. C. SINGLETON, MA. London: BELL & DALDY, 186, Fleet-street.

Mr. ISAAC TAYLOR'S LOGIC in THEOLOGY,

And OTHER ESSAYS Contents:—1. Logic in Theology—2. Unitarianism in England—3. Muss: she Christian Coursier in the Desert—4. Paul: High Quality and Asceticism in the Fourth Centary—5. Theodosius: Pagan Usages and the Christian Magistrate—6, Julian: Prohibitive Education—7. Without Controversy."

Now ready, fcap. 8vo. 5g.

LIFE and BOOKS,
By J. F. BOYES, M.A. Author of 'Illustrations to Æschylus
and Sophooles,' &c.

"It might be accepted as a book of maxims if it were not in me respects superior to anything of the kind."—Iforning Post.

Foap. 8vo. 5s. each CHOICE NOTES FROM NOTES AND QUERIES.

By THE EDITOR .- Vol. I. HISTORY. 'It is full of curious matter, pleasant to read, and well worthy preservation in a permanent shape,"—Leader.

Vol. II. FOLK-LORE. (Immediately.)

London : BELL & DALDY, 186, Fleet-street.

ROADSIDE SKETCHES

In the SOUTH of FRANCE and SPANISH PYRENEES. By THREE WAYFARERS. With 34 Illustrations by Touch-

"the transfer of the control of the

Just published, 2 vols. fcap. 8vo. 12s. MAUD BINGLEY.

By PREDERICA GRAHAM.

"When we say that the best novels of Miss Austen, and the best ales of Miss Edgeworth, cannot show more tact, more pro-found appreciation of the human heart and worldly motives, more judicious analysis of sound temper and feeling, we consider we have given it just praise."—Literary Gazetic.

Now ready, 2 vols. foap, 8vo. 12s.

The ROMANCE and its HERO:

" Magdalen Stafford' has taught us to look eagerly for the thor's second work, and the 'Homance and its Hero' has not sappointed us. It is the well-considered work of an author of uch observation, power, and originality."—Monthly Packs.

London : BELL & DALDY, 186, Fleet-street,

13. GREAT MARLBOROUGH-STREET.

HURST & BLACKETT'S

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE DUKE of BUCKINGHAM'S

MEMOIRS of the COURT of GEORGE IV. From Original Family Documents. 2 vols. 8vo. with Por-traits, 30s. bound.

Traits, 30s. bound.

"These volumes are the most popular of the series of Buckingham Papers, not only from the nature of the matter, but from the closeness of the period to our own times."—Speciator of all who desire an intimate acquaintance with the history of the period. The comments of well-informed men like Lord Grenville and Mr. T. Grenville, disclosing as they do the motives of individuals, the secret movements of parties, and the cause of public events, are of high value to the student, and coosedingly interesting to the gueral reader. "—Dody Ness.

SIX YEARS IN RUSSIA. By an ENGLISH LADY. 2 yols. with Illustrations, 21s. bd.

"The extracts we have made will afford some idea of the variety contained in these volumes, and the interesting and amusing to the variety contained in these volumes, and the interesting and amusing there is no addition a generally. We are bound to notice that there is in addition a segmently. We are bound to notice that here is in addition a and political institutions of Russias, the religion and character of the people, and of the prospect for this great country when its present emlightened Cara shall have completed his great work of freedom for the Seria. On these, and on the property of the author is entitled to be heard with respect. Shocked upon the Author is entitled to be heard exist respect. Shocked upon the Author is entitled to be heard example to feel that a judgment founded on experience cannot be altogether wrong."

HENRY III. KING OF FRANCE

HIS COURT AND TIMES. By MISS FREER. 3 vols, with fine Portraits, 31s. 6d. bound.

ok will increase Miss Freer's reputation as an storian "- Herold "This book will increase miss Freet's appared in the plained historian." —Horse freet's narrative is throughout great.

"The interest of Miss Freet's narrative is throughout great. The work must take its place in every library."—Post.

"Among the class of chronicle-histories Miss Freet's Henry III. of France is entitled to a high rank. As regards style and treatment Miss Freet has made a great advance upon her 'Elisabeth de Valois,' as that book was an advance upon her 'Marguerite d'Angoulème."—Spectator,

EPISODES of FRENCH HISTORY.

During the CONSULATE and FIRST EMPIRE, By MISS PARDOE. 2 vols. 21s. "We recommend Miss Pardoe's "Episodes' as very plear reading. They cannot fail to entertain and instruct."—Ortic.

A SUMMER AND WINTER IN THE TWO SICILIES.

By JULIA KAVANAGH, Author of 'NATHALE'
2 vols. with Illustrations, 21s.
"We have never met with a book on Italy that pleased us more."—John Bull.

THE CRESCENT and THE CROSS. By ELIOT WARBURTON.

Fifteenth Edition. With 14 Illustrations, 5s. bound, forming the Third Volume of Hurst & Blackett's Standard Library of Legal Editions of Popular Modern, Works.—Vol. I. contains SAM SLICK'S 'NATURE AND HUMAN NATURE,' illustrated by LEBCH. Vol. II. contains 'JOHN HALIFAN, GENTLEMAN.

LODGE'S PEERAGE & BARONET-

AGE for 1859. Under the especial Patronage of Her Majesty and H.R.H. the Prince Consort; and Corrected throughout by the Nobility. 28th Edition, 1 vol. royal 8vo. with the Arms beautifully engraved, handsomely bound, with gilt edges, 31s. 6d.

"The readiest, the most useful, and exactest of modern works on the subject."—Spectator.

CARDINAL WISEMAN'S RECOL-LECTIONS of the LAST FOUR POPES. 8vo. with Portraits, 21s. bound. "A picturesque book on Bome and its ecclesiastical Sovereigns, by an eloquent Roman Catholic."—Altheneum.

A WOMAN'S THOUGHTS ABOUT

WOMEN, By the Author of 'JOHN HALIPAX.' 10s, 6d. "A book of sound counsel; well written, true-hearted, and altogether practical."—Examiner.

WINTER EVENINGS. By Leitch RITCHIE. 2 vols. With Illustrations, 21s.

"Genial and wholesome talk that will not fail to make addition to the pleasures of the fireside."—Examiner.

COLBURN'S UNITED SERVICE MAGAZINE,

AND NAVAL AND MILITARY JOURNAL FOR APRIL CONTAIN TAVALE AND MILETARY JOURNAL FOR APRIL, Contains:—Manning the Navy-Cupt. Vivian on the Organization of our Military Department—Some—Ships and Ships Crews the Army—The French in Alteria—Reminiscences of a Veteran—Beview of the Indian Rebellion—Peeps from the Loopholes of Retreat—Notes on Military Science—Reminiscences of Scinde—Col. Paynter and the Battle of Chillianwallah—District Inspector of Musketry—The Settlement of Europe—The Operations in Oude—Dockyard Reform—Naval Warfare by Steam—Col. Diokson and the Milita—Stations of the Army and Navy, Promotions and Appointments.

Routledge, Warnes & Routledge's NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Routledge's Serials, for April.

Routledge's Illustrated Natural History.

By WOOD. Part J. 1s. Routledge's Shakespeare. Edited by Staun-TON, and Illustrated by Gilbert. Part XXXVII. 14. Half-Hours with the Best Authors, Selected by CHAS. KNIGHT. Parts I., II., III., each 6d. Prescott's Histories. Parts I. and II.

Boswell's Johnson. Illustrated. Parts I., National Cyclopædia (The). Part XXIX. Craig's English Dictionary. Part LIX.

MR. GRANT'S NEW NOVEL.

HOLLYWOOD HALL; an English Tale of 1718. By the Author of 'The Romance of War, '&c.
This New Novel of Mr. Grant's is the second volume of an entirely New Series of Original Works, which under the title of
Routledge's New Library of Piction,
will be issued Monthly, each complete, printed in a large type on
good paper. The Piers Volume of this Section 1

The WIFE and the WARD: a Story of Indian LIFE. By Lieut-Col. MONEY.

Price 1s. 6d. stiff wrapper

TOWN SWAMPS and SOCIAL

BRIDGES. A Sequel to 'A Glance at the Homes of the Thousands.' By GEO RGE GODWIN, Editor of 'The Builder,' with nuncrous Engravings from life.

"We cannot overrate the magnitude and importance of this subject, and we trust these instructive disclosures will have a wide circulation."—Dathy News.

CHEVREUL ON THE LAWS OF CONTRAST OF

CHEVREUL On COLOUR. Revised Edition. With the Text illustrated by 17 Page Engravings, printed in Colours house business has anything to do with the arrangement of Colours should possess this work, its value having been universally acknowledged."

ESSENTIAL TO YOUNG PERSONS.

MUCH IN LITTLE: a Compendium

OF Peets and Information. By Mrs. WM. ALLEUT.

This Volume is a brief digrat of One Hunder improved on the memory of Young Persons. Compiled with much care, it embraces Scripture History, Money Value in different Countries, English History, English Language, and Trade and Commerce. Also Anciest History, Extraonetical Peets, Person and Lakin Parases, &c.

BOSWELL'S JOHNSON, ILLUSTRATED.

BOSWELL'S LIFE of JOHNSON.

Illustrated with 200 Portraits, Views and Designs.
Also uniform, at 22, or 22. ed.,
Tour to the Hebrides, with numerous Illustrions, and a complete Index to the five volumes.

PRESCOTT'S HISTORIES-THE CABINET EDITION-In Monthly Four-ShillingVolu-Now ready, bound in cloth,

FERDINAND and ISABELLA, Vols. I. and II. With Steel Illustration

NEW JUVENILE BOOK FOR BRITISH BOYS.

Price Eighteenpence, cloth,
he BRITISH WOLF - HUNTERS.
By THOMAS MILLER. With Illustrations by Harrison
Weir.

LOVELL REEVE'S POPULAR TURAL HISTORIA

NATURAL HISTORIES.

1. BRITISH BIRDS' EGGS. Laishley.
9. BRITISH CRUSTACEA. Adam White.
3. GREEN HOUSE BOTANY. A. Catlow.
4. FELD. APRIVORY OF PLANTS. Dr. Danbery.
6. BRITISH MOSSES. R. M. Stark.
7. PALMS. Dr. B. Seemann, Fl.S.
8. BRITISH MOSSES. R. M. Stark.
7. PALMS. Dr. B. Seemann, Fl.S.
9. BRITISH GENVELOS. Dr. Landsborough.
9. BRITISH GENVICHOLOGY. Gasse.
11. MAMMALIA. Adam White.
12. The AQUARIUM. G. B. Sowerby.
13. The AQUARIUM. G. B. Sowerby.
14. The MOLLUSCA. Mayr Roberta.
15. GARDEN BOTANY. A. Catlow.
16. ECONOMIC BOTANY. A. Catlow.
17. BRITISH FERNS. T. Moore.
18. BRITISH LOCKENS. Lindes.
19. ZOOPHYTES. Dr. Landsbarough.
19. BRITISH LOCKENS. Lindes.
20. ZOOPHYTES. Dr. Landsbarough.
21. BRITISH LOCKENS. Lindes.
22. SCRIPTURE ZOULOGY. M. E. Catlow.
23. The WOODLANDS. Mary Roberta.
24. Popular script of scientific treatises, whose and correctness of their numerous illustrations, has acquired a celebrity byout that of any other series of modern cheap works. "Standard.

London: ROUTLEDGE, WARNES & ROUTLEDGE,

London: ROUTLEDGE, WARNES & ROUTLEDGE, 2. Farringdon-street.

W had the

N

Sla

and nat the die con mu 400.00 act kno

ran

me

gen

phi

scie

die. the

the mod

Hug

scie

hee For allo of g the This from sune diffe coul He but

rock he v ling which from the 1 adm hrea othe grav

of hi vear and of S the Hen large allud which

With Scien obtai Th

'59

OFV.

IL

s I., X

IX.

lish

OLA

LAL

of the

P

avings

ium

ON.

Illus

ON-

Vols.

ERS

LAR

LONDON, SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1859.

LITERATURE

Sketch-Book of Popular Geology; being a Series of Lectures delivered before the Philosophical Institution of Edinburgh. By Hugh Miller. With an Introductory Preface, giving a Résumé of the Progress of Geological Science within the Last Two Years, by Mrs. Miller. (Edinburgh, Constable & Co.; London, Hamilton, & Co.)

What would have been Hugh Miller's fame had he been English instead of Scotch? When the Scotch find a man of genius amongst them, and when his genius reflects credit upon their nation, how they exalt him (and, by implication, themselves) above his compeers! When he dies, he is venerated as a departed hero. His countrymen buy, or beg others to buy, his museum, and a Duke pens a laudatory In memoriam in a quarterly review. As to the actual amount of Hugh Miller's geological knowledge, viewed in relation to the whole range of the science, there are a dozen Englishmen equal to him at least, whose names are as generally unknown as the names of Japanese philosophers. Unknown, too, beyond their scientific circle, they will probably live on and If called upon to exercise our pen for their fame, we might write one epitaph over them all, and it would be somewhat in this modest strain :-

est strain:—
Here lie the undistinguished bones
Of men who lived—and died—on stones.
Obscure to fortune and to fame,
Our friends were wanting in a name.
What names they had, as Science tells,
Are tied as tails to fossil shells.
It was their latest satisfaction
To have baptised some petrifaction.
Some shell they disinterred survives
The only relic of their lives.
Though great their aims, their gains were small,
And now—one Latin word is all!

-And such, too, might have been the fate of Hugh Miller, had he not possessed, beyond his scientific knowledge, those rarer gifts in which he excelled most men who were merely geologists. Foremost amongst these gifts were his power of allotting observed facts to their right places, and of giving luminous and glowing expression to the discoveries and details of his beloved science. This last gift was that which distinguished him from men who were his equals, and even his superiors in other respects. Though an indifferent poet, when he touched the lyre he could invest dry truths with striking imagery. He could not climb the summits of Parnassus, but he could break out fossils from its lower rocks. He wrote no language but his own, but he wrote that with a force which accomplished linguists envied. He wrote with an eloquence which reminds us of what we have heard from Dr. Chalmers in the pulpit. He wielded the pen in a manner which extorted the willing admiration of men who (like Buckland) had breathed the learned air of Oxford, and of others who breathed the balmy air of Belgravia. This was the incontestable evidence of his native genius. The man who for the best years of his life had handled only hammer and chisel, and inhaled the pernicious dust of Scotch sandstones, came at last to handle the pen in the style of a master of the art. Hence principally his large fame; hence the large sale of his books, and hence also (not to allude to painful circumstances) the interest which his name and his works still awaken. With the vast public, Style will always surpass Science,—and only when both are combined can Science herself, however noble, hope to

examples of this noble craft. Let an ordinary geologist try what he can make of a quarry as canvas for word painting. We have exhumed numerous fossils from numerous quarries and clay-beds, even from our boyhood upwards, but

we never got such a picture as this:

"I remember, as distinctly as if I had quitted it
but yesterday, the quarry in which, some two-andthirty years ago, I made my first acquaintance
with a life of toil and restraint, and at the same time first broke ground as a geologist. It formed a section about thirty feet in height by eighty or a hundred in length, in the front of a furze-covered bank, a portion of the old coast line; and presented an under bar of a deep-red sandstone arranged in nearly horizontal strata, and an upper bar of a pale-red clay roughened by projecting pebbles and boulders. Both deposits at the time were almost equally unknown to the geologist. The deep-red sandstone beneath formed a portion of that ancient sandstone beneath formed a portion of that ancests.

Old Red system which represents, as is now known,
the second great period of vertebrate existence on
our planet, and which has proved to the paleentologist so fertile a field of wonders: the pale clay above was a deposit of the boulder-clay resting on a grooved and furrowed surface of rock, and con-taining in abundance its scratched and polished pebbles. Old Red Sandstone and boulder-clay! a broad bar of each;—such was the compound problem propounded to me by the Fate that dropped me in a quarry; and I gave to both the patient study of years. But the older deposit soon became frank and communicative, and yielded up its or-ganisms in abundance, which furnished me with many a curious little anecdote of their habits when living, and of the changes which had passed over them when dead; and I was enabled, with little assistance from brother geologists, to give a history of the system to the world more than ten years ago. The boulder-clay, on the contrary, remained for years invincibly silent and sullen. I remember a time when, after passing a day under its barren scaurs, or hid in its precipitous ravines, I used to feel in the evening as if I had been travelling under the cloud of night, and had seen nothing. It was a morose and tacitum companion, and had no speculation in it. I might stand in front of its curved precipices, red, yellow, or grey (according to the prevailing colour of the rocks on which it rested), and might mark their water-rolled boulders of all kinds and sizes sticking out in bold relief from the surface, like the protuberances that roughen the rustic basements of the architect; but I had no 'Open Sesame' to form vistas through them into the recesses of the past."

Another coigne of 'vantage for this author is, that he intermixes with the details of his Scotch geology brief glimpses of the ancient world. When, for example, he is speaking of a geological period coeval with the early age of the boulder-clay, he depicts, in a style hardly to be surpassed in any of his works, the following

visionary scene :visionary scene:—
"Ages pass, and usher in the succeeding period
of the boulder-clay. The prospect, no longer that
of a continuous land, presents us with a wintry
archipelago of islands, broken into three groupes
by two deep ocean-sounds,—the ocean-sound of
the great Caledonian Valley, and that of the
broader but shallower valley which stretches across
the island from the Clyde to the Forth. We stand full in front of one of these vast ocean-rivers,southern one. There are snow-enwrapped islets on either side. Can yonder thickly-set cluster be the half-submerged Pentlands? and yonder pair of islets, connected by a low flat neck, the eastern and western Lomonds? and yonder half-tide rock, and western Lomonds? and yonder half-tide rock, blackened with algæ, and around which a shoal of porpoises are gamboling, the summit of Arthur's Seat? The wide sound, now a rich agricultural valley, is here studded by its fleets of tall icebergs,—there cumbered by its level fields of drift-ice. Nature sports wantonly amid every variety of form; and the motion of the great floating masses, set in the later with which expectative problems. can Science herself, however noble, hope to obtain a general welcome.

The volume before us will afford some good

Here a flat-roofed temple, surrounded by colonnades

of hoar and wasted columns, comes drifting past; there a cathedral, furnished with towers and spire, strikes heavily against the rocky bottom, many fathoms beneath, and its nodding pinnacles stoop at every blow. Yonder, already fast aground, there rests a ponderous castle, with its curtained towers, its arched gateway, and its multitudinous turrets, reflected on the calm surface beneath; and pyrareflected on the calm surface beneath; and pyra-mids and obelisks, buttressed ramparts, and em-brazured watch-towers, with shapes still more fantastic,—those of ships, and trees, and brute and human forms,—crowd the retiring vista beyond. There is a scarce less marked variety of colour. The intense white of the field-ice, thinly covered with snow and elithering without shade in the dewith snow, and glittering without shade in the de-clining sun, dazzles the eye. The taller icebergs gleam in hues of more softened radiance,—here of gream in nues or more sortened radiance,—nere or an emerald green, there of a sapphire blue, yonder of a paley marble grey; the light, polarized by a thousand cross reflections, sports amid the planes and facets, the fissures, and pinnacles, in all the rainbow gorgeousness of the prismatic hues. And bright over all rise on the distant horizon the detached mountaintons now catching a flush of bright over all rise on the distant horizon the detached mountain-tops, now catching a flush or crimson and gold from the setting luminary. But the sun sinks, and the clouds gather, and the night comes on black with tempest; and the grounded masses, moved by the violence of the aroused winds, grate heavily along the bottom; and while the whole heavens are foul with sleet and snow-rack, and the driving masses clash in rude collision, till all beneath is one wide stunning roar, the tortured sea boils and dashes around them, turbid with the comminuted débris of the fretted rocks below."

After this effort he triumphantly acks whether

After this effort he triumphantly asks whether, as alleged, modern science is really adverse to the exercise and development of the imaginative faculty?—and he replies, "True, in an age like the present—considerably more scientific than poetical—Science substitutes for the smaller poetral—Science substitutes for the smaller poetry of fiction the great poetry of truth; and there is a more general interest felt in new revelations of what God has wrought than in exhibitions of what the humbler order of poets have half-borrowed, or half-invented. * * From His works and His actings have the masters or the lyre ever derived their choicest materials; and whenever a truly great poet arises—one that will add a profound intellect to a powerful imagination—he will find science not his enemy, but an obsequious caterer and a devoted friend."

In the same style, further on, he replies to the self-proposed question—What is it that imparts to Nature its poetry? His answer is as poetic as may be; albeit he knows not that the Sinaitic Inscriptions have now been con-vincingly shown to be of a far later age than that of the wandering Children of Israel, to whom indeed they bear no relation:

"Nature is a vast tablet, inscribed with signs, each of which has its own significancy, and becomes poetry in the mind when read; and geology is simply the key by which myriads of these signs, hitherto undecipherable, can be unlocked and the signs of the second of the and perused, and thus a new province added to the poetical domain. We are told by travellers, that the rocks of the wilderness of Sinai are lettered over with strange characters, inscribed during the forty years' wanderings of Israel. They testify, in their very existence, of a remote past, when the cloud-o'ershadowed tabernacle rose amid the tents of the desert; and who shall dare say whether to the scholar who could dive into their hidden meanings they might not be found charged with the very songs sung of old by Moses and by Miriam, when the sea rolled over the pride of Egypt? To the geologist every rock bears its inscription engraved in ancient hieroglyphic characters, that tell of the Control in the large of the of the Creator's journeyings of old, of the laws which He gave, the tabernacles which He reared, and the marvels which He wrought,—of mute and the marvets which He wrought,—of mute prophecies wrapped up in type and symbol,—of earth gulfs that opened, and of reptiles that flew,—of fiery plagues that devastated on the dry land, and of hosts more numerous than that of Pharaoh, that 'sank like lead in the mighty waters'; and,

having in some degree mastered the occult meanings of these strange hieroglyphics, we must be permitted to refer, in asserting the poetry of our science, to the sublime revelations with which they are charged, and the vivid imagery which they conjure up."

The sterile and rigid aspect of trappean and igneous rock districts is known to all geologists, and familiar to all travellers amidst them, though they know nothing of geology. To elicit a page of graphic history out of these, might seem as hopeless as searching for flowers on Salisbury Crags, or fountains on Arthur's Seat. But listen again to this imaginative geologist, who here becomes a verbal artist of

unquestionable power:-

"Vast beds of trappean rock,—greenstone, and columnar basalt, and amygdaloidal porphyry,—have been wedged from beneath, as molten injections, between the old sedimentary strata; vast waves of translation have come rolling outwards from that disturbed centre, as some submarine hill. elevated by the force of the fiery injection-as the platform of a hydraulic press is elevated when the pump is plied—has raised its broad back over the tide, only, however, to yield piecemeal to the denuding currents and the storm-raised surf of centuries. And now, for day after day has there been a succession of earthquake shocks, that, as the plutonic paroxysm increases in intensity, become stronger and more frequent, and the mountain-waves roll outwards in ever-widening circles, to rise and fall in distant and solitary seas, or to break in long lines of foam on nameless islands unknown to the geographer. And over the roar of waves or the rush of tides we may hear the growlings of a subterranean thunder, that now dies away in low deep mutterings, and now, ere some fresh earthquake shock tempests the sea bellows wildly from the abyss. The billows fall back in boiling eddies; the solid strata are upheaved into a flat dome, crusted with corals and shells; it cracks, it severs, a dark gulf yawns suddenly in the midst; a dense strongly variegated cloud of mingled smoke and steam arises black as midnight in its central volumes, but chequered, where the boiling waves hiss at its edge, with wreaths of white; and anon, with the noise of many waters, a broad sheet of flames rushes upwards a thousand fathoms into Vast masses of molten rock, that glow red amid even the light of day, are hurled into the air, and then, with hollow sound, fall back into the chasm, or, descending hissing amid the vexed waters, fling high the hot spray, and send the cross circlets of wave which they raise athwart the heavings of the huger billows propelled from the dis-turbed centre within. The crater rises as the thick showers of ashes descend: and amid the rending of rocks, the roaring of flames, the dashings of waves, the hissings of submerged lava, and the hollow grumblings of the abyss, the darkness of a starless night descends upon the deep. Anon, and we are startled by the shock of yet another and more terrible earthquake; yet another column of flame rushes into the sky, casting a lurid illumination on the thick rolling reek and the pitchy heavings of the wave: seen but for a moment, we may mark the silvery glitter of scales, for there is a shoal of dead fish floating past; and as the co-ruscations of an electric lightning darts in a thousand fiery tongues from the cloud, some startled monster of the deep bellows in terror from the dank sea beyond.

We know not that we have ever read more Dantesque geology than this. Now, as a counterpart, let us present another picture. We remember that the late John Foster, the celebrated essayist, and also a Baptist preacher, had once in a village discourse indulged in an imaginative strain, relating to all the several thoughts and deeds that might have been cherished and done underneath a huge tree then opposite to him. A countryman, who was his auditor, gave the best evidence of the preacher's power, when he assured us that, although he had previously passed under that

tree, "man and boy," for many years, yet, ever since he had heard "Parson Foster," he had a "mortal dread" of the said tree, and always went half a mile round to avoid it. Such was John Foster's living tree; now for Hugh Miller's petrified tree; and we should set him down as hopelessly dull who, after reading the subjoined prose-poem could ever afterwards pass a piece of petrified wood with indifference:—

But let us trace the history of a single pine-tree of the Oolite, as indicated by its petrified remains. This gnarled and twisted trunk once anchored its roots amid the crannies of a precipice of dark-grey sandstone, that rose over some nameless stream of the Oolite, in what is now the north of Scotland. The rock, which, notwithstanding its dingy colour, was a deposit of the Lower Old Red Sandstone, formed a member of the fish-beds of that system,beds that were charged then, as now, with numerous fossils, as strange and obsolete in the creation of the Oolite as in the creation which at present exists. It was a firm, undestructible stone, covered by a thin, barren soil; and the twisted rootlets of the pine, rejected and thrown backwards from its more solid planes, had to penetrate into its narrow fissures for a straitened and meagre subsistence. The tree grew but slowly: in considerably more than half a century it had attained to a diameter of little more than ten inches a foot over the soil : and its bent and twisted form gave evidence of the life of hardship to which it was exposed. It was, in truth, a picturesque rag of a tree, that for the first few feet twisted itself round like an overborne wrestler struggling to escape from under his enemy, and then struck out at an abrupt angle, and stretched itself like a bent arm over the stream. It must have re-sembled, on its bald eminence, that pine-tree of a later time described by Scott, that high above 'ash and oak,

Cast anchor in the rifted rock, And o'er the giddy chasm hung His shatter'd trunk, and frequent flung, Where seem'd the cliffs to meet on high. His boughs athwart the narrow'd sky.

The seasons passed over it: every opening spring gave its fringe of tenderer green to its spiky foliage, and every returning autumn saw it shed its cones into the stream below. Many a delicate fern sprang up and decayed around its gnarled and fantastic root, single-leaved and simple of form, like the Scolopendria of our caverns and rock recesses, or fretted into many a slim pinnate leaflet, like the minute maidenhair or the graceful lady-fern. Flying reptiles have perched amid its boughs; the light-winged dragonfly has darted on wings of gauze through the openings of its lesser twigs; the tortoise and the lizard have hybernated during the chills of winter amid the hollows of its roots; for many years it formed one of the minor features in a wild picture sque scene, on which human eye never looked; and at length, touched by decay, its upper branches began to wither and bleach white in the winds of heaven; when shaken by a sudden hurricane that came roar ing adown the ravine, the mass of rock in which it had been anchored at once gave way, and, bearing fast jambed among its roots, a fragment of the mass which we still find there, and from which we read a portion of its story, it was precipitated into the foaming torrent. Dancing on the eddies, or lingering amid the pools, or shooting, arrow-like, adown the rapids, it at length finds its way to the sea; and after sailing over beds of massive coral, -the ponderous Isastrea and more delicate Thamnastrea, - and after disturbing the Enaliosaur and Belemnite in their deep-green haunts, it sinks, saturated with water, into a bed of arenaceous mud, to make its appearance, after long ages, in the world of man,marble mummy of the old Oolite forests,-and to be curiously interrogated regarding its character and history.

Most of our readers must have seen the restorations of the chief extinct animals in the gardens of the Sydenham Palace, and amongst these they must have particularly noticed the huge and horrid Iguanodon—that monster, whose form and habits Mantell first surmised, and whose anatomy was so gradually but beautifully educed from the various remains of the

animal disinterred from the ancient Wealds of Sussex. Now Hugh Miller makes the plaster restoration of Mr. Hawkins to walk, and with his vivid words he reclothes and refits the enormous bones of the same animal ranged in the gallery of the British Museum. Step forth, then, thou revivified monster!—

"But hark! what sounds are these? tramp, tramp, tramp,—crash, crash. Tree-fern and clubmoss, cycas and zamia, yield to the force and momentum of some immense reptile, and the colossal Iguanodon breaks through. He is tall as the tallest elephant, but from tail to snout greatly more than twice as long; bears, like the rhinoceros, a short horn on his snout; and has his jaws thickly implant-ed with saw-like teeth. But, though formidable from his great weight and strength, he possesses the comparative inoffensiveness of the herbivorous animals; and, with no desire to attack, and no necessity to defend, he moves slowly onward, deliberately munching, as he passes, the succulent stems The sun is fast sinking, and, as of the cycadacea. the light thickens, the reaches of the neighbouring river display their frequent dimples, and ever and anon long scaly backs are raised over its surface. Its numerous crocodileans are astir; and now they quit the stream, and we see its thick hedge-like lines of Equisetaceæ open and again close, as they rustle through, to scour, in quest of prey, the dank mea-dows that line its banks. There are tortoises that will this evening find their protecting armour of carapace and plastron all too weak, and close their long lives of centuries. And now we saunter downwards to the shore, and see the ground-swell breaking white in the calm against ridges of coral scarce less white. The shores are strewed with shells of pearl -the whorled Ammonite and the Nautilus amid the gleam of ganoidal scales, reflected from the green depths beyond, we may see the phosphoric trail of the Belemnite, and its path is over shells of strange form and name,-the sedentary Gryphæa, the Perna, and the Plagiostoma."

It is true that we have been exhibiting the author's masterpieces of geological landscape; it is true that in these he has exerted all his skill, laying on his colours in animals like a Cuyp, in trees like a Ruysdael, and in dark, dreamy visions like a Martin. Of course there are wide interspaces of level description, where the colours are few and quiet, where the touches are ordinary and unattractive; but from the nature of the subject, it could not be otherwise. The noticeable point is this: that whenever an opportunity occurs the artist in words embraces it. In walking over rocks and diving into quarries, it is obvious that the flowers must be rarer than when ambulating on gravel walks, between artificially-stocked parterres; yet, as the rock-flower is the more valued because of its unexpectedness; as we admiringly gaze upon the wild flowers of Swiss slopes with the greater joy after having our eyes dazzled with the long stretches of bare glistening ice; so we the more gladly welcome these gorgeous descriptions, because of the bare backgrounds on which they are drawn, and the rough, angular, rigid rocks out of which they arise.

As a prime consequence of this picturesque style of treatment, Mr. Miller's books are acceptable, perhaps, not so much as the works of a geologist as of a masterly verbal artist. Yet in the general admiration of his scene-drawing pen, some of his still more valuable characteristics are seldom remembered. His geology, though wrought out for himself as respects Scotland, and won by himself from books and rarely enjoyed conversations as regards the world at large, is remarkably correct and consistent. While here and there in the volume before us, a few statements require correction or modification, the mass of matter is as technically true as if it had found its place in an orderly treatise on Geology. Many imaginative writers on science fail not in their fancy, but in their facts; they

orna com rega This mere be sa geolo auth whol and f Ev be str this g of hi roam tain : hill-e intere igneo for h earlie down the cl with the ur or rev abrup no spe fancy, brick-

Nº

they

inve

perc

with

lonely in sear dissect theory cold m hazel-1 forests to com were su with postone of finely c closing

glance

minut

lias-sh

organi

anythi

choly t could s awful d natural by an from or income faith in as on ar and ac present by his tive aud -how, the regi is an i

selemn

literary

gies, and

thankles

perilous

he

li.

ng nd

tle

hat

ra-

ing

arl

orie s of

æa.

the

ce a

ark. iere

ches

the

vise.

r an

em-

ving

nust alks,

, as

se of

apon

with

o we

des on ular, sque

e ac-

of a

et in

pen,

istics

ough

l, and joyed

ge, is here

state-, the if it

se on ience they perceptions of what he designed to clothe with his own expressive sentences. Hence, his dressing is tasteful. The colours of his ornamental additions are well matched to the ornamental additions are well matched to the complexion of his nude facts. There are few incongruities, and supreme as his fancy is—regal as it is among all his faculties—scarcely an instance will be found (at least in this volume) where it has tyrannized over truth, or set up its throne on the ruins of right. or set up its throne on the ruins of right. This is highly meritorious; for while, as to the mere statement of geological facts, we might be satisfied with Lyell's 'Elements,' and as to geological theory, with the same accomplished author's 'Principles,'—in this 'Sketch Book' we have facts and theories combined, and the whole arranged in habiliments of brightest hues and fairest folds.

Every attentive reader of this volume will be struck with the full-hearted enjoyment which this gifted wanderer must have felt in the scenery of his native land. While ordinary tourists roam there in search only of the grand moun-tain range, or the dark defile, or the blue and hill-embosomed lake, Hugh Miller found equal interest in morasses and bogs, sand-dunes, and igneous rocks. Not a stone but had its story for him,—not a stream but told to him its earliest history. When wearied with bending down to the earth, he could look up and admire the cloud-laden sky, whether the sun broke out with hasty glances, or darted flashing across the unlovely moors, or lit up some bosky recess, or revealed more strikingly the rigidity of some abrupt cliff or iron-bound shore. There was no spot which did not furnish something to his fancy, or facts for his note-book. Patches of brick-clay and boulder-clay were searched for minute shells; moist, oozing masses of black lias-shale were lifted up for their accumulated organisms; wayfaring men were questioned on anything that might illustrate his science; lonely bays and shores were trodden joyously in searching for cuttle-fish, and these were dissected and described from eye to tail; the theory of the ocean's level was discussed; black cold marshes were probed for their numerous hazel-nuts, showered down from forgotten forests; in fine, those aspects of Nature which to common folks were most forbidding, to him were suggestive of fruitful fancies, and replete

with perpetual instruction.
Such is the latest fruit of Miller's labours of love, for this volume appears to be the topmost stone of his literary monument. As such, it is finely chiselled and elaborately ornamental. In closing the book, we cannot avoid a retrospective glance at his glorious career, and at its melancholy termination. How, we say to ourselves, could such a man turn aside into the regions of awful darkness? Richly gifted as he was by natural endowments; well sustained as he was by an adequate income (for we have learnt from one of his most intimate friends what that income was); fully supported by a religious faith in things unseen, on which he could soar as on an eagle's pinion; blessed with an amiable and accomplished wife, as the Preface to the present volume proves; admired exceedingly by his countrymen; commanding most attentive audiences, and largely increasing readers; -how, we say, could such a man wander into the regions of despair where no light is? This is an inscrutable mystery, but it affords a selemn lesson to writers and readers. Let literary men beware of overtasking their energies, and let readers, too often thoughtless and thankless, remember how finely strung, and how perilously fragile, are those delicate instruments

Opportunities for Industry and the Safe Invest-ment of Capital; or, a Thousand Chances to make Money. By Edwin T. Freedley. (Low & Co.)

WHEN a man writes upon the Art of Money making, he secures a large and attentive audience; and when he professes to show how wealth can be obtained with little labour and with less capital, he interests the whole human

Mr. Edwin T. Freedley is an American writer, connected, if we mistake not, with Hunt's Merchants' Magazine. He believes in markets; in ingenuity; in natural advantages; in the development of resources (a taking phrase, which is very largely used, but scarcely defined in all the debates upon the vexed question of Indian finance); he collects accounts of various foreign productions from magazines, cyclopædias and commercial dictionaries; he gives us recipes of all kinds, from the secret of destroying bugs and vermin, to the cure of hydrophobia and delirium tremens; he speculates upon the future of balloons as an organized means of conveyance, and he puts together about a thousand of these and the puts together about a thousand of these and other things, under the heading of "Chances to make Money." When we have read them, we are not much wiser than we were before. Many of the "chances" are, no doubt, what their name implies—a field for adventuring capital with much risk, and prospect of an exceptional success; but this is hardly what is understood by a "safe investment." Mr. Freedley, we are willing to believe, may possess one or two valuable pieces of private knowledge, but he gives us no means of judging what these are, and he raises doubts in our minds by being so wonderfully universal. If he came before us in the hard-headed, simple character of one who had made a large fortune in some particular branch of industry, and who wished to explain the way in which the trick was done, we might listen to his teaching with some little faith; but as we have but a slender belief in the reliability of encyclopædical men, we are compelled to question the safety of following so very versatile a guide.

Here and there, scattered through the book, are some sensible remarks, and we quote a favourable passage, that refers to a subject of some interest at the present moment—the trade

"Respecting trade with Japan, which has recently manifested a disposition to enter the family of commercial nations, by opening several of her important ports to American and other vessels, ex-pectations have been formed which it is not likely will be realized. It is probable that what are now called advantages, will prove very disadvantageous to many adventurous persons. The Japanese have never given evidence of a desire to procure the commercial products of other nations, by paying a remunerative price for them. Even the Dutch, who for two hundred years have had a monopoly of the Japan trade, have never, if we can believe the abstracts professedly taken from the Com-pany's books at Batavia, made a profit on their outward cargoes. In 1804-5, an invoice amounting to \$212,000 from Java, consisting of sugar, rice

are insufficiently acquainted with the truths they would render popular by picturesque investiture. But Mr. Miller had the clearest perceptions of what he designed to clothe with his own expressive sentences. Hence, his dressing is tasteful. The colours of his leave a balance in their favour of only \$44,000. leave a balance in their favour of only \$44,000. At this time it is not probable that Japan exports would sell as well as formerly; and, with the exception of fancy articles, as highly-varnished furniture and lacquered-ware, with which the markets can be easily over-stocked, the valuable products, so far as known, are identical with those of several other countries offering greater advantage. tages for profitable exchanges. An enumeration of tages for prontable exchanges. An enumeration of the products comprises—diamonds, topaz, rock crystal, gold and silver, copper, of which it has many productive mines, iron, tin, lead, tutenag, sulphur, coal, saltpetre, salt, camphor, pearls, corals, ambergris, rice, tea, wrought silk, lacquered-ware, and eartherwore." ware, and earthenware.'

Mr. Freedley, in laying down his theory of industry or enterprise, does not distinguish sufficiently between what are legitimate profits and what are gambling winnings; nor does he take any trouble to divide the pure, bare interest of capital, from the rewards obtained by extraordinary ingenuity, or a valuable special knowledge. Handbooks are very useful to tourists, but very bad guides for speculative capitalists. Any man who turned to the heading of "France," in the index to the book, and, after finding which was the most favourable locality for planting a vineyard, straightway sold out of the Three-per-cents, and, without any knowledge of wine-growing whatever, transformed himself into a cultivator of the grape, would, in all probability, have cause before long to regret his precipitate venture, and curse Mr. Freedley's volume to the end of his days. Such information, got together from all sources, without much inquiry or investigation, can never be meant for a practical guide to investments, but rather as a volume for the use of those well-informed men, who affect universal knowledge at debating clubs and dinner-

Chronicles and Memorials of Great Britain and Ireland during the Middle Ages. Published by the Authority of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, under the Direc-tion of the Master of the Rolls. (Longman

Sir John Romilly has grown into one of the largest and boldest publishers of books in London. His presses never rest and his readers never tire. Under his auspices, as our readers have seen from month to month for three years past, a collection of materials for the history of this country is being shaped to the scholar's hand such as few countries in the world can nand such as rew countries in the world can boast. Only a week ago we were dealing with the second volume of 'Calendars of Domestic Papers' edited by Mr. Bruce. We have now on our table for early notice a fourth volume of the 'Calendars' prepared by Mrs. Everett Green. Besides this thick volume of 'Calendars'. dars' we have before us four new volumes, more or less thick, of the ancient Chronicles. This flush of enterprise, while, redounding in the very highest degree to the credit of Sir John to \$212,000 from Java, consisting of sugar, rice, tin, sapan wood, nutmegs, spices, pig-lead, and prints and cloths, which, after adding all expenses, outfit, &c., cost, laid down at Nangasaiki, \$380,000, sold at a loss which was perfectly ruinous—the entire outward cargo only netting \$92,000. But the return cargo of copper and camphor changed the result of the voyage—realizing \$886,000, and giving the Company a clear profit of over a half million of dollars. In 1806, however, the Dutch ship did not do so well; the cargo, costing \$394,000, produced only \$567,000, thus netting but \$173,000. But even this average the English

A few words on each of the credit of Sir John Romilly and his staff, inflicts some slight emparrassment on a critic who has to report on everything new to his readers, at a length proportioned in some way to the importance of the work. The Government volumes now on our table would require a whole Athenœum for their due exposition. This very amplitude and magnificence of publication compels us to imitate the auctioneers who describe and disperse articles too vast to be brought into their rooms. of the name and substance of each.

In Volumes II. and III. of The Buik of the Chroniclis of Scotland; or, a Metrical Version of the History of Hector Boece, by William Stewart, Mr. W. B. Turnbull has brought to an end a great heap of printing, which we could very well have spared. The editorial work is done well, and of course no fault can be found with paper and type, except that much good material should have been wasted on a mass of doggrel rhymes, longer than the Homeric poems, which have no value whatever for history and very little for philosophy. The book was badly chosen; but for this choice we do not blame Mr. Turnbull, well knowing the power of that old red tape rule of trying to conciliate all par-ties at the expense of the State. Scotland might have been served as well as propitiated. But red tape has no soul.

We can speak with far more gratification to ourselves, and to the editor, of Mr. J. Gairdner's volume, Memorials of King Henry the Seventh.

This publication embraces in its sheets Bernard Andre's 'Vita' and 'Annales,' 'Les Douze Tri-omphes de Henry VII.,' 'Roger Machado's Journal of his Embassies,' with two or three other fragments. All these are bound together, and their scattered lights concentrated and secured by means of prefaces, appendices, glossaries and an index. Mr. J. Gairdner has done his work with a sufficing care and emphasis. By way of illustrating his powers of historical reconsideration, we may cite one or two cases in which he corrects popular errors. Every one knows the dark figure which Bacon has imagined as Henry the Seventh entering London after the fall of Richard Crookback: the king, reserved and haughty, closed in his chariot, insensible to the frowns or cries of his new subjects,—a figure in stern keeping with the whole character of him as philosophically given by Bacon, and not at all in keeping with the figure of the victorious Richmond drawn by Shakspeare. Bacon's portrait has been signed by the historians. We now find that the whole conception of this solemn and defiant entry is a blunder-caused by the misreading of a single

word. Says Mr. Gairdner :-"'The mayor and companies of the city,' says Lord Bacon in his 'Life of Henry VII.,' 'received him at Shoreditch; whence, with great and honorable attendance, and troops of noblemen and per sons of quality, he entered the city, himself not being on horseback, or in any open chair or throne, but in a close chariot, as one that, having been sometimes an enemy to the whole state, and a proscribed person, chose rather to keep state, and strike a reverence into people, than to fawn upon them.' Lord Bacon never mentions his authorities; but Speed, who wrote his 'History of Great Britain' about the same time as Bacon his 'Life of Henry VII.,' says something of the same sort, and gives a reference to the source of his information. 'Henry staid not,' says Speed, 'in ceremonious greetings and popular acclamations, which, it seems, he did purposely eschew; for that, as Andreas saith, he entered covertly, meaning belike, in a horse-litter or close chariot.' Thus it will be seen that the close chariot, set down as a fact in Bacon, is in Speed no more than a conjecture, grounded upon the single word 'covertly,' or 'latenter,' which he quotes in the margin from 'latenter,' which he quotes in the margin from Bernard André. But the passage in Bernard André has been misread in the MS.; the word which André uses is not 'latenter,' but 'latenter'; and whatever may have been Henry's manner to the people, the story of the covered chariot must be held purely imaginary."

The covered chariot, the haughty reserve, the fearful suspicion, pass away into a clatter of joy bells and popular shouts. The King enters "joyfully," and the romance of Bacon's invention goes to the ground. What a warning

may venture, just enough to inform the reader | to historians who jump at conclusions from a

Another point on which new and steady light is thrown by Mr. Gairdner's authorities the marvellous story of Perkin Warbeck. Bacon is followed by nearly all modern writers on the details of this imposture. The following extracts are full of interest :-

"The surmise of some modern writers that he was no impostor, but the true Duke of York, is almost justified by the manner in which his history is related. The account given in Lord Bacon's 'History of Henry VII.' is the real origin of what is said of him by the generality of later historians; and certainly, with Lord Bacon before us, it is easy enough to indulge, like Walpole, in 'Historic enough to indulge, like Walpole, in 'Historic Doubts.' The elaborate training, for instance that Margaret is said to have given to her pupil that he might act his part with consistency, and tell his story without varying, may very well strike the reader as a clumsy fiction to account for facts which could not be denied, and which, if Perkin were the true Duke of York, would require no explanation at all. 'She informed him,' says Lord Bacon, 'of all the circumstances and particulars that concerned the person of Richard, Duke of York, which he was to act; describing unto him the personages, lineaments, and features of the king and queen, his pretended parents, and of his brothers and sisters, and divers others that were nearest him in his childhood, together with all passages, some secret, some common, that were fit for a child's memory, until the death of King Edward. Then she added the particulars of the time, from the time of the King's death until he and his brother were committed to the Tower, as well during the time he was abroad as while he was in sanctuary. As for the times while he was in the Tower, and the manner of his brother's death, she knew they were things that a very few could control; and, therefore, she taught him only to tell a smooth and likely tale of those matters, warning him not to vary from it. It was agreed likewise between them what account he should give of his peregrination abroad, intermixing many things which were true, and such as they knew others could testify, for the credit of the rest, but still making them hang together with the part he was to play. She taught him, likewise, how to avoid sundry cartions and towards. avoid sundry captious and tempting questions which were like to be asked of him; she found him of himself so nimble and shifting as she trusted much to his own wit and readiness, and therefore labored the less in it.' Warbeck's personation of the Duke of York was really so perfect that it required all this to account for it, it is surely both a simpler and more rational hypothesis that he was no impostor at all. The one theory is as least as good as the other; for it is clear that there could be no direct evidence of the secret tuition given by Margaret to her pupil, and if such a statement as the above had been put forth at the time it could only serve to show that the facts were extremely difficult to be accounted for by any but Perkin's friends. It was not put forth at the time. Warbeck's acting was by no means so good as to require it. In a letter to Queen Isabella of Castile, he showed himself ignorant of the exact age of the character he was personating, by stating that he was nine years old, instead of eleven, at the time of his brother's murder. The statements of Lord Bacon are merely an exaggeration of those of Hall and Polydore Vergil, whose words, properly understood, only imply that the duchess taught him something about the affairs of England and the history of the House of York, so that at last he was able to pass himself off for a member of that family. Thus Polydore tell us:— 'Hunc Margarita aptum esse existimans quem confingeret esse illum Edouardi regis sui fratris filium ducem Eboracensem, cui nomen fuit Ricardus, apud se aliquandiu occulte tenuit, docuitque ita diligenter de rebus Anglicis, deque Eboracensis domus institutis atque genere, ut ille postea omnia memoria teneret, facile narraret, mores repræsentaret, faceretque apud omnes fidem per ea, se in

stirpis, cupide suorum majorum laudes consequi nitantur.' * This is all we are told about Perkin's tuition by writers who lived near the time, and it must be remarked that even when Polydore wrote the adventures of Perkin Warbeck must have been a very old story. Moreover, Polydore was not in England at the time they happened, and must have trusted to the memories of persons then living, who possibly assigned a trifle more efficacy to the intrigues of the duchess than was really due to them. But neither Polydore's words nor Hall's, nor indeed those of any writer before Lord Bacon, at nor indeed those of any writer before Lord Bacon, at all justify the minute description which that author gives of his training, and which, supported by his great name, has been received for history ever since. Hence, I think, much of the ingenious reasoning of Horace Walpole, who is at pains to show in his 'Historic Doubts' by what a number of methods Perkin's pretensions, if not genuine, might have been control my the product of the control of the co might have been confuted, must lose its force. is an argument, not from the facts of history, but from the statements of Lord Bacon. We have no from the statements or Loru Dacon. We have no reason to believe that the imposture was really so successful as to be worth confuting by irrefragable evidence; and the assertion of Walpole that the duchess could not have told Perkin what passed in the Tower may be admitted without crediting his pretensions. Another error of Lord Bacon in treating of this subject has already been pointed out by Sir Frederic Madden. Bernard André tells us that Perkin was brought up in England by a Jew named Edward, who had afterwards been baptized, and to whom Edward the Fourth had stood godfather. Even Speed has confused this plain piece of information, telling us that Warbeck was the son of a converted Jew; and Lord Bacon has not only fallen into this error, but has also committed the egregious blunder of making Perkin himself King Edward's godson. This, of course, does not escape Walpole's criticism. 'Can one help laughing, says he, 'at being told that a king called Edward gave the name of Peter to his godson ?' Nor does the mistake end here; for Lord Bacon adds a conjecture of his own (which Hume further improves by giving it as an opinion of con-temporaries), that Perkin was not only King Edward's godson, but his son. And, as conjecture leads to conjecture, Walpole has drawn from this the inference that his likeness to King Edward could not be denied!

Bacon could not help embellishing everything he touched; even truth and common facts took new glories at his hands. It was noticed by his contemporaries that he could not report a conversation or tell an anecdote without adding to it something new and brilliant. Men could not tell their own words again as he reported them. This marvellously vital and prolific power of ornament he exercised on all occasions, so that everything from his lip or his pen is stamped with a special Baconian character.

Not less creditable to the editor or less precious to the future historian is Mr. C. A. Cole's volume of *Memorials of Henry the Fifth*. This addition to our scanty knowledge of the hero of Agincourt consists of three parts - Historia Henrici Quinti,' by Robert Red-man or Redmaigne, of whom nothing more is known with any certainty than the very little he has chosen to tell himself,—'Versus Rhymici in Laudem Regis Henrici Quinti,' by a writer whose name is unknown, but who is conceived to have been an ecclesiastic attached to the royal household,—and 'Liber Metricus de Henrico Quinto,' by the Benedictine monk Thomas of Elmham, whose history of the 'Monastery of St. Augustine at Canterbury' we have lately reviewed. Mr. Cole has taken pains to indicate the places where new matter turns up in these Chronicles for the illustration of our popular king; or even where a confirma-tion of a precious legend occurs; as, for example, where Redman confirms Hall's story of the insult offered to the Chief Justice, and sentaret, necercique apud omnes nuem per es, so in Eboracensi familia procreatum; quia hoc generi the Prince's sequestration from the council as hominum natura quasi datum est ut qui sunt ejus a punishment. This is done wisely and well.

esce The fore sma and it n ceas com chol she Out kine

was

to be

Her

N A

in

Or lai

by it He

wi

mi

SH

tid

Fo

Int

rei

spi

7th

La

mi

Mi

Mr

con

nig

the

fug

trial 66 dress papa Free comi on th thou so I wate

was s

toget of the not s disap my h was g Dr. I sadly it is r it is the ro But t

hear t

Of th

My p

now,

Th

An ample preface, a copious glossary and an index of contents in English, very cleverly arranged and displayed, make this volume one from Lucknow, tending him with passionate of the handiest of the whole series.

A Widow's Reminiscences of the Siege of Lucknow. (Nisbet.)

Or all the sad tales of suffering and sorrow relating to the Indian revolt this is the saddest. The pathos of the narrative loses nothing, too, by the simple but appropriate language in which it is told. The 22nd of May 1857 found Robert Henry Bartrum, of the Bengal Medical Service, with his young wife, stationed at Gonda, eighty miles from Lucknow. Their tranquil life was suddenly broken in upon by the alarming tidings of the massacres of Meerut and Delhi. For a time the 3rd regiment of Oudh Irregular Infantry, to which Dr. Bartrum was attached. remained seemingly loyal, but, as defection spread around them, it became apparent that they too would join their brethren. On the 7th of June a message arrived from Sir H. Lawrence desiring that the ladies and children might be sent into Lucknow for greater security. Mrs. Bartrum, therefore, and her child and Mrs. Clark, wife of Lieut. Clark, second in command of the regiment, started the same night for the capital. Dr. Bartrum remained at his post till the 11th, when the officers of the 2nd Oudh Irregular Infantry came in as the zad Gala Fregular Inlantry came in as fugitives from Sekrora, and then the officers of the two corps made for Balrámpúr, and thence escaped to Gorakhpúr, and so to Banáras. They subsequently joined Havelock's avenging

Meantime Mrs. Bartrum was going through all the horrors of the siege. Shut up in one small miserable room with nine grown people and several children, and unable to stir from it night or day, owing to the shot which never ceased whizzing all around them, she saw her companions sink one after the other from cholera, small-pox or famine. At last, when she was left almost alone, the joyful news of Outram and Havelock's approach came to kindle again the dying embers of Hope. It was then she learned that her husband was with the relieving force. But those hopes were soon to be again extinguished, never to be rekindled. Her own words best tell the bitterness of the

"September 26.—Was up with the daylight, and dressed myself and baby in the one clean dress which dressed myself and baby in the one clean dress which I had kept for him throughout the siege until his papa should come. I took him out and met Mr. Freeling, who told me that dear Robert was just coming in, that they had been sharing the same tent on the march, and that he was in high spirits at the thought of meeting his wife and child again. I waited eventuing to see him but he did not come waited, expecting to see him, but he did not come, so I gave baby his breakfast and sat at the door to watch for him again full of happiness. I felt he was so near me that at any moment we might be together again: and here I watched for him nearly all day. In the evening I took baby up to the top of the Residency, to look down the road, but I could not see him coming and returned back to my room disappointed. September 27.—Still watching for my husband, and still he came not, and my heart was growing very sick with anxiety. This afternoon Dr. Darby came to me: he looked so kindly and so sadly in my face, and I said to him 'How strange it is my husband is not come in!'—'Yes,' he said 'it is strange!' and turned round and went out of the room. Then the thought struck me: Something has happened which they do not like to tell me! But this was agony too great almost to endure, to hear that he had been struck down at our very gates. Of this first hour of bitter woe I cannot spea My poor little fatherless boy! who is to care for us

The cup of sorrow was almost full, but that

was still to come which should make a reliable ming over. The poor widow saved her child from Lucknow, tending him with passionate devotion through all those weary hours of privation and disease. She reached Calcutta with him at last, but only to see him die; and so, having lost her all, she asks the tears of those who read her story, and has them too, and wherever this siege is spoken of there shall be sympathy for her until Lucknow itself is remembered no more.

Reminiscences of the Discipline, Customs, and Usages in the Royal Navy, in the "Good Old Times"—1814 to 1831. By Capt. Archibald Sinclair, R.N. (Simpkin, Marshall & Co.)

Capt. Sinclair belongs to a literary family—being of the stock of the worthy Sir John of the 'Statistical Account of Scotland,'—and of Miss Catherine Sinclair the novelist. His present pamphlet—for really it is only a pamphlet in boards—is slight enough in structure, but has its value as a contribution to a curious subjectthe social history of the British Navy. We have before had occasion to remark, that it would be well if our naval veterans employed their leisure sometimes in recalling the characteristics of a generation which has passed away, but the memory of which will long be cherished in this

Capt. Sinclair entered the service just at the close of the great war, but while our ships still reflected the habits and traditions of that period. The life affoat then was infinitely rougher than now in every way;—retained the old Spartan character which had bred the heroes of Trafalgar; and was varied only by the eccentric humour familiar to the public from the novels of Marryat. Capt. Sinclair does not use his privilege of "growling" at subsequent changes, partly, we think, from natural good-humour, but partly, also, because he grew up in the change, and did not feel it so strongly as those whom it found with their habits and notions permanently formed. The peculiar complaints of the last-mentioned class have long been sources of delight to the rising naval genera-

We must draw a thread or two from the Captain's yarn as specimens of the material. And, first for the manner in which a grateful country began the modern social changes in the navy, by throwing overboard some of the older school of its servants:—

"My first regular entry into the navy was to join the Morgiana, 74, a line-of-battle ship that had seen some service in the Mediterranean. In this ship I was the only youngster, and here I heard, for the first time, a phrase that was often and often repeated to myself, and others who foland often repeated to myself, and others won fol-lowed me, during all my service affoat, and with great truth—'Ah, my fine fellow, you entered the service at the right time. Your father was born before you, and you were born with a silver spoon in your mouth.' Or a hint would be thrown out that some one not a hundred miles off had en-tered at the hawse-holes, and by good conduct worked himself aft upon the quarter-deck, which would not have been achieved by some persons of his acquaintance. When this ship was paid off (with many others) at the close of 1814, every mate and midshipman went through the ordeal of what was then styled 'passing for a gentleman.' If you could not show that you were of gentle blood,

board ship to be inexhaustible.-

in their humour,-which generally bore a pro-

fessional character, and it was esteemed on

"It would scarcely be credited in the present day the almost total want of anecdotal power, or the faculty of telling a story, which pervaded all hands. Not only was there little or no invention, but even repetition did not seem to improve the original fault of bad telling. The same anecdote or stories were repeated over and over again, with little or no variation, and the listeners were like children, who, when once you have told them a story, do not like the smallest deviation, either in story, do not like the smallest deviation, either in word or deed, from the original text. It is at once and for ever stereotyped into their brain. If I have heard the story of a distinguished admiral and the midshipman's pig once, I have heard it a thousand times. It seemed a never-failing source of amusement and interest. Never palling upon the ear, it never came mad à propos, whether at the festive board or in the watches of the night. If you could tell it with a list you were considered a very could tell it with a lisp you were considered a very entertaining fellow, while some would hint that you had made a mistake in choosing a profession, and ought to have gone upon the stage, as you were a regular Liston in disguise. A poor pig is supposed to have fallen overboard at sea by some mischance, but although the admiral and other officers are at the time walking the deck, it does not create the sensation that might be expected, simply because no one knows to whom the pig belongs. At this moment, when all are in doubt what amount of trouble should be devoted to save the life of a pig, the admiral's steward whispers in his ear, 'admiral's pig.' The whole scene is now changed, and every exertion made to save life. The ship is hove to, the boate are about to be lowered, the admiral is nearly frantic with excitelowered, the admiral is nearly frantic with excite-ment; and there is a tradition that in these few minutes of anxiety, he muttered audibly some very excellent moral reflections upon the uncertainty of life, and the vanity of earthly riches and honours. inte, and the vanity of earthly riches and honours. But the whisperer was again at his ear. Two words changed the whole scene—'midshipman's pig.' In a moment the whole storm was allayed. In a clear and decided tone of voice orders were given, 'Keep fast the boats, and make sail.' The admiral retired to his cabin, mutering to himself 'Midshipman's nig ! poor pigar must die.'" 'Midshipman's pig! poor piggy must die

Here is a curious paragraph on "memorials," though the Captain seems to have missed a tradition which we have heard, that an eccentric officer once addressed their Lordships in rhyme,
—concluding (if we remember right) "And this take record on,-my name's Jemmy Gor-

"It would scarcely be credited now, the number of memorials of service written out, but not always sent, by disappointed officers of long standing and fair service. A month or a quarter was the shortest time ever allowed to elapse without sendshortest time ever allowed to elapse without sending one to the Admiratly, and as their lordships had no intention of being influenced or guided by them, they served the purpose of both parties, which was for the time to give them a certain degree of consequence among shipmates and friends on shore. A letter from their lordships was a tangible thing, which could be handed about, more especially to the unintitated, when it acknowledged the received of your letter, and stated in black and e receipt of your letter, and stated in black and the receipt of your letter, and stated in black and white that 'your name was noted for promotion.' There was a well-founded expectation of a large and general promotion taking place, so that our thoughts by day and dreams by night were centered in the coming great event. When some one suggested a change of topic once in the conversation, an old stager interrupted him, exclaiming in great wrath, 'Conversation, sir! Conversation is the bane of all society. Drink off your grog.' When you could not show that you were of gentle blood, or, what was of far more consequence, get some political influence to bear, you were simply discharged, and were considered to have no further claim on the service."

Probably not one in a thousand of our readers ever heard of the summary measure recorded in the last paragraph.

The "old school" were singularly primitive as I then was, would be promoted before him.

by

en

ck

on

ing od-

me

on-

ing

this

ard

ing

ook

by

rt a

ling

ould rted

lific

ons.

n is less

the edge

parts Red-

re is

little mici

riter

eived

the s de

nonk

the

y' we

aken atter

ation

irmaor ex-

story

and cil as

well.

and a portion of it had been carried away and

W slitted and the or be grand of the world be less than the less than th

ve

as

tw

di

Pi

tic

Ca

m

oth

suc

me

bey

not

ind

on

cle

and

of

tyr

its

exe

rece

reg

and ligh

pub

coni

tion

and

thou

I an

oppo

misr

trut

when

quot

Now, youngster, you have listened to a long yarn, and may turn in.'

Bernardo. 'Tis now struck twelve, get thee to bed, Francisco.
Francisco. For this relief, much thanks; 'tis bitter cold.

Hamlet.''

If a few old gentlemen of Capt. Sinclair's standing would combine to tell the world the kind of old stories that still accompany their wine, the public would read them with more curiosity than they do much that is published.

The Italian Valleys of the Pennine Alps: a Tour through all the romantic and less-fre-quented "Vals" of Northern Piedmont, from the Turentaise to the Gries. By the Rev. S. W. King M. With Illustration for S. W. King, M.A. With Illustrations from the Author's Sketches, Maps, &c. (Murray.) This is a book written from minute knowledge. and obviously in that spirit of truest enjoyment which kindles with every recollection of a holiday marked by novelty, and not without its zest of danger and endurance.-So fresh and interesting a record of summer days among the mountains has not been given to the public for a long time. But, to avoid disappointment, it must be added, that the freshness and interest lie in the matter rather than the manner. Our newest Alpine rambler plods somewhat, so far as his periods are concerned. His pronoun "we" becomes tiresome, — and his written sketches, like the illustrations after his drawings which garnish the volume, though faithful, we doubt not, are stiff. It may be advisable to condense and abbreviate this volume, if it is to render a service for which it is eminently qualified-namely, as a guide for those who intend to thread the mazes of the hill-world around Mont Blanc and Monte Rosa.

To give fair specimens of so closely knit a piece of work as this is not very easy. The start made by Mr. and Mrs. King (for our author was accompanied by his wife, who seems able to rough it as only well brought-up English women can do) was from the Monastery at St. Bernard:—where the terrible cold and bleakness of the site—the misery and pauperism of the usual clients, cretins, peasants, wandering pedlars—and the stout Samaritan devotion of the good monks, who may be said to die rather than to live on the Alps for the purpose of succouring pilgrims and strangers,—are at odd variance (so it seems, at least, to Protestant eyes) with the crimson satin and gold and lace fringes in which they celebrate matins in the grey dawn before the peasants descend the

pass:

"Service over at seven, we went, by a previous appointment with the Clavandier, to see the pea-sants, who had been lodged for the night, at their breakfast before they started to descend the pass. The first of four rooms at the end of the lowest corridor, contained a motley wild-looking group of the lowest class of poor, clothed in rags, some covered with festering sores, and all more or less with vermin, the inmates of the Convent owing their safety from them to the severity of the climate alone, but for which the Chanoine told us, in spite of all their precautions, they would be perdus. A separate building, formerly used for the accommodation of female travellers, is wisely set apart for the sleeping quarters of this class. It was strange to see what wretched creatures were congregated together; crétins, grinning at one with their hideous vacant stare; half-clad children, who had trudged up with bleeding feet; and miserable infants, clinging to their mothers, who were disfigured by blue-veined bloated gottres. were attracted by one most picturesque-looking ruffian, with long grey beard, enormous moustache, and brigand hat with a reckless cock on one side, and found on inquiry he was an old soldier of Napoleon, who had crossed the St. Bernard with him more than half a century ago. A good quaigh,

or wooden bowl of 'potage,' with black rye-bread shred into it, was handed round to every one alike, after that a ration of bread and cheese, and then to each a couple of glasses of red wine. The adjoining room contained poor, but decent-looking peasants, who had the same fare; in the kitchen were muleteers, guides, &c.; and in the third the better class, such as farmers, students, and travelling merchants; the only difference in these rooms being, that food and flasks of wine were placed on their tables for them to help themselves, which those in the first room were not permitted to do, as it was found they infallibly fought and struggled savagely, the strongest seizing everything."

Mr. King obtained some valuable notes and indications from the Fathers at the Great St. Bernard. For awhile after this he leads us over ground tolerably beaten,-such as Cormayeur, where at one of the inns "some sixty to eighty people" (Turinese mostly) "sat down every day in full dress,"—and the Val d'Aosta. Here, of course, we hear of ascents up the wrong and uncanonical side of Mont Blanc -mad English feats which had vexed those capital fellows, the guides-though capital, professionally addicted to routine. But the and "ands" of a mountain climb become mostly a puzzling torment to the reader on level ground, unless he be a scientific student of alp and The following, as an incident, is more glacier. manageable :-

"Another much more important subject was however, agitating the Aostan public, and excited a good deal of angry feeling and discussion. The glorious weather in which we as travellers were revelling, had dried up everything—rain was devoutly wished for by all but ourselves, and the usual resource in such cases, and according to ancient precedent, was a pilgrimage to the hermitage of St. Grat, on the mountain above Aosta st resource, and which was affirmed never to have been ineffectual. A request was accordingly presented to the Chapter, but was refused on the ground of some alleged impropriety of language. A report was at once widely spread through Aosta and all the neighbouring villages, that the Chapter, taking advantage of the wants of the people, refused the procession unless they got a considerable sum to pay themselves and the attendant expenses, such as mules, food, &c.—on former occasions defrayed by them. Others asserted that the idea of the procession was entirely got up by themselves, for their own profit. Angry articles appeared in the papers. The 'Indépendant' stigmatised the calumniators of the Chapter, as men who would destroy for ever, religion, princes, the altar, the throne, 'et étrangler le dernier des rois avec les boyaux du dernier des prêtres!' In short, all Aosta was in a greater ferment than can easily be imagined on occasion of such a trifle. On all sides, however, the Chapter seemed to have the worst of it: many were the jokes and sarcasms of the cafés, and the days of respect for such ceremonials were evidently gone by. Ultimately the Chapter issued a protestation to the effect that, without taking notice of the calumnious reports abroad, but out of consideration for the urgent necessity, and to satisfy the desires, of the pious population, they had decided in assembly to make the procession at their own proper charge, as in former years: concluding with the singular chal-lenge of offering a medal of 1,000 francs value to any one who was able to prove one of the charges against them. The procession assembled early in the morning at the Cathedral, and, after matins, was marshalled, and set off for the hermitage before we were up, as announced by the jangling bells. It was not expected back until late in the afternoon, when we agreed to walk out to meet it. Pleasant winding lanes through the vineyards, green orchards, and maize-fields, outside the southern walls of the city, led us down to the banks of the Doire, where we seated ourselves in a hayfield among the fragrant new-mown grass, and enjoyed the lovely scene at leisure. The Doire sweeps over a broad bed crossed by a long wooden bridge, the lofty framework of which looked perilously crazy,

rudely repaired, making crossing at night anything but safe. Beyond the bridge, at the mountain foot, was a curious little chapel or oratory, double grated in front, through which might be seen the faded flowers and other paraphernalia of an altar. Behind this the mountain rose steeply, its side covered to a great height with rich copsewood and trees, above which was the overhanging peak of the Becca de Nona. Far up amongst the wood in which it was embosomed, the little white chapel, the hermitage of St. Grat, just showed itself, and with the telescope I could distinguish figures moving down as if the procession were descending. We sat for more than an hour looking at, and discussing, an ascent of the Becca de Nona, from which is one of the most magnificent panoramas of the whole chain of the Pennine Alps—extending the whole chain of the Fennine Alps—extending one after another in one long dazzling range without an intervening peak. No one who visits Aosta, and has the opportunity of making the ascent, should miss it. We deferred our attempt, and subsequently took a much higher, but far more difficult point, on the Cogne range, and shall never forget the scene that rewarded us. But the Becca de Nona, with far less fatigue, and no risk, gives a lower but splendid view of the same distant Alpa. of which the Chanoine Carrel has published an admirable panorama, with notes and description, than which there cannot be a better guide. height of the mountain is 10,383 feet, and for the elevation the ascent is not very difficult, and may be accomplished on mules; which with guides are to be had at the hamlet of Charvensod. If this ascent were better known, it would become one of the most popular in the Alps. At length a soft strain, like aerial music, reached us, and shortly swelled into the distinct cadences of many voices, chanting a plaintive Gregorian; when the procession was seen winding, like a long broken streamlet, down the zigzag track among the dense trees. The effect of the harmony, mellowed by the distance, was thrilling. The forest was falling into-shade; the sun's rays, slanting over the glassy ice peaks of the Ruitor, lighted up the snow masses of Mont Combin and the dark pine forests of the St. Bernard, and threw a ruddy glow on the campaniles and picturesque outlines of Aosta. The Doire at our feet murmured a grave symphony to the distant voices, and the chanting rose and fell, as it was caught up at intervals by different parts of the procession; the shrill trebles of the women, the well-trained choristers, or the deep tenors of the priests. Soon the head of the long file reached the little chapel on the opposite bank, where each party halted in turn, for a short service, and then crossed the bridge. First came a cross, borne aloft with banners and carved and gilt lanterns on poles, followed by 150 women, two and two, dressed in long white robes and white hood-like veils. Then another crucifix and banners, and some 150 men wrapped in mantles of brown sackcloth, and all with rosaries of white beads. Another cross headed a long double file, which we ceased to count, of women enveloped in black calico; followed by a large body of men, in the same sombre garb, with the addition of black hoods; then about the same number, perhaps 200, in white; and lastly the priests closed up the whole procession, which must have been more than a mile long. The penitential shades of black, brown, and white, of the processionists' robes, were relieved by the umbrellastic bright grayers and wellow which many of of bright pink, green, and yellow, which many of them carried to keep off the hot sun, or to be ready for the hoped-for deluge. A canopy of crimson embroidered satin overshadowed the Archdeacon, who carried in his arms the head of St. Grat, enshrined in silver. He and the canons were robed in their embroidered vestments of crimson and white satin, and gold; but looked dusty, hot, and tired, though they continued to chant with apparently unflagging energy. But we could not look at them, as they marched past in slow time, without at them, as they marched past in slow time, without thinking of the angry articles in the papers, and the gossip at the cafes, and speculating as to how far their personal feelings, as well as their rational convictions, were in accordance with their functions. A mixed crowd closed up the rear, and we fell in with them and followed to the cathedral.

When all had crowded into the building, the effect | was most striking and solemn. The sinking sun shot his long beams, from one or two upper lights, through the spacious naves already deepening into twilight gloom. The choir and the high altar, blazed with myriads of candles, before which rose a cloud of incense from the attendant acolytes; and when the organ pealed forth, and caught up the strain from the priests, as the Archdeacon elevated the host, the dense mass of kneeling penitents, in their varied costumes, who crowded the body of the cathedral, bent to the ground as one man. All was hushed for a moment as the benediction was pronounced; the organ again pealed out a joyous fugue, and the wayworn pil-grims dispersed. Unfortunately for the prestige of St. Grat and the procession, the heavy heat drops, which had damped the clothes and gladdened the hearts of the processionists as they started, were the last which fell for many long and cloudless days."

Here, by chance, we have got into controversies, spreading far wider than wranglings as to what man it was who first got up this or the other rock-chimney .- A later page or two, in reference to the religious schisms and distractions which have so eagerly excited Piedmont, seem to us so sensible, so unconsciously flung out, and so worthy of consideration, as a contribution to opinion made by a Protestant clergyman, that we cannot but give

"However much the influence of the Roman Catholic Church in Piedmont may be on the decline—and it has of late years undoubtedly lost much of its hold on the affections of a large portion of the community-still Protestantism has as yet made no corresponding advance. Efforts have been made, and are making, by the Waldenses and others, to preach the Gospel, and many churches, such as the one at Turin, have been raised in the large towns: but the expected success has not been met with. Indeed, it has been calculated that, beyond the limits of the Vaudois valleys, there are not a thousand Protestants in the rest of Piedmont. Proselytism from the State Church is nominally, indeed, a legal offence, but there is no disposition on the part of the Government to throw any obsta-cle in the way of religious liberty. The feeling against the Church is rather against it as a polity than as a religion: a struggle, in fact, for religious and civil liberty, in opposition to the enthralments of the Papacy, and a priesthood, who by their tyranny over body as well as soul had drawn on them the intense hatred of all classes, which had its results in the revolution of 1848. The reforms its results in the revolution of 1848. The reforms which followed on that crisis, the abolition of the Ecclesiastical Courts, in which the priests had the power of inflicting summary punishment, even to death itself, on those who came under their censure —a power as grievously felt as it was unscrupulously exercised—the expulsion of the Jesuits,—the more recent laws for the suppression of all convents not having educational or charitable functions, and the regulation of the vast revenues of the Church,together with the promotion of national education—though they have as yet far from satisfied the Liberal party, still cannot but be regarded as sure and certain steps towards a better and more en-lightened state of things. The Waldenses are allowed to circulate the Scriptures and religious publications in their native language, provided they confine them to those of their own sect; but this also is a merely nominal restriction, of the infraction of which the Government takes no notice; and we were rejoiced to see the Bible-a few years ago a prohibited book, as it still is in the rest of exposed for sale in every little town. Italy—exposed for sale in every livid though it is extensively circulated and eagerly read, I am obliged to admit that, as far as my own observations go among the classes with whom I had opportunities of conversing, it is used more as a text-book against the priests, to convict them of misrepresentation from their own avowed source of truth, than from any earnest regard for the great dectrines of the Gospel. I met with many instances where the Scriptures were very eleverly and logically quoted, in triumphant refutation of the dogmas of

the priests, without the slightest belief in them beyond their mere use for the occasion. A remarkable instance of this was the conductor of the diligence to Turin, who would have gone much further in his arguments than mere scepticism, had I given him any encouragement. It is sad to feel the conviction that truth has so long been mixed with error, that, when implicit faith is once fairly shaken, both must share the same fate of discredit for a time. When or how the light of truth shall be clearly enough seen, through the mists of superstition on the one hand, and materialism, utter want of faith, and distrust of all doctrine on the other—so as to be the guiding star of a newly-enlightened nation, as Sardinia is proving herself to be—is a question of deep interest."

At Gressoney St. Jean (to return to the main subject of the book) Mr. King naturally fell in with M. Zumstein, who may be properly desig-nated as the seer of Monte Rosa. The patriarch's days of climbing are over,-not so his value as an instructor or his vivacity as a narrator of perils past and labyrinths got through. The Zumstein family appear to be a good race—true, enthusiastic mountaineers, delighting in their own country, and intelligently helpful to travellers. One, whose name has been translated into Delapierre, has established a hostel at Gressoney; and many a tourist to come will thank Mr. King for having directed them to another of those capital places of shelter, or centres of adventure, which make the poet's tale of

warmest welcome at an inn

a reality. That the spirit of hospitality, the pleasure in receiving intelligent guests, may have nothing to do with "the bill," we have more than once found—too rarely, however, on the Swiss side of the Alps. It belongs, at all events, to the place in question. When the Kings meditated their last and most difficult excursions, by way of completing their intimacy with a district which had fascinated them, this capital Delapierre accompanied them as guide,—join-ing to the party an important member of his This was Mora, a mule, who seems to be an illustration (living still, it is to be hoped) of Wordsworth's line-

But then he is a horse that thinks:

and who only showed herself less wise than the Christian three whose baggage she bore, by once or twice indulging that irresistible propensity for rolling in which quadrupeds of her species find their chief happiness.-Thanks to the prowess of this cautious creature, the English lady safely got over difficulty on difficulty, place after place, where no path nor foot-hold was reputed to be; and home has come, to sit by her fire and to see her scramblings written in a very good book. But elderly persons, not inexperienced in travelling, neither in the extent to which well-nurtured Englishwomen can "pull through," will not read this book without saying to Mrs. Kings on like marvels intent, and capable, like our Mrs. King, of walking fourteen hours a day, "Think a second time of the by-ways round about Monte Rosa of the haylofts to sleep in-of the black bread 'as usual' (reminding us of Lady Sale's 'Earthquakes as usual'!)—of the fogs in which no one sees anything—of the quagmires which will steep you in mud to the waist-of the rocks on which boots can be riven to tatters and joints sprained, seven miles from an Aostan surgeon:—unless you are able to go out in the good company of Delapierre and Mora."

"Creeds." By the Author of 'The Morals of May Fair.' 3 vols. (Hurst & Blackett.)—There is no earthly connexion betwixt this book and its title,—there is no reason why it should be called 'Creeds' any more than 'Crescents'; the one title

would have just as much concern with the story as the other.

—The rarity Of Christian charity Under the sun,

which is plaintively apostrophized in the motto of which is plaintively apostrophized in the motor of the book, has nothing to do with the doctrinal belief of the characters of the story, though their lives and errors, as there set forth, call for a toler-ably wide-spreading mantle, that mythical garment which Charity is fabled to lend out from her stores as a covering for other people's sins. How-ever, since 'Creeds' is the title given, the reader and critic must deal with things as they are. We have found 'Creeds,' with all its faults (with which we purpose presently to deal), to be a novel above the average; it is written with eloquence and with a force and spirit that speak well for future efforts. The author has not come to the maturity of her powers (we incline to assign 'Creeds' to an author of the female persuasion): there is a great deal of faculty lying latent in her mind, but at present the force is not trained, nor is the author yet master of the mechanism of the craft. A more ill-constructed story we do not remember to have read. It seems as though the author had had two stories on hand, quite independent of each other, and having resolved to finish one of them, and not liking to lose the other, had boldly joined them together and twisted them into one conclusion. The first part and the second part have no more connexion with each other than the East has with the West. Those readers who have gone through Part the First are left in the midst of a concatenation that offers no The curtain drops in the middle of the second volume. The reader, who has been worked up to some pitch of anxiety, turns over a new leaf and finds—"Part the Second" beginning amongst an entirely fresh set of people, going minutely into their family details with as much emphasis and as much at long and at large as though the universe contained no other inhabitants. The impatient reader turns over page after page, his poignant anxiety about the fair Estelle is left unassuaged, not one word of intelligence is vouch-safed about her fate; feeling that the finest sensi-bilities of his nature have been barbarously trifled with, the probabilities are that he will toss the He would be wrong; let him probook away. ceed to the third volume, and he will find that the opposing streams have met—and are flowing on together, and though at first somewhat turbid they become pellucid and peaceful as an Arcadian rivulet before the end. The story itself, with the chasm in the midst, is utterly at variance with the life and light of common day. It is human nature as shown on the stage in modern French dramas, requiring foot-lights and stage accessories training, requiring foot-rights and sage accessories to keep up the appearance of reality. Some of the scenes are interesting and exciting through the force of situation,—but the interest is morbid and melo-dramatic, whilst the main incident of the story is simply revolting. True, the heroine Estelle is a French girl brought up in the tradition of mariage de convenance; but the story was written for English readers, and required to be made intelligible to their sympathies. Estelle has not even the excuse of her country—it is not one of those marriages planned by the heads of the two high contracting houses, and carried with the high hand of parental authority armed with the alternatives of a convent and a lettre de cachet, to palliate Estelle's matrimonial contract. Estelle is not persecuted, she has no one in lawful authority over her, only a very handsome cousin with whom she is desperately in love, who reciprocates it; but, being ambitious, chooses the Church as the road to ruin,—and, being both of them Catholics, this gives a dash of criminality to their otherwise innocent attachment. The young man uses his influence to make his cousin accept a certain Count d'Alembert, who at the age of three-and-thirty has ruined his health with dissipation and his fortune with gambling, and whose pasion and his fortune with gamoning, and whose personal appearance is that of a repulsive and wicked-looking monkey. The man is so demoral-ized, so utterly abhorrent and disgusting, that the reader extends the sentiment to Estelle for

y n

d-

d

N

tha is I the

38

in

app

our

hav inte

the

If

pow

are

room

thor

or

with

spor

be 1

befo

Abst

who

Aca 2

men

3.

exce

ciate

char

fessi

bers Lon

lain

Pro

spor

P elec

3.

H

marrying him, no matter how extenuating the circumstances. The circumstances, however, are not extenuated, but managed very coarsely. reader is disgusted, and remains so to the end of the story. Whether Estelle actually murders her husband, or only allows him to die without him drance, is entirely indifferent. Her remorse and penitence are equally unable to restore her to the reader's sympathy. Cyprian St.-Just, the lover, priest, and rascal of the book, is a blurred, ineffectual exaggeration. He is made to barter his influence Estelle, and to induce her to marry Count d'Alembert for the sake of inducing that nobleman to advance him in the Church,—though what the Count has it in his power to do for Cyprian's advantage, or what he actually does, is left untold. The Count is criblé des dettes, and has only a chance of succeeding to an inheritance, with very moderate available resources in the meanwhile. The whole story is so badly put meanwhile. The whole story is so badly put together that the probabilities hitch at every turn. The plot is entirely revolting to English taste, and in a French novel it would have been better managed.

OUR LIBRARY TABLE.

Life of Sir William Wallace; or, Scotland Five fundred Years Ago. (Glasgow, Murray.)—This book belongs to the department of local literature.

There might be a classical life of Wallace written. but it would require a very different biographer from the present, whose object seems to be to puff a respectable monument to the hero erected h provincial gentleman, and to avail himself of the movement for a more imposing one which has been in progress for some time. Neither in style nor tance does he rise above the mark required for this task. His material is ready for him in the most convenient forms, and he uses it with the average ability of the contributor to a country There is no evidence that he knows anything of the difficult problems involved in the early relations between England and Scotland; that he has ever considered the results of the labours of Sir Francis Palgrave : or attempted to explain by their help either the claim made by Edward the First, or the peculiar difficulty of the position of the Scots aristocracy when that claim was made. Accordingly, he assumes (with an ignorance too common to be sternly rebuked) that in 1289 Scotland-that is, the existing geographical Scotland-was wholly and entirely as much a separate nation as it became after Bruce and his ccessors finally established its independence. This assumed, the struggle is made a peg for the prominent hanging of certain prejudices suited perhaps to the less instructed part of the Glasgow population, but equally offensive to cultivated Scotsmen and to the English people. The whole affair would be of no importance, were it not for the bad influence which the kind of thing has on the mass of the Scots themselves, who cannot be expected to understand either the obscurities of the Anglo-Saxon understand either the obscurities of the Anglo-Saxon and Scoto-Saxon history or the complications of the feudal system. The old authority with the Scots populace was that interesting bard of what Niebuhr would call the "mythico-historical" period, "Blind Harry," We have a real kindness for Harry,—but there is a blindness of a worse sort than his, found in modern writers about his hero.

The Book of Job: the Common English Version, the Hebrew Text, and the Revised Version. With an Introduction and Critical and Philological Notes. By T. J. Conant. (Trübner & Co.)—This is a favourable specimen of the careful and scientious labours by which American Biblical scholars have of late distinguished themselves. In the elucidation of a difficult book of Scripture, Prof. Conant has availed himself of all the aid afforded by the critical investigations carried on in Germany. Accordingly, the notes which ac-company the Hebrew text will prove of great service to students as offering an able and judicious selection from other commentaries, and embodying many valuable suggestions. So far as the proposed new translation is concerned, some passages are, of course, open to controversy, while in many others the classical idiom of the Authorized Version has been needlessly interfered with. Generally

such alterations are the opposite of improvements, and it were well for commentators to bear in mind that changes of this kind are only warrantable when absolutely called for on exegetical and critical grounds. Prof. Conant promises another volume (or rather "part") supplying explanatory notes, and, we presume, completing the Introduction. If the work is carried on with the same accuracy and diligence which distinguish Part I., will rank among the best exegetical contributions that America has made to our theological literature. The only drawback to its general use-fulness consists in the large proportion of quota-tions from German authorities which Mr. Conant reproduces without translating them

Terramoto; or, the Earthquake and the Eruption.
With Sketches from Life in Southern Italy. (Saunders & Otley.)—The "Two Sicilies" have been lately well be-travelled by publishing ladies :- first by Miss Kavanagh, then by the Unprotected ones. Here by a graver and more sentimental "party," whether maid or matron we do not presume to divine. This last lady is of the exclamatory order of travellers, calls up proper raptures and proper historical associations in proper places,—remembers the fate of Agrippina with an "Alas!" at Puzzuoli, and Tiberius with a "Fie!" at Capri,—and goes through the routine of sights within and without the capital in a humour reminding us a little of that traveller who journalized her visit to the Holy Land. and among her Jerusalem entries set down —
"Visited the Holy Sepulchre this morning.—Really
verymuch pleased."—There is not a word or a thought that can grieve any one in her volume; but wit and wisdom do not abound therein, and such brightness of style as the South seems to claim from the describer is absent. It would gratify no one were we

to proceed to prove this character by extract.

Philostratus: Treatise on Gymnastics—[Philostratus: Treatise on Gymnastics—[Philostrate, &C.]. The Greek Text, with a Translation and Notes.

By Ch. Daremberg. (Paris, Firmin Didot.)—Until the learned controversy respecting this Treatise is at an end, the world will treat somewhat indifferently the laws laid down by 'Philostratus' concerning bodily exercise. Unfor-tunately, or otherwise, the controversy is one into which few can enter. The book professes to be an original treatise by the Greek master,—the manuscript of which was brought from Asia Minor by M. Minoïde Mynas, who discovered it at Mount Athos, or elsewhere - for his own statements differ! A copy was sent to the French library in a sealed envelope, which was opened in the presence of M. Daremberg,-Librarian of the Mazarine Collection, - who found the text overladen with interlineations and notes, in black and red ink. Assured of its general authority, he undertook, with MM. Firmin Didot, the publication of the Greek text, with a translation; but on applying to M. Mynas for a sight of the original, he was refused. The manuscript, that gentleman declared, had crumbled into dust; but, objected M. Daremberg, the authentic dust was preferable to any ;-and so the matter rests for the present we have the transcription printed; M. Mynas has published his book; M. Daremberg now publishes his text; and the question remains, whether the latter or the former has produced the more credible version,—there being numerous discrepancies. As to the further points-where was the manuscript procured,-what its age may be,-and what evidences of its genuine character can be produced we are left, for the present, to the illumination of French critics. The Treatise is Greek in style and tone, especially when the author reproaches his countrymen with their effeminacy, and cites the elder Spartan race as men of robust frames, courageous hearts, swift limbs, and arms smiting hard in games or battle. But we should like to receive a more distinct account of the discoveries made by M. Mynas among the dust-heaps of anti-

The Sanitary Condition of the Army (John Chapman) is inquired into by the Right Hon. Sidney Herbert, M.P., and also in a pamphlet entitled The Army in its Medico-Sanitary Relations (Simpkin, Marshall & Co.)—Of political matters there are Lord Stanley's speech on The Financial Resources of India (Smith, Elder & Co.), -Unanimity in Trial

by Jury Defended, by G. R. Clarke, (Stevens & Norton), — Mr. James Stirling's account of the Failure of the Forbes Mackenzie Act (Glasgow, Maclehose), — What should the Representation be? Macienose),—what should the Representation be? (Rilgway), by J. W. Wilkins,—together with The Ballot a Conservative Measure (Ridgway), by Sir A. H. Elton; and The Ballot, a political poem addressed to Lord Derby by a Snob (Hardwicke),—Then we have B. A. W.'s reflections on the social consequences of legalizing marriage with a decea wife's ister, entitled The Woman's Question and the Man's Answer (Saunders, Otley & Co.),—and "Her Sister," Shall I Marry Her (Groombridge & Sons). -On miscellaneous subjects we have an essay, by Dr. Chapman, on Chloroform and other Anastheties (William & Norgate),—and the first of a series of Lectures on the History of England, delivered at Chorleywood, by William Longman (Longman & - a paper read before the Royal Society of Edinburgh, by Dr. Stark, On the Temperature of the Sca around the Coasts of Scotland during the Years 1857 and 1858, and the bearing of the facts on the theory that the mild climate Great Britain during winter is dependent on the Gulf-Stream, with a chart of the currents of the North Atlantic (Edinburgh, Murray & Gibb),— The Seven Ionian Islands and the Treaties concerning then (Les Sept-Isles Ioniennes, &c.), by Nicolas Timoléon Bulgari, of Corfu (Trübner & Co.),—and A Visit to Corfu and Cephalonia in September 1858—[Ein Besuch auf Korfu und Cefalonien, &c.], by A. Mousson (Zürich).

by A. Mousson (Zürich).

LIST OF NEW BOOKS.

Alkin's The Dean: or, the Popular Preacher, 3 vols. 31s. 6d. cl.

Archbod's Orders of the Poor-Law Commissioners, 12mo. 2s. cl.

Bohn's Hist. Lib., 'Evelyin's Diary, 'b Foorter, 'vol. 4, 5s. cl.

Bohn's Hist. Lib., 'Evelyin's Diary, 'b Foorter, 'vol. 4, 5s. cl.

Broad Arrow, The, by Keese, 2 role, post 6 vol. 2 v

[ADVERTISEMENT.]—NEW PERIODICAL.—On the 30th of April will be published, price 6d. (monthly), No. I. of THE LITERARY RECORD, which will render services hitherto unperformed by any periodical. It will contain articles of general interest on Literature and Education, Analytical and Descriptive, rather than Critical Notices of New Publications —a Monthly Catalogue of New Books, stating Price, Size, Binding, and Publisher of each Book—Indices of the principal Magazines and Reviews—a Classified Index of the Times Newspaper—Lists of the New Engravings and Music—a Digest of the Literary, Scientific and Artisitic History of each Month—and a variety of useful information and interesting goesip on Books, Authors, Publishing, &c.—London: Kent & Co., 36, Fleet Street.

THE ROYAL ACADEMY.

In studying the public functions of the Royal Academy, the chief obstacle to any fair appreciation of its merits and defects has been the fact that it renders no account of its acts. The laws of the Academy are a mystery, the charters a myth. Who, except Lord Lyndhurst, has ever seen the original letter of George the Third? How many persons have ever read the laws of the Academy? Why, these laws have not been printed for more than forty-four years. An application to the Secretary for a copy of them brings us a polite intimation that the last edition bears the date of

XUM

mici shall are e vote 4. 5. Cou semi

appl

9

Sir m

ke

by

80

ty

of

he

las

ıI.

1.

. ol

cl.

HE

on:

t it

the

any ny?

the

lite

1815.—that some changes have been made since 1815,—that some changes have been made since that time,—that the propriety of reprinting them is now under consideration,—and that so soon as they are reprinted the Editor of the Atheneum shall have a copy. Nothing could be more obliging as regards ourselves, nothing much less satisfactory as regards the public. Happily, we have other resources, and our readers will not have to wait the arrival of the Greek Kalends ere they scan the mysteries of the Royal Academy.

As what we shall have to say, or let others say, in the course of this discussion may occasionally appear to bear heavily against the Academicians, collectively or individually, we put in the front of our argument an expression, which for years we have never ceased to feel, and on all proper occasions to record, of our confidence in their zeal, integrity, and munificence. With a few exceptions, their exercise of power has been moderate, and their charitable distribution impartial. Especially admirable has been their devotion to the schools. If an abnormal organization and irresponsible power could in any case be justified by wise and frugal use, the Royal Academy might have given us the one example of such a case. But their moderation and success only prove that the rulers are better than their rules.

The Forty gentlemen enthroned in the dark room under Wilkins's wonderful domes decide on the fame, income, and position of more than a thousand artists—take the crust from their lips thousand artists—take the crust from their lips or feed them on venison, as they list. This magisterial function is in its very nature a public function. Yet is it discharged from year to year without public appeal on one side, or public responsibility on the other. That this is a most flagrant evil no man out of the Forty will deny. It is an evil that ought to cease. So long as men are even a little lower than the needs they when the are even a little lower than the angels, they should be protected from the temptations incident to a position so unusual. What sort of powers the Royal Academicians exercise will be gleaned from the Rules, the first half of which we now lay before our readers :-

Abstract of the Constitution and Laws of the Royal Academy of Arts in London.

Sect. I.—Members.

1. The Society shall consist of forty members, who shall be called Academicians of the Royal

2. There shall be another order, or rank, of members, not exceeding twenty in number, who shall be called Associates of the Royal Academy.

3. There shall be another order of members, not exceeding six in number, who shall be called Asso-

ciate Engravers of the Royal Academy.

4. They shall all of them be men of fair moral characters, of high reputation in their several professions; resident in Great Britain; and not members of any other society of artists established in

London. Honorary Members.—5. There shall be a chap-lain of high rank in the Church. There shall be a Professor of Ancient History, and a Professor of Ancient Literature, men of distinguished reputa-tion. There shall be a Secretary for Foreign Correspondence.

Sect. II .- GOVERNMENT OF THE SOCIETY.

The government of the Society is vested in a President and Council, and the General Assembly. President.—2. The President shall be annually

3. The President shall have power to summon the Council and General Assembly of the Acade-micians, as often as he shall think it necessary, but shall have no vote in either, unless the suffrages are equal, in which case he shall have the casting

4. The President shall have power to nominate one of the Council to act as President in his

5. The President, or his deputy, and no other person, shall have power to summon either the Council or General Assembly.

6. The President shall convene a General Assembly, whenever five or more Academicians may apply to him, in writing, for that purpose.

Council.—7. The Council shall consist of eight

Academicians and the President; who shall have the entire direction and management of all the business of the Society.

8. The seats in the Council shall go by succession

to all the Academicians, except the Secretary, who shall always belong thereto. The four senior members of the Council shall go out by rotation every year, and these shall not re-occupy their seats in the Council till all the rest of the Academicians

9. The new-elected Academicians (having received their diplomas), shall be placed at the top of the list, and serve in the succeeding Council.

10. Whenever an Academician shall from any cause decline to be a member of the Council in regular rotation, or be disqualified by accepting any office incompatible with it, his name shall be passed on, and his claim to a seat in it forfeited, till it shall again appear in regular rotation.

11. When the seat of a member of Council shall

have become vacant within the first year of the period of his service, by death, resignation, or otherwise, the rights and duties attached to it shall immediately devolve on the Treasurer for the residue of the said year, or on the Keeper, should the Treasurer be of the Council by rotation. The vacant seat for the second year shall be declared by the President, at the Annual General Meeting on the 10th of December; and after the usual nomination of persons to serve by rotation in the ensuing Council, a member shall be appointed by lot, from amongst all the Academicians (except those who serve by rotation the succeeding year), to supply the vacancy so declared. The appointment by lot shall be in the following manner: The name of each Academician present, written by himself, and each absent Academician, written by the Secretary, shall be put in a box, and shaken together, the President shall then draw forth one name, which shall decide the appointment. When the seat of a member of Council shall have become the seat of a member of Council shall have become vacant within the second year of the period of his service, the residue of the said second year shall be supplied according to the regulation before applied to the residue of the first year.

12. The list of rotation shall be printed annually,

and the name or names of new members (if any) shall be placed at the head of the list of the junior members of the Council, according to the order of

election of Academicians

13. The names of Academicians, whose perma-ent residence is more than six miles from Somerset Place, shall be omitted in the lists delivered out for the succession of Council.

14. The Council shall meet as often as the busi-

ness of the Society shall require it.

15. A meeting of five members of the Council, including the President or his deputy, shall be deemed a quorum.

16. In the absence of the President or his deputy,

it shall be in the power of five in the Council to nominate a chairman for that meeting, and proceed

17. The Council shall frame all new laws, but they shall have no force till ratified by the consent of the General Assembly, and the approbation of the King.

18. All laws, which may from time to time be made by the Council, shall be confirmed at a subuent meeting of the Council, before they are sented to the General Assembly of the Academicians for their consent.

19. All the officers and servants of the Academy

shall be subservient to the Council.
20. The Council shall have power to reform all abuses; to censure those officers who are deficient abuses; to censure those officers who are deficient in their duty; and, with the consent of the general body, and the King's permission first obtained for that purpose, to suspend, or entirely remove from their employments, those who shall be found guilty

of any great offences.
21. All business relative to the Royal Academy, which is to be laid before His Majesty, after it has been settled by the Council in the usual form, shall be presented to the King by the President, attended either by the Secretary or the Treasurer, as the nature of the business shall require, and they shall make report to the Council, of His Majesty's plea22. A Committee, consisting of two of the senior members of the Council, shall annually, with the assistance of the Librarian, examine the state of the books, prints, &c. in the library, and report

one month from the close of the Exhibition.

23. A Committee, consisting of two of the senior members of the Council, shall annually, with the assistance of the Keeper, examine the models, casts, &c. belonging to the Royal Academy, and report such improvements as may be necessary, within one month from the close of the Exhibition.

24. Four members of the Council for each year, the two seniors, by rotation, for the first six months, and the two next for the last six months, shall be inspectors of casts, prints, &c. imported by British artists, and by foreign artists being members of the Royal Academy, for their own use, conformably with the regulations established by the Lords of

the Treasury.

General Assembly.—25. There shall be annually one General Meeting or more, if requisite, of the whole body of Academicians, to elect a President, declare the Council, elect Visitors and Auditors; to confirm new laws; to adjudge the premiums to be given to the students; to elect those who are to be sent abroad; to hear complaints and redress grievances; and do any other business relative to the Society.

26. Ten in the General Assembly, including the President or his deputy, shall be deemed a full

eeting.

27. In the absence of the President or his deputy,
of ten in the General it shall be in the power of ten in the General Assembly to nominate a chairman for that meeting, and to proceed immediately to business.

28. If at a General Assembly of the Academi-

cians, five members object to any law made in the Council for the government of the Society, they shall deliver their objections in writing, signed with their respective names; which done, the law objected to shall be referred to the Council to be re-

29. If any member shall become obnoxious to the Society by improper conduct, he may be repri-manded, suspended, or expelled, by the majority of a General Assembly of Academicians, to be decided by ballot, and subject to His Majesty's pleasure.

Sect. III .- OFFICERS, AND THEIR DUTIES.

Secretary.—1. There shall be a Secretary of the Royal Academy, elected by ballot from amongst the Academicians, and approved of by the King: his business shall be to keep the minutes of the Council, write letters, send summonses; attend during the arrangement of the Exhibition, make out the Catalogues, &c. He shall also, when the Keeper of the Academy is indisposed, take upon himself the care of the Antique Academy, for which himself the care of the Antique Academy, for which he shall be properly qualified; he shall jointly with the Keeper have the direction of the servants of the Academy; and he shall continue in office during

Academy; and he shall continue in office during the King's pleasure.

2. The Secretary shall have no vote either in the Council or General Assembly.

Keeper.—3. There shall be a Keeper of the Royal Academy, elected by ballot from amongst the Academicians. He shall be an artist, properly qualified to instruct the students: his business shall be to superpired the Academy. be to superintend the Academy, the models, casts, books and other moveables belonging thereto; to attend regularly the Antique Academy to give advice and instruction to the students, and be constantly at hand to preserve order and decorum. He shall, with the assistance of the Visitor provide the living models. He shall have, jointly with the Secretary, the direction of all the servants of the Academy. He shall have a convenient apartment allotted him in the Royal Academy, where he shall constantly reside; and he shall continue in office during the

Treasurer.—4. There shall be a Treasurer of the Royal Academy, who shall be appointed by His Majesty from amongst the Academicians. His business shall be to receive the rents and profits of the Academy, to pay its expenses, to report to the Council the necessary repairs and alterations, and examine all bills. He shall be summoned to all meetings of the Council by right of his office, and have the liberty of giving his opinion in all debates: but shall have no vote, except he is of the Council for the time being. He shall once in every quarter lay a fair state of his accounts before the auditors and Council; and when they have passed examina-tion, he shall lay them before the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, to be by him finally audited, and the deficiency (if there should be any) paid. 5. All sums of money which shall hereafter be

received by the Treasurer on account of the Royal Academy, shall be immediately paid by him into the hands of a banker appointed by the Council.

6. In the month of January in every year, the Treasurer shall deliver in an account of the whole receipts and disbursements of the foregoing year, fairly written, and arranged under distinct heads. When the quarterly bills, with their abstract, and the annual account, have passed the Council, and been approved of by His Majesty, the general book of accounts, with the original bills, vouchers, and receipts after payment, shall be kept in the Academy, in the custody of the Secretary, and shall on no account be removed from the Academy.

7. The Treasurer shall not be at liberty to dispose of any money remaining in his hands, without the order and direction of the Council.

Auditors. -8. There shall be two Auditors of the accounts of the Royal Academy, who shall be chosen by ballot from amongst the Academicians.

9. They shall examine the Treasurer's quarterly and annual accounts; they shall report upon and certify the same to the Council; they shall inspect the banker's book and specify the balance of cash remaining in the Treasurer's hand at the time of passing his account.

Librarian.-10. There shall be a Librarian of the Royal Academy, who shall be appointed by His Majesty from amongst the Academicians. His business shall be to attend the library from ten in the morning till four in the afternoon, every Monday when the Academy is open, to preserve order, and to see that no damage be done to the books, &c. He shall assist the Inspectors in reviewing the library. He shall continue in office during the King's

Professors.

Painting.—11. There shall be a Professor of Painting, who shall read annually six lectures in the Royal Academy, calculated to instruct the students in the principles of composition; to form their taste of design and colouring; to strengthen their judgment; to point out to them the beauties and imperfections of celebrated works of Art, and the particular excellencies and defects of great masters; and finally, to lead them into the readiest and most

efficacious paths of study.

Sculpture.—12. There shall be a Professor of Sculpture, who shall annually read six lectures, explanatory of the principles of style and form in that art, and its peculiarities of composition.

Architecture.—13. There shall be a Professor of Architecture who shall read annually six public lectures in the Royal Acacemy, calculated to form the taste of the students; to instruct them in the laws and principles of composition; to point out to them the beauties or faults of celebrated productions; to fit them for an unprejudiced study of books on the art, and for a critical examination of structures.

Perspective.—14. There shall be a Professor of Perspective and Geometry, who shall read annually six public lectures in the Royal Academy, in which the most useful propositions of Geometry, together with the principles of lineal and aerial perspective, shall be fully and clearly illustrated.

15. All these Professors shall be elected from among the Academicians, and shall continue in office

during the King's pleasure.

Anatomy.—16. There shall be a Professor of Anatomy, who shall be elected from among the most eminent men in that branch of science. read annually six public lectures in the Royal Academy, adapted to the arts of design; and shall continue in office during the King's pleasure.

Lectures .- 17. The lectures in the Royal Academy shall annually be delivered in the following order, viz. The lectures on Anatomy, to commence second Monday in November, and to be continued on each succeeding Monday till concluded. The lectures on Perspective, to commence on the

first Monday in January, and to be continued on each succeeding Monday till concluded; and the lectures on Architecture, on the first Thursday in January, and to be continued on the five succeeding Thursdays. On the conclusion of these, the lectures on Sculpture to commence on the following Monday, to be continued on the five succeeding Mondays: and the lectures on Painting, on the following Thurs day, and to be continued on the five succeeding Thursdays.

18. No comments or criticisms on the opinions or productions of living artists in this country, shall be introduced into any of the lectures delivered in

the Royal Academy.

Visitors.-19. There shall be elected, annually, from amongst the Academicians, nine persons, who shall be called Visitors: they shall be painters of history, able sculptors, or other persons properly qualified: their business shall be to attend the Life Academy, one month each, by rotation, to set the figures, to examine and correct the performances of the students, and give them their advice and in-

20. The Visitor for the time being, shall be considered as Master of the Living Academy. Neither the Keeper, nor any other Academician, shall enter the room whilst the Visitor is setting the model; nor shall they give any instructions or orders what soever, whilst the Visitor is present; nor shall the Keeper, nor any other Academician, except the President, introduce any friend, without first asking leave of the Visitor.

21. The Visitors shall draw lots for the days of their attendance; which regulation shall be put up in the Academy: they shall attend each time at least two hours.

22. At every annual election of Visitors, five one ear, and four another, alternately, of the old Visitors, shall go out by rotation.

Sect. IV .- HOUSEHOLD ESTABLISHMENT.

The Household Establishment of the Royal Academy, consists of a Housekeeper, two Porters, and an assistant Porter.

We propose to give the remaining rules next

LITERARY INQUIRERS AT DOCTORS' COMMONS.

THE following correspondence has taken place between Sir Cresswell Cresswell and Mr. Bruce, on the subject of throwing open the collection of wills at Doctors' Commons to literary inquirers, free from fees and other obstructions :

21, Prince's Gate, Feb. 19. Sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, together with the application made by many distinguished persons for access to the copies of ancient wills preserved in the registry of the Court of Probate. If the premises in which the books are kept and the business of the registry is transacted were more commodious, and the Treasury would sanction the appointment of one or two persons to take charge of the ancient books and exhibit them to literary gentlemen, I should think it would be easy to make arrangements to effect that object, but much fear that it will be impracticable as long as we are confined to the present registry. I will refer the application to the principal officers in the registry, and take their opinion upon it, which shall be communicated to you with-C. CRESSWELL. out delay .- I am, &c.

John Bruce, Esq. Sir,—The gentlemen who signed the memorial with reference to the ancient wills cannot but feel extremely obliged by your courteous and instant attention to their application. They will also, I

am sure, look forward with interest to the further communication alluded to, and not without hope that, even in the present state of things, some partial concessions may be made to literary applicants. Their number would be but small, and, if it were thought necessary so to limit them, their business might be dismissed in the early part of the day, before the other duties of the office became urgent.

I have the honour to be, &c. JOHN BRUCE. Sir Cresswell Cresswell.

facts which I have just received from Mr. Duffus Hardy, who, under the Master of the Rolls, has arge of the literary inquiries into the public records. Mr. Hardy's remarks may be of use to the officers of the registry of the Court of Probate, in considering the recent memorial. Mr. Hardy states, that the number of literary inquirers who have tickets from Sir Francis Palgrave is about fifty, and that he has never in any one day known of more than six of them consulting records, and never more than two or three at any one time, and on some days no one at all. The literary inquirers are in the same room with the business-searchers and use the same tables, and Mr. Hardy adds, that the literary inquirers cause no inconvenience or delay whatever to the public business, and that it often happens that a literary inquirer comes and consults one or perhaps two records, makes a short extract, and goes away in less than a quarter of an If it were permitted that literary inquirers should stand in the office at Doctors' Commons, at the same desks as the public now stand at, and be allowed to take their extracts, with their pencils and paper, without payment of fees, or being compelled to take official copies when they only want a few words or lines, I do not entertain the slightest doubt that the arrangement would be no inconvenience to the office, and would work satisfactorily to all parties.—I have the honour to be, &c. J. BRUCE.

Sir,-Allow me to lay before you the following

Sir Cresswell Cresswell.

21, Prince's Gate, Feb. 25. Sir,—I have forwarded your letter to Doctors' Commons for the consideration of the Registrars. If what you propose can be effected, it will require the concurrence of the Lord Chancellor, Lord Campbell, and the Lords of the Treasury, in any alteration of the fees which are now received. As they are received for and on behalf of the Government, I have no power to reduce them .- I am, &c. C. CRESSWELL.

John Bruce, Esq.

21, Prince's Gate, March 18. Sir.—I have received from the Registrars of the Court of Probate a report upon the Memorial which you forwarded to me on the 18th of February, and which I submitted to their considera-tion. They inform me, that, as long as the business of the registry is conducted in the premises to which they are at present confined, it will be impossible to grant the facilities that were asked. The Bill brought into the House of Commons by Lord J. Manners gives us reason to expect that this difficulty may ere long be removed; but it will be necessary to obtain not only more convenient premises, but also the sanction of the Commissioners of the Treasury, to the appointment of one clerk at least to attend the parties examining old books, and to a remission of the fees now exacted; for in the scale of fees now settled no alteration can be made without the concurrence of their Lordships, and by sec. 100. of the Probate Act any officer wilfully neglecting or omitting to collect the fee prescribed is liable to be dismissed from his office. I am, &c. C. CRESSWELL. John Bruce, Esq.

5, Upper Gloucester Street, Dorset Square, March 19. Sir,—I have to acknowledge the receipt of your answer to the memorial transmitted to you on the 18th of February. I shall take immediate steps for laying it before the memorialists. They will feel regret that no present relief is conceded; but, viewing your letter as indicative of a willingness on your part to grant what is solicited, on the acquisitio on of more convenient premises and subacquisition of more convenient premises and ject to the consent of the Lords of the Treasury, the gentlemen who signed the memorial will, doubt not, concur in returning you their hearty thanks.—I have the honour, &c. JOHN BRUCE. Sir Cresswell Cresswell.

Consequent on this correspondence a meeting of the subscribers was held, on Monday, at the rooms of the Society of Antiquaries, Somerset House, when a vote of thanks was passed to Sir Cresswell Cresswell for his courteous reception of the memo-

with th the per fluctuat spots, a be sub discove period surface on the Sun as t some of by refe diurnal purpose penden before Observa evident they de differen was fir was th Spots, a revolvi ferred l confirm

Rev. R

their or

the cur

the Sur

in their

Dessau

on for t

by refe

those o

by Sab

comple

The en

Sun inc

the rap

Buggest

tion of

third s

Lights,

istic ph

opinion

enuncia

verified

MUX

pression press th Mr.

London

the Su

principa

cussion

servatio

Observance "la which

the wh

the opi

Science

Report

establis

periodic

agnet

ion

Nº 1

rial, an

the ori

ment n Lecture relating tric ind timilar means, produce upon it rotation

Aurora

nas

to

te,

out

and

nd ers

ers

and

ort an

cils

ant

5. ors'

ord

anv

ern

s. the

eb-

era-

1088

ed.

by

t it veom-

ing 107

no e of ate

9. our

the

will

but.

the

sub-

ıry,

g of

rial, and the noblemen and gentlemen who signed the original memorial—already given in our impression of Feb. 26—were named a committee to press this literary reform to an issue.

MAGNETIC ACTION OF THE SUN.

Mr. Brayley gave a lecture last week at the London Institution 'On the Magnetic Action of the Sun, and its connexion with the Spots, the the sun, and us connexion with the spots, the Earth's Magnetism and the Polar Lights.' The principal object of this lecture was to give an illustrated outline of one great result of the dis-cussion (by Major-General Sabine) of the observations made at the British Colonial Magnetic Observatories; by which, as it has been said, we are "landed in a system of cosmical relations, in which both the sun and the earth, and probably the whole planetary system, are implicated." In the opinion of the Joint Magnetic Committee of the British Association for the Advancement of Science and the Royal Society, expressed in their Report just published by the latter body, that dision has not merely brought into view, but fully established, the existence of a very extraordinary periodicity in the extent of fluctuation of all the agnetic elements, which connects them directly with the physical constitution of the Sun, and with the periodical greater or less prevalence of spots on its surface,—the maxima of the amount of fluctuation corresponding with the maxima of the spots, and these again with those of the exhibitions of the Aurora Borealis, which thus appears also to be subject to the same law of periodicity. The discovery made by General Sabine of a decennial discovery made by General Sabine of a decennial period in all those magnetic influences at the surface of the globe, which, by their dependence on the hours of solar time, led him to recognize the Sun as their primary cause—operating, however, in some other manner than by its heat—was explained by reference to the observations of Arago on the diurnal variation of the declination, which were purposely selected by the lecturer, as giving independent evidence on the subject having been made pendent evidence on the subject, having been made before the establishment of the British Magnetic Observatories, and because that philosopher was evidently unaware of the existence of the periodicity they demonstrate, in common with the later and different observations in which the decennial period was first recognized by Sabine. A general view was then taken of the phenomena of the Solar Spots, and of the analogy between them and the revolving storms of our own atmosphere first in-ferred by Sir John Herschel, and since remarkably confirmed, it was stated, by the observations of the Rev. R. Dawes on the rotation of the spots about their own centres, and those of Mr. Carrington on the currents in which they appear to drift across the Sun; and the discovery of a decennial period in their amount and frequency by Schwabe of Dessau, in the observations which he has carried on for the third part of a century, was described by reference to tables comparing the periods of the maxima and the minima of the spots with those of the magnetic fluctuations as made known by Sabine, which were thus shown to be, when to make the corresponding periods of ten years. The enormous activity in certain regions of the Sun indicated by the magnitude of the spots, and the rapidity of their motions and changes, it was suggested, was adequate to any conceivable exertion of force upon the Earth. In proceeding to the third subject of this law of periodicity, the Polar Lights, after a brief description of their characteristic phenomena, Mr. Brayley stated, that in his opinion the only suggestion of their cause, hitherto enunciated, in the nature of a vera causa, had been made by Professor Faraday, and had been amply verified by facts subsequently observed,—a state-ment now made for the first time. In the Bakerian Lecture, read before the Royal Society in 1832, relating his discovery of terrestrial magneto-elec-tric induction, Mr. Faraday showed that effects similar to those he had obtained by instrumental means, but infinitely greater in force, might be produced by the action of the globe, as a magnet, upon its own mass, in consequence of its diurnal letter from Mr. Fitzpatrick, in which he takes notice rotation; and, in the sequel, he asked whether the Aurora Borealis and Australis might not be the I have lately published, and states that the three

discharge of electricity, thus urged towards the poles, and endeavouring to return, above the earth, to the equatorial regions; citing, as in accordance with an affirmative reply, the effect of an aurora upon the magnetic needle recorded by Mr. R. W. Fox. He did not pursue the subject; but the hypothesis has been abundantly verified, with respect to the production of terrestrial currents of electricity, in the manner inferred, by the earth's rotation, and the other natural motions of conductors cutting the magnetic curves, by facts which the cutting the magnetic curves, by facts which the electric telegraph, land and submarine, has disclosed, and some of which were recited; while all the phenomena of the Polar Lights themselves, especially those which are susceptible of precise measurement and instrumental observation, conmeasurement and instrumental observation, conspire to verify Faraday's suggestion as to their immediate nature and cause. That they are truly electrical in their nature, an inference rendered so probable by their obvious phenomena, Mr. Brayley considered to be proved by their (electro-magnetic inductive) effects on the magnetic elements; nothing hitherto known having the power of producing such effects but mag-netism itself, and electricity, while no phenomena of the former are luminous,—there is no magnetic light;—and the absence of atmospheric electricity during the display of the aurora, paradoxical as it may seem, is a necessary consequence, the electricity being absorbed, as it were, by its conversion into the correlate magnetism, or in other words ceasing to be statically manifested while being dynamically exerted. Some experimental illustrations of the electrical nature of the Polar Lights were then exhibited, in which the luminous disruptive discharge was taken in exhausted tubes, that is, in excessively rare media resembling in their attenua-tion the atmosphere itself at the elevations where the Aurora occurs; one of the tubes, prepared by M. Gassiot, showing the stratified discharge, (originally obtained by Mr. Grove,) recently cited by Humboldt in evidence that the dark spaces in the Aurora may be real, and not merely the effect of contrast. The source of the electricity in these experiments being the apparatus termed the Ruhm-korff coil, the close accordance between them and the natural phenomenon was pointed out, in the fact that the electricity was obtained by a process of magneto-electric induction, exactly analogous, on the small scale, to the natural process to which, operating in the globe itself, Faraday has referred the electricity manifested in the Polar Lights. The actual influence of the Aurora on the magnetic elements was exemplified by three photographs elements was exemplined by three photographs from the self-registering apparatus at the Kew Observatory, on which the vertical, the horizontal, and the total-force magnetometers, respectively, had recorded the disturbances produced in them by the Aurora of December 3, 1858. The facts by the Aurora of December 3, 1858. The facts establishing the participation of the Polar Lights in the great law of solar periodicity which it had been the object of the lecturer thus generally to explain, were then briefly stated; and the conclusion was deduced, that the relation of the periodicity to the electrical causation of the Polar Lights, is simply this. That the reporting extending the Superior of the is simply this,—that the magnetic action of the Sun periodically affects the terrestrial magnetism, which, being converted into electricity by the earth's rotation and moving conductors, agreeably to the theory maintained, exhibits the period in the polar discharges of that electricity.

OUR WEEKLY GOSSIP.

WE understand that Mr. Tennyson's new volume we understand that Mr. Temposis is new volume of poems, which is nearly ready for the press, is entitled 'The King's Idylls,' and that the subject relates to the legend of King Arthur.

Mr. Ross, editor of the 'Cornwallis Correspondence,' and brother-in-law to Lord St. Germans,

gives some very decisive information on the curious literary question raised by our review of that Cor-respondence, and discussed by Mr. Fitzpatrick and the Knight of Kerry:-

"60, Portland Place, March 29.
"In your number of February 26th, there is a letter from Mr. Fitzpatrick, in which he takes notice of the 'Correspondence of Lord Cornwallis,' which

discharge of electricity, thus urged towards the poles, and endeavouring to return, above the earth, to the equatorial regions; citing, as in accordance swith an affirmative reply, the effect of an aurora with an affirmative reply, the effect of an aurora and subsequent to, the Union, were burnt by order the magnetic needle recorded by Mr. R. W. of the Government some years ago. 'This fact,' he continues, 'is known to a few only. The present accomplished Earl of St. Germans is amongst the accompanied Lari of St.-termina is almongst the few, and his Lordship will not I am sure deny it. As I have myself when in Dublin, in 1855, readmany of the despatches from and to the Lord Lieutenant, the Chief Secretary, and the Home Office, not from letter-books, but detached drafts or original. I are held to conclude that the inference of the control of the cont zinals, I was led to conclude that the information Mr. Fitzpatrick had received was erroneous. I am now able to state, having made a close inquiry, not only that no Irish political papers were destroyed while Lord St.-Germans was either Chief Secretary or Lord Lieutenant, but that he is not aware of any such papers having been so destroyed at any time. The real facts with regard to the papers in the Chief Secretary's Office, for none of importance were ever kept in the Record Tower, are shortly these. In September 1841 Mr. Lucas, who was then just appointed Under-Secretary, found that the whole of the official papers in the Castle were in a state-of great confusion: most of them kept in cellars to which all the messengers and servants had free access—many had been stolen—many consumed in lighting fires. Mr. Filgate, a barrister, in whom implicit confidence could be placed, was employed implicit connence could be placed, was employed to arrange and index them. After some years labour, he succeeded in doing it to the entire satisfaction of the Government. They were then placed under the charge of the Registrar of the Chief Secretary's office, whose duty it is to keep all docu-Secretary's otnee, whose duty it is to keep an accuments in safe custody. Not one single paper was destroyed then, nor, I believe, since. I can speak from personal knowledge up to 1855. I am, &c.

"CHARLES ROSS."

On Saturday last the Master of the Rolls delivered a judgment on a literary case of interest. Messrs. Bradbury & Evans, publishers and part proprietors of *Household Words*, made an interlocutory motion to restrain Mr. Dickens from publishing an advertisement to the effect that Household Words would be discontinued after May next. When the original agreements had been read and the lawyers heard on both sides, Sir John Romilly, according to a report advertised by Mr. Dickens, and which appears in our business columns, said : —"The property in a literary work is, I believe, confined to the mere title, and the title to this work is *Household Words*, and that is settled in a partis Household Words, and that is settled in a partnership; and, accordingly, that is part of the partnership assets, and that may be sold, such as it is, provided it has any existence." Sir John suggested that the difficulty would be met by Mr. Dickensputting in the words "by me," or "by the editor," or "by the authors," after the word "discontinued." Messrs. Bradbury & Evans contended that Mr. Dickens had no nower to put an end to. that Mr. Dickens had no power to put an end to the work; but the Master of the Rolls said he was "not clear that he has not. I am not clear," Sir John continued, "that his mere retirement will not ipso facto annihilate it, and that it is not considered entirely and solely associated with his name, and that, in point of fact, the name, "Household Words" would be literally worth 'Household Words' would be interany worth nothing as soon as it is perfectly well known that he has nothing more to do with it. That one cannot tell till the result shall happen." It results from this statement that the copyright of a title rests in the words inserted in the deed, not in those

on the title-page or the head-lines.

Mr. W. C. Hazlitt has just sent from the press
of Mr. Whittingham an edition of Henry Constable's Poems—now for the first time collected. Mr. Hazlitt proposes, with public encouragement, to bring out some other of the old poets whose works have hitherto remained uncollected. Among these are, the English poems of Thomas Watson and the poetical works of Richard Barnefield.

The world of fine sentiment has been shocked by reports in the newspapers that the gentlemen who have found the bones of John Hunter in one who have round the bones or John Hunter and the grave and deposited them in another, "between the bodies of Wilkie and Jonson," have been tossing the skull that shaped 'Volpone' and 'The Alchemist' from hand to hand. The words on

Nº

of I

Earl

grap the

upw

river

of th

hand

proc Her

Crui

her

ahor

auce

Har

nel

char

deep

from

this

rive

were

able

law

with

inter

fleet

by t

silen

terie

seve

com

and

heig

the

and

tanc

pass

han

Kev

voys

sout

COLL

dept

men

wer

sum

dati tow

char

a la

mar

alm

of E voys

on t

cott

tage

and

conc

accu

the: Val

its (

Bar

G Pres

Shakspeare's tomb have naturally risen to every reverential and poetic lip. But we dare say the skull of Jonson is as mythical as the body of Wilkie—and, perhaps, the bones of Hunter. The body of Wilkie, as Capt. Joy can testify, lies in the bed of the Mediterranean. Gentlemen who know that Wilkie lies in a particular spot of Westminster must be good authority (very good) for any particular skull being that of Ben Jonson. At the meeting of the Committee for the erection

of a statue of John Hunter, held on the 29th at That a Sub-Committee of five be appointed to consider the site, the artist, and the material for the statue of John Hunter; and that such Sub-Committee of John Hunter is the sub-Committee of Sub-Committee of John Hunter is the sub-Committee of Sub-Com mittee report to the Committee their recommendation on the subjects specified. Sir Philip de Malpas Grey Egerton, Bart., the President of the Royal College of Physicians, and the President and two Vice-Presidents of the Royal College of Surgeons were nominated as the Sub-Committee.

On the subject of the painting by Domenichino, which has been several times mentioned in these columns, we are informed that according to the terms of Mr. Eagle's will, the owner (considering it a work of Art which would be in a proper posi tion in the National Gallery) desired that it should be offered to the Trustees at the price of 2,000%. The picture was declined (unseen by the Trustees and remains in the care of the executor till the prescribed time, when, in the event of its nonacceptance it is to be otherwise disposed of.

The International Association for obtaining a Uniform Decimal System of Measures, Weights and Coins, held their annual general meeting on Wednesday, the 30th ult. The Report of the Coun-cil for the past year was read by Mr. James Yates, Vice-President.—Mr. J. P. Hennessy and Mr. Mitchell were elected Honorary Secretaries for the year 1859-60.—The vacancies in the Council occasioned by the retirement of Mr. Cobden and Mr. Milner Gibson were filled by the election of Mr. Greer, M.P. and Prof. Hoffman.

Messrs. A. & C. Black are preparing for the cress a new edition of the Waverley Novels, in neat foolscap octavo size, with bold new type, clean white paper, and a profusion of pretty wood-cut illustrations; just the shape and quality of book which Johnson recommended for the fire-side, and Scott delighted to read as he went about. This edition will appear in monthly instalments and consist of forty-eight volumes.

Messrs. Williams & Norgate solicit the aid of Biblical scholars in correcting any error that may be discovered in their impression of the Vatican manuscript :-

"14, Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, March 31 "Since the publication of our reprint of the Greek Testament from Cardinal Mai's edition, we have discovered that in spite of all precaution some errors have escaped the eye of the corrector. It is, therefore, our intention as speedily as possible to print and issue to all purchasers of the volume a complete list of 'errata,' as we shall not feel satisfied until they have been fairly pointed out-whatever their real importance may be—and in the mean time shall feel obliged to any of your readers who may favour us with a note of any which he has detected. We are, &c.,
"Williams & Norgate.

A very good portrait, allowing for the difficulty A very good portrait, allowing for the difficulty of reconciling a fat bulky personage with the refinements of the painter's art, of Sir Robert Walpole, Earl of Orford, by Van Loo, has been recently added to the National Portrait Gallery. It was painted for Lord Besborough in 1740, and given by him to Lord Walpole in 1785. This picture was sold a few days since at Wolterton, the seat of the Earl of Orford, and it is in this manner and with such connexions of persons and localities that National portraits ought to distinguished. An exquisitely wrought picture by Jansens, a portrait of the Queen of Bohemia, the daughter of James the First, has also been added to the National collection from Buscot Park, Berks, the residence of the late Loveden Pryse, M.P. A more genuine artistic character seems certainly to prevail in the purchases recently made for this Institution, which is the more fortunate as graphic merit is

avowedly a secondary consideration in the proceedings of the Trustees.

An excellent bequest has just been made to the National Gallery of Scotland. Gainsborough's admirable full-length portrait of Lady Lynedoch, which turned all hearts at the Manchester Exhibition in 1857, and which astonished foreigners more than tongue can tell, by the discovery of a portrait painter they had never till then heard of, has been left to the Edinburgh Institution, by Mr. Graham,

Redgorton, Perthshire.

Baron von Humboldt publishes in the Berlin papers the following "call for help":—"Suffering under the weight of an always increasing correspondence (between 1,600 and 2,000 items at an average every year : letters, pamphlets on subjects quite strange to me; manuscripts upon which I am required to give my opinion; projects of emigra-tion and colonization; models, machines and natu-ral objects; inquiries about aëronautics; requests to assist in the getting up of autograph collections offers to nurse, to amuse, to cheer me up, &c. &c.), I try once more in this public manner to ask those ersons on both continents who favour me with their well-meaning attentions, to occupy themselves less with my person, and not to use my house as an agent's office, so that, with my already decreasing strength, physical as well as moral, a little rest and leisure may be left to me for my own work. Late and with repugnance have I resolved upon this call for help; may it not be interpreted uncharitably!'

All lovers of letters-let them take the word in whichever sense they please—will be glad to hear that M. Perrotin's appeal to those who had correspondence with Béranger has already called in 2 200 of his letters.

There is now a plan in project for enlarging Paris, by removing the barriers of Paris to the outer fortifications, the addition thereby made to the city and to the city's revenues being immense, and lending itself to every conceivable plan of beautification. This is analogous to the extension Vienna, which has been announced. builder of those fortifications, who fancied himself ensuring his security and that of his capital by their erection, little dreamed how, and by whom, they would be turned to account, but such is the

fate of-builders!

We have received the following remarks from Mr. Robson on the authorship of the 'Fur Prædes-tinatus':—"Are you aware that it has been attributed to Simon Bisschop (latinized, Episcopius), who was born in 1583, at Amsterdam, where he died in 1643? I find this statement in the Penny Cyclopædia, (art. Episcopius), where we are told that the work in question was first published at Dordrecht, in 1642, and was subsequently included in several collective editions of Bisschop's writings. Nothing is said in the article referred to about any competing claims to the authorship of the tract. My copy of the 'Fur Prædestinatus' is a London re print, 1813, from the London edition of 1651, the imprint of which is copied thus: 'Londini, Impensis F. G., Typis G. D.' I infer from your remarks that the initials G. D. mean George Davenport; but is it known who is denoted by Was the publisher that second friend Sancroft, who is said to have been associated with him in producing the London edition of the Your remarks on the coincidence between the fate of the supposed author of this treatise and that of the hero of his work have reminded me of an equally striking coincidence in the case of the an equally straining continuence in the case of the celebrated Russian writer, Pushkin, who in his chief poem 'Eugene Onegin,' represents one of its leading personages, Lenski, as killed by Onegin in a duel occasioned by the flirtation of the latter with the object of Lenski's love. Pushkin himself was mortally wounded in a duel with Van Heeckeren, whom he suspected, whether rightly or wrongly appears not to be publicly known, of being on terms of undue intimacy with Madame Pushkin. Thus the catastrophe imagined by the poet was almost literally exemplified in his own sad fate." To all this we may answer, it is perfectly true that in the list of Episcopius's writings given in the 'Penny Cyclopædia' the 'Fur Prædestinatus' occurs, and that the same statement is repeated

in Knight's Biographical Dictionary in the 'Eng-lish Cyclopædia.' As the statement is to the effect that it was published in 1642, it would, if established, only deprive Archbishop Sancroft of the honour of having made the Latin translation, for it has been fully proved that the Dutch original was issued in 1619. As yet, however, the assertion rests solely on the authority of the 'Cyclopædia,' which is obviously in error in some particulars. The 'Fur Prædestinatus' does not occur in the collection of the works of Episcopius, as may easily be verified at the British Museum. It is not attributed to Episcopius in his life by Limborch, nor by Niceron, nor by Moreri, nor by Chalmers, to which the 'Cyclopædia' refers, while Gerard Brandt. the best informed writer on the subject, assigns it, as we have seen, to Slatius. The 'Fur Prædestinatus' appears to have fallen into disgrace in its native land, for it is not even alluded to in the special biography of the subject, 'Cattenburgh's Bibliotheca Remonstrantium.' Can the difference of its success in England and Holland be ascribed to the fact that in one country it was attributed to an Archbishop, and in the other to a malefactor? A an Archibsol, and in the other to a materactor? A further search into its history may be fully recom-mended to the 'Navorscher,' the excellent Dutch rival of our 'Notes and Queries.' Mr. Robson should have mentioned that the Lenski of Pushkin's poem is described as a poet, a circumstance that strengthens the coincidence referred to. The passage was translated some years ago in the Athenœum, and also referred to in our notice of the life of Mickiewicz, the Pole. Its applicability is a little weakened by the fact that the poet was understood to offer a sketch of himself, not in Lenski, but in Lenski's antagonist, Eugene Onegin.

BRITISH INSTITUTION, Pall Mall—The GALLERY for the EXHIBITION and SALE of the WORKS of BRITISH ARTISTS is OPEN DAILY, from Ten till Five. Admission, 1s. Catalogue, 6d. GEORGE NICOL, Secretary.

FRENCH EXHIBITION, 120, Pall Mall.—The SIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PICTURES, the Contributions of Artists of the French and Flemish School, WILL O'PEN to the Public on MONDAY, April 4.—Admission, ONE SHILLING; Catalogues, Stepence; from Nine till Dusk

EXHIBITION of the WORKS of DAVID COX, comprising Paintings, Water-Colour Drawines, Sketches, &c. Open daily from Ten till Five, at the GERMAN GALLERY, 168, New Bond Street.—Admission, 1s.; Catalogue, 6d.

By order of the Committee.

PANORAMA of the INTERIOR of CANTON is NOW OPEN, from Photographs taken by the Royal Engineers for Military Purposes, and kindly lent to Mr. Burford by the Right Hon. General Peel and General Sir John Burgorne, Bark, G.C.R.—LUCKNOW and the RIGHI KULM at SUNRISE are also open.—Daily, from Ten till Dusk.—Admission, is. to each View.—BURFORDS, Leloester Square.

ST. JAMES'S HALL.—Madame LOLA MONTEZ (Countess of Landsfeld will give her POPULAR SERIES of FOIR LECTURES, on the Evenings of April, 28, 14 and 15. "HURSDAY, 7th. subject, ENGLISH and AMERICAN CHARACTER: FRIDAY, 8th, EUROPEANS in the NEW WORLD. Doors open at Seven, to commence at Eight. Carriages ordered at a Quarter-past Nine.—Stalls, 5a, Reserved (Balcony) Seats, 3a, Unreserved, 1a; may be obtained at Mitchell's Royal Library, 3a, Old Bond Street; Clarimer & Beale's, 90; Regent Street; Hammond's, 214, Regent Street; Keith & Prowse. 48, Cheapside; and at \$8. James's Hall Ticket Office, 3c, Piccadilly.

Dr. KAHN'S MUSEUM, top of the Haymarket (open for Gentlemen only).—Kr. Kahn will deliver Lectures daily, at Three and half-past Eight, at his unrivalled and original Museum, on important and interesting topics in connexion with Anatomy, Physiology, and Pathology (vide Programme). Admission, 1s.—Dr. Kahn's Lectures, &c., free by post for welve stamps, direct from the Author, 17, Harley Street, Cavendish Square.

SCIENCE

SOCIETIES.

ROYAL.—March 24.—Sir B. Brodie, Bart., President, in the chair.—The following papers were read:—'On the Conic of Five Pointic Contact at any Point of a Plane Curve, by A. Cayley, Esq.,
— On the Vertebral Characters of the Order
Pterosauria (Ow.), as exemplified in the Genera Pterodactylus (Cuv.) and Demiphodon (Ow.), by

GEOGRAPHICAL.—March 28.—Sir R. I. Murchison, President, in the chair.—Col. H. F. Ainslie, Lieut. Col. A. L. Fox, the Rev. G. Clobe 12.
P. D. Broughton, J. H. Gurney, M.P., C. H. Rogers-Harrison, and C. O. Wombwell, Esqs., were "Notes and Color appears read were: "Notes narrison, and C. U. Womowell, Esqs., were elected Fellows.—The papers read were :—'Notes of a Voyage up the Yang-tse-Keang, from Wosung to Han-kow,' by Laurence Oliphant, Esq., Secretary to the Earl of Elgin. With a Chart of the River, by Capt. Sherard Osborn, R.N., in command

XUM

59

ng-

, if

of

nor to

dt.

gns lea

ite

the h's

hed

to

A

tch

aon

The

the

of lity

in

TH as of the NG;

EN

oors at a 3s.; y, 3a, iam-

Prevere

t at

era

by

chi-

slie,

, L.

ers-

otes

ung

and

of Her Majesty's Ship Furious. — The Author commented on the importance of the voyage of the commenced on the importance of the voyage of the Earl of Elgin, in a political, commercial, and geo-graphical sense, and observed that the ascent for the first time of an unknown river for a distance of upwards of 600 miles is a great achievement. the absence of information as to the breadth of the river and the nature of its channels, and as some of the principal cities were known, and several of the fortified places were suspected, to be in the hands of the rebels, it was deemed prudent to proceed with an efficient squadron; accordingly, Her Majesty's ships Retribution, Furious, and Cruiser, and gunboats Dove and Lee, were selected for the purpose; the Retribution, however, owing to her great draught of water, was left at Kew-Shien, about 90 miles above Nanking, and the remainde succeeded in ascending the river-overcoming all obstacles in the shape of rebels and shoals—to Han-kow. Within the last few years the chan-nel of the river up to Nanking is so entirely changed, shoals existing where the charts indicated deep water, as to neutralize the advantages derived from the experience of former surveyors; nor is this transformation confined to the bed of the river-the same occurs with its banks, and former landmarks had either disappeared altogether, or were so completely altered as to be undistinguishable. The direction of the current follows the same law of change, and to such a degree, in the opinion of the author, as to render, in our altered relations with China, an extended survey essential to the interests of commerce. Passing the Imperialist fleet, which was blockading Nangking, then held nees, which was blocksding Nangking, then held by the rebels, the latter fired on a flag of truce which was hoisted, the result of which was the silencing and partial demolition of their bat-teries. Continuing the ascent, and leaving behind several towns, here, held by the Imperialists and there by the rebels, the squadron entered the comparatively narrowed passage by the Eastern and Western Pillar Hills; the former rising to a height of from 300 to 400 feet out of the water, crowned with a crenellated wall with batteries the latter shaped like Gibraltar, on a smaller scale, and covered with fortifications, extending some dis-tance along the shore, effectually commanding the tance along the shore, enectuanty commanding the passage, and rendering such a position, in the hands of a European Power, impregnable. Leaving Kew-Shien, the expedition proceeded on their voyage—the hills on the banks rising to a height of 2,000 feet, richly wooded—and reached Ta-Keang, where this range winds rapidly away in a southerly direction, the river following an opposite course, and widening into noble reaches of great depth; and a range of hills to the north then com-Up to this point the navigation is unattended with any great difficulty, and the soundings are regular. Continuing their course, large lakes were visible from the mast-head on both sides; in summer they are filled by the overflowing waters of the Ta-Keang, and are subject to annual inun-The author here notices the principal towns and villages, and the chief features and the character of the country on either bank. the exception of the Tsung-yang river, which joins a lake a little above Ganking, all those tributaries marked as such in the maps were mere ditches, almost dry in the winter; but here the Great River meets a mighty feeder in the Poyang Lake, discharging into it the whole drainage of the province of Keang-si. Throughout the whole length of the voyage to Han-kow the banks, and the cultivation on them, retain much of the same character. The cotton of the district of Kin-kwoh is celebrated. There can be little doubt that the natural advantages Han-kow possesses must always render it of great importance in a commercial point of view; and it is not easy to estimate the effect which the concentration of a foreign community, and the accumulation of foreign capital, may produce upon the river traffic generally.—'View of the Great Valley of the Yang-tse-Keang, before and after its Occupation by the Rebels,' by Sir J. F. Davis,

Geikie and J. H. Clement were elected Fellows. —The following communications were read:—'On some Amphibian and Reptilian Remains from South Africa and Australia,' by T. H. Huxley.—'On Rhamphorhynchus Bucklandi, a Pterosaurian from the Stonesfield Slate,' by T. H. Huxley.—'On a Fossil Bird and a Fossil Cetacean from New Zealand, by T. H. Huxley.—'On the Dermal Armour of Crocodilus Hastingsia,' by T. H. Huxley.—The foregoing papers were illustrated by specimens and

Society of Antiquaries.—March 24.—Earl Stanhope, President, in the chair.—The reading of communications and the ballots for the election of Members were suspended in consequence of the visit of the Council and officers of the Society of Arts, who attended by invitation to inspect the Society's collections, which were described by Mr. Franks, Director, Mr. G. Scharf, and Mr. Bruce, V.P.—Mr. Frankum exhibited a very beautiful gold watch, enamelled white and studded with garnets, and having the figures of St. George and the Dragon appended.

METEOROLOGICAL.—March 23.—Admiral Fitz-Roy in the chair.—The following papers were read:— 'On a Remarkable Cold Period which occurred in Canada, in January, 1859,' by Dr. Smallwood,— 'Meteorological Results, based on Observations taken by the Rev. A.Weld, at Stony-hurst Observatory during the Ten Years from January, 1848, to December, 1857.'

Society of Arts .- March 30 .- W. Fothergill SOCIETY OF ARTS.—March 30.—W. Fothergill Cooke, Esq., in the chair.—The following gentlemen were elected Members:—The Dean of Canterbury, Messrs. Richard Keysell, George Pollard, and Henry Vallance.—The paper read was, 'On the Practical Bearing of the Theory of Electricity in Submarine Telegraphy, the Electrical Difficulties in Long Circuits, and the Conditions requisite in a Cable to insure rapid and certain Communication,' by Mr. S. Alfred Varley.

INSTITUTE OF ACTUARIES.—March 28.—W. B. Hodges, Esq., V.P., in the chair.—H. Marshall, Esq., was elected a Fellow.—A paper was read, 'On the Settlement of Losses by Fire under Specific and Average Policies, separate and combined,' by D. Christie, Esq.

MEETINGS FOR THE ENSUING WEEK.

MEETINGS FOR THE ENSUING WEEK.

Mox. Entomological, 8.

British Architects, 8.

Royal Institution, 2.—General.

Tuzs. Institution of Civil Engineers, 2.—'A New System of Axle
Boxes, and Journals for Machinery without Oil, by M.
de Brussant.—'On the Permanent Way of the Madras
Railway,' by Mr. M'Master.

Royal Institution, 3.—'On Fossil Mammals,' by Prof.

Web.

Geological, 8.—'On the Inferior Colite of Gloucestershire
compared with that of Yorkshire,' by Dr. Wright and
Mr. Etheridga.—'On the South-Easterly attenuation of
the Lower Secondary Rocks of England,' by Mr. Hull.

Royal Society of Arts, 8.—'On Embroidery by Machinery,' by

Thers. Society of Artiquaries, 8.

Royal, 8.—'Chart Colour Blindens,' by Mr.

Pole.

Linnean, 8.—'On the Vegetation of Western Africa.' by

Linnean, 8.—'On the Vegetation of Western Africa.' by

England,' by Dr. Farr.—'On Colour Blindness, by Mr. Pole.
Linnean, 8.—'On the Vegetation of Western Africa,' by Mr. Barter.—'On the Cranial Characters of a Rat new to the British Fauna. by Dr. Salter.—'On the Moulting of the Lobster and Shore-orab,' by Dr. Salter.—'On the Hobits of the Aye-Aye,' by Dr. Sandwith.
Zoological, 3.—General.
Dr. Odling.—'On some Experiments with Boracio Acid,' by Mr. Tate.
Artists' and Amateurs' Conversatione, 8.
Royal Institution, 3.—'On Pneumatics,' by Prof. Tyndall. Astronomical, 8.
Royal Institution f. Mreching at 8; Lecture at 9.—'On the Royal Institution f. Mreching at 8; Lecture at 9.—'On the Royal Institution f. Mreching at 8; Lecture at 9.—'On the Royal Institution, 3.—'On Modern Italian Literature,' by Mr. Lacaita.
Asiatic, 2.

PINE ARTS

SOCIETY OF BRITISH ARTISTS.

THE Thirty-sixth annual Exhibition opened on Saturday, in Suffolk Street, with no less than 329 works, embracing the whole gamut of Art, from the most ambitious failure down to the flattest note of the mere amateur-portrait.

GEOLOGICAL.—March 23.—Prof. J. Phillips,
President, in the chair.—Capt. J. H. Reid, Messrs.
R. Mallet, J. M'Landsborough, C. Ratcliff, A. feeble Last Judgment. Size alone goes a very

small way in raising debility or dullness to the level of High Art. Hamlet, Prince of Denmark (No. 53) is nothing but a violent weakness. The (No. 53) is nothing but a violent weakness. The Ghost is a mere figure-head of a ship. Hamlet, with his stockings down at heel, seems in a vulgar fright, and is yet running pugnaciously at his father, who seems a sort of frightened Jupiter. The colour is detestable, the expression vapid or mean. Othello (226) is better. There is a certain fleshy dignity about the Moor which carries weight. But Desdemona is not a heautiful Venetius lady—but a white where weights heavy first where weights a white where weights which weights where weights which weights where weights which weights which weights where weights where weights which weights where weights weights where weights which weights where weights which weights which weights where weights which weights which weights which weights where weights where weights weights which weights which weights where weights which weights whic which carries weight. But Designment is not a beautiful Venetian lady—but a whitey-brown washed-out Saxon housemaid, with a pasty, dirty face. I ago watching the pair from behind the curtain is the conventional grinning monster, with the whites of his eyes preternaturally glaring. The costume, all but Othello's turban, which is reasonable cloth of gold, striped with red and iris colour, is out of all keeping, and of no age. Why should the Moor wear a London knocker on his bull breast for armour? No folds are studied, and the lady's emerald green sleeve is as rough as if the artist's ground was a flint wall. As for Mr. if the artist's ground was a flint wall. As for Mr Foggo's Relief of Lucknow (218), with its fricasse of shapeless figures and the rinsings of a palette, we cannot waste a line upon it, vast as have been the Pantheon labours of this great master.

Mr. Salter's Confiscation of Sir Walter Raleigh's

Mr. Satter's Connection of Sir Native Rations & Estate (70) is one of those clean, smart, foolish pictures, without thought, meaning or expression. The faces are all snub, pert and vacant,—the painting is slovenly and smeared, as if the artist despised and hated his unprofitable toil. Carr

looks a fool, the king a simpleton, the wife an actress, and the children puppets.

It is a great mistake to write or paint "shop."
The huge public care not for the hopes and fears of a class. They never felt them—how should they? Give them a widow weeping at a grave and they are with you; but give them a balliff seizing an artist's colour-box, and they turn away. Allowing for this excusable mistake, with an impulsive and not over-read race, we think Mr. T. Roberts's *Opinion of the Press* (173) for thought, passion and even painting is nearly the best picture in the rooms. The scene is a handsome young artist (if he were not, why should we care for him?) in a spasm of agony at a table, the crumpled paper, containing a severe criticism, lying before him crushed up by his agonized hands. His great picture, Prometheus and the Vulture, is on the cased, his results wife, learn any hyper and account of the control of easel; his young wife leans over him and pours passionate comfort into his ear. Going down stairs gravely, calmly and satisfied, his mission accom-plished, we see the good-natured friend who has plished, we see the good-natured friend who has come miles on purpose to bring the paper. We hope the paper (wounding to heal) said, "Who cares for Prometheus? who wants to see a vulture feeding on a poor dog's liver? Try again." There is some nice clean painting in this picture, especially in the ruddy boy on the floor smearing his spelling-book with vermilion. The eye is refreshed, too, by the peep of sky and green out of the stair window.

Of Mr. Cobbett we have had too much. He goes through this bare stony world with one object—to paint rose-leaf cheeks and cobalt and Vandyke-brown eyes. Now this is not a high vocation, and brown eyes. Now this is not a high vocation, and his Westminster Abbey will be a scented boudoir. Heather Bells (11) is full of all his good and bad. There is a charming creature, with cheeks of warm rose and carmine, carrying, of all things in the world, a basket of peat. There is grass green as verdigris, a sprinkle of convenient flowers, and the usual cleverly seumbled red petticoat, painted probably from a lobster-shell, for we once knew an artist who painted a whole suit of armous from a artist who painted a whole suit of armour from a dinner-knife, a teaspoon and a dish-cover, and no one found him out either. Mr. T. Roberts in his (48) is a little too much of this "licked-up" pretty school, but the child's face, we must allow, has a warm glove of excell heavier on "

warm glow of special beauty on it.

Mr. Leighton asks 420t. for his Samson and Delilah (213). A more daringly bad picture we never saw. Samson is a clay Hindoo man in an affected acrobatic position. Delilah is a rouged French lithograph beauty in a stale academic pose hideous to contemplate; and the rest of the figures are hook-nosed dummies shamefully mannered, and

XUM

No

mear

and (Far

—th

_E

A

has

Cati atea

Pos

a li guir 295

runi

Cres

or t

wha

good fort

thei gold

hone

you

now

real

hou

and

ana

hut

Stre

arch

equa

and

Mr.

has

mor

of t

cent

Bac Jub and

leav

and

vine

alle of t

up a

stre

que

top

blue

backed up with a mask of burnt sienna foliage and hills of mud. True, there is an ideal beautiful face to the left, and a natural Dobsonian Negroboy peeping to the right, but what are these among so many? The painting is for the most part dauby

and neglected.

Mr. A. J. Woolmer, with his flimsy milliner flicker and fuzz and spangle of colour, is rapidly sinking, where men must sink who despise and tread on Nature. Of innocent phantoms half tread on Nature, Of innocent phantoms half dressed in rheumatic caves, of pretty fantasies looking up at bird-cages, we have had enough. What we want now is drawing, truth, novelty, and fidelity. All to Ourselves (269) is the foolish dream of one of the bygone 'Keepsake' visions. The Evening Hymn (129) is sham, too, but yet a little more rational.—Mr. A. F. Patten improves in his Scene from 'Abou Hassan' (450); but the picture is one rather of showy Eastern dresses than of faces. Here and there is a dash of slyness piquancy; but for the main part the thing is as dull as a picture of a milliner's window would be. There is no fun in Abou Hassan's astonishment. -Mr. F. Cowie's Esmeralda (184) is a smooth pretty illustration, and that is all.—Mr. Hemsley's Young Nurses (295) is in this painter's usual chubby, domestic manner. There is good matter-of-fact, honest painting here, and some humour in the

anxious face of the big boy-nurse.

Mr. Campbell, jun., in his Labourer's Rest (309), shows improvement; but he is still too tinted, flat If surface is true, so is roundness; and we would rather see a group mapped out strong and round than merely cameleonized all over, and left as thin, dry and flat as tinfoil. Still this painter works laboriously, originally and manfully.
This is not the most romantic, but yet the truest cottage home ever painted. The father is quaintly happy in his droll striped waistcoat, his child's head on his knee, and another youngling waiting for a caress. The old mother, too, stiff and old fashioned in her flowered-chintz gown, is admi-rable. As for the warming-pan, it is enough to rouse Van Eyck from his grave, it is so full of tender semi-tones of colour, red, bronzed and yellow. Yet, in point of force and finish, this is nothing to from my Lad (113), which, though looking painfully like pleated paper, is a miracle of patient art;-the artist delights in humble life, and watches it with no common eyes. There is such a quiet, serene, cozy delight in the face of the old smith, resting by his forge and anvil to read a letter from his soldier-boy at Lucknow. The detail of blue filing-dust, of rusted pincers, &c., is marvellously elaborate, and not without a quiet poetry. A little more central solidity would have much increased the infinitude of this workshop-world.-There is very nice tone and colour about Mr. Vourrier's Cavalier Asleep (7). The figure is honestly and yet imaginatively treated.

The largest and perhaps the best landscape in the room, in spite of the usual pale and evanes-cent look, which is the artist's defect, is Mr. J. B. Pyne's Genoa from the new Terrace (167). a most ambitious picture, and full of poetry and air it is, though wanting in that hot, strong materiality that Italian cities, undimmed by smoke or climate, preserve more than those of our own. The pink towers-the great lemon-coloured bay, deepening to blue, and crowded by lateenrigged vessels-the white and ruddy mountains, darkening into ultramarine-the striped awnings and mats—the busy, fishing, trafficking, stone-chipping, loafing population of the quays, Mr. Pyne has thrust upon his fascinating canvas. — Mr. Clint's pictures we cannot praise, the colour is so

raw, harsh and opaque.

About Mr. Pettitt, with much experience and effort, there is a harsh, dull truth that is very disappointing. His best work here is what he affectedly calls The torrent-sculptured Bed of the Conway. North Wales (87). In this scene nothing is wanting but the peculiar local charm and poetry of the ce-the porter-coloured water foams and loiters the green tendrils hang like mermaids' hair— the rock is scooped out in grey bowls and hollows the sun glints round a corner on a red-berried and yet the result is tiresome, and not what it should be .- Mr. J. C. Ward's Mountain River

dull in colour. Nature is always varied, and no leaf repeats another, stalk and vein.—Mr. J. Danby's Sunset at Sea (141) is a pleasant old story, with its apple red, yellow green, and horizontal smear of

cross the coppery sun.
ling is clever, but his Peaceful Nook Mr. Gosling is clever, but his Peace (175) is a little too rank in its greens. dington's Tintern Abbey-Evening (187) is the sunset glow seen through a yellow lanthorn. There is a neat, combed gravity about the trees, but the whole is a manufacture. Compare this with Mr. Gosling's Quiet Spot on the Thames (233), and it is like cosing's Quiet Spot on the Traines (235), and it is like coming out through a glass-door suddenly into the open air.—In Mr. J. B. Pyne's Lyme Cob, Dorsetshire Coast (325), the breaking surf is like whitewash half dry,—otherwise there are delicious transparent bits in the picture.—Mr. J. Danby's Tynemouth (232) is a delightful specimen of his best sunset effects. The broad cliff promontory pess sunset enects. The broad cliff promontory is brazened by the light which falls with metallic lustre on the water. The glance of the upward-slant rays is finely touched. Mr. Pyne's sunset over the Appia Vecchia (64) is even still more brillier than the strength of t its dull reds and purples, its flameliant, with coloured blooms and scattered leaves of opaque cadmium yellow. The foreground is slurred and

Of Messrs. Buckner's and Baxter's portraits we must select the former gentleman's Miss Florence de Arroyave (168),—and the latter's pretty dignified Little Red Ridinghood (158).—Mr. Whaite's Woods above Clovelly (387) is too small, broken and speckly. -Of Mr. Henzell's clean painting and pretty faces The Favourite (388) is the best example. West's Norwegian and Devonshire scenes are much as usual.-Mrs. Rimer's Azaleas (144) are nicely painted,—and Mr. Smallfield's Late Supper (727) is clever, but not humorous.—Mr. Vicat

Cole's landscapes deserve attention.

EXHIBITION OF THE WORKS OF DAVID COX.

One hundred and sixty-nine pictures and sketches by this stalwart veteran of Art are now being exhibited at the German Gallery in Bond Street.

A sort of company has started, the members of which have determined every year to have an Exhibition of the collected works of some great artist. They begin with this simple and grand painter of rainy, wind-tossed England, and many amateurs have combined their treasures to form this Gaza of beauty. Here you trace the history and progress of this rugged, gloomy, but thoroughly English mind, that knew how to make so much out of so little, and who never in his life seems to have drawn a clean cut, white, summer cloud, if he could only tear it to pieces and scatter it by diverse winds to the four quarters of the water-colour globe. Here you see his mopped-out trees, his dark, rainy skies, his tossing boughs, his turbid water, his shapeless elementary confusion, gloomy, boding and ominous; his Rhyl(No.1) withits bald brown beach and restless wallow of windy sea is crude but exquisite-how restless the gulls are, and as for the sky it seems to rack and fleet past you even as you look, so fast the wind drives it. His angry blacks, greys and blues are seen to perfection in his Rocks, Bettwys y Coed (33), or in his shapeless chaotic mountain road along the edge of the Penman Back (45). In Westminster Bridge (99) you see the artist bright and serene, with, for once, sunny yellow sails, fine air, and clear water. In his Landscape, with Windmill (79), again, he is foxy red, and out of all health in colour. The bushes seem gummed on the ground like false ringlets. The Vale of Clwyd (117) is full of his moist, rank greens. The Draw-bridge, Calais (144), shows a sharp, neat touch, worthy of Turner when young. The Bettwys y Coed of Turner when young. The Bettwys y Coed Church (153) is a very choice specimen of this pa-triarch of water colours; with no minute truth -the yew, for instance, is a mere green smudgebut such a profound sentiment over all. Going to the Hayfield (120) is an admirable work, -the figures good in character, the grey sky blowing up, and the shower collecting in a little angry dark flush and spot; the white horse very excellently expressing motion. But though the Chatmoss Broom Gatherers (125), with all its grasp and elementary grandeur, shows no sense of that revel of sunny

View in Caernarronshire (132) is monotonous and colour that young Art now abandons itself to, we especially glory in that perfect work, Wreck on the North Coast (118),—the sea, not very consistent or North Cours (113),—the sea, not very consistent or massive, or drawn with any attention to lines and press of waves, but still with such a returning radiance on the yellow cliffs, such soft blue shadows, such dim red horizon, such life in the figures pulling the wrecked men ashore, that we never remember seeing a picture so truly marine before. The Mountain-Top (109) is rich in that thin, half-opaque storm-blue that old David rejoices in when he is not busy with his stormy broken greys. As historically curious we may mention the George the Fourth embarking for Scotland at Greenwich (4), which is painted in the manner of Mr. Chalon. This celebrated visit drove Turner to Edinburgh. If you want to rail at a veteran for slobbery want of form, and mere clever smudges of paint, go to his Boys Fishing (166), with its rushes, and black green murderer's pool, and his Bolton Abbey (160), where the architecture can scarcely be called much studied. He does not like texture; is too blunt and rough to finish, or to peddle over the ribs in a dock-leaf. His hay-fields are wallowing green seas, his trees leafy scrimmages, his seas pools of paint; his skies, generally, a tumbled feather-bed of broken cloud; but then, no painter has ever conveyed more often or more thoroughly the swiftness of moving cloud, the blackness of sudden rain, the blueness of fog horizon, the mournful and awful gloom of impending storm.

> FINE - ART GOSSIP. - The New Society of Painters in Water-Colours, at their last meeting, unanimously voted Mr. Fahey, upon his resigning the office of Treasurer, the sum of fifty guineas, as an acknowledgment of the efficient manner in which he had discharged the duties of the office.

> In the theatre of the South Kensington Museum, on Wednesday last, on the occasion of the distribution of prizes offered by the Committee of the Architectural Museum and the Ecclesiological Society, Mr. George Scharf offered a few remarks on Form and Colour, and more particularly upon the application of colour to sculpture to the Artworkmen then assembled. The subject that had been selected by the Ecclesiological Society for the competitors to work upon was the seated figure senting the Church in one of the pannels of

the Pisano doors of the Baptistery at Florence.

The picture season seems to have set in with unaccustomed severity last week at Messrs. Christie & Manson's rooms. Sir Joshua drew the town once more; and the results of the sale went to prove that this noble chief of the English school is still rising rapidly in honour and value. His Portrait of Mrs. Hoare, a lady, attired in a rich dress of white and gold, seated in a landscape nursing an infant, a work which has never been engraved. bought, after a spirited competition, by Mr. Holmes bought, after a spirited competition, by Mr. Homes-for 2,550 guineas, being 450 guineas more than was given for the Strawberry Girl at Rogers's sale. Lord Ward secured for 1,100 guineas Penelope Boothby, seated in a landscape. The Portrait of Boothby, seated in a landscape. The Portrait of the Hon. Mrs. Bucknell, attired in a white dress and scarf trimmed with fur, unengraved, painted by Sir Joshua in 1777, according to his journal for 75 guineas, was bought by Mr. Greenfell for 360 guineas. A beautiful Gainsborough, The Morning Walk, portrait of Miss Haverfield, Mr. Holmes acquired for 720 guineas. At the same rooms, on the same day, many fine pictures were sold. Among others we noted:—The Last Sight of England, by Mr. F. M. Brown, not engraved, with the control of the same rooms. with the copyright, 325 guineas (Gambart),— Head of a Lady in the act of cutting off a lock of her hair, by Mr. Millais, cabinet size, 102 guineas,—Pot-Pourri, not exhibited, 195 guineas, (Ruskin),—The Eve of St. Agnes, by Mr. H. Hunt, the subject taken from 'Keats's Poems,' retouched by the artist in 1858, unengraved, with the copyright, 160 guineas (Gambart), — by Sir Edwin right, 160 guineas (Gamoaro, — 5, Landseer, A River Scene, View at Endsleigh, 440 Dawn of Christianity, 320 guineas (Marshall),—Glaucus and Scylla, painted on pannel, the scene-taken from 'Ovid's Metamorphoses,' 280 guineas, —T. Webster, R.A., The Dirty Boy, 280 guineas, Marshall),—John Linnell, A Landscape, View

mear Hampstead, 235 guineas (Jarves),—Hylss and the Nymphs, by Etty, brought 400 guineas (Farrer),—A Stiff Breeze, 355 guineas (Rought), the companion picture, a classical landscape, with figures, 410 guineas (Agnew).—Prof. Leutze, of Düsseldorf, The Last Banquet at Whitehall in the Time of Charles the Second, 330 guineas (Cox), E. M. Ward, Lear and Cordelia, from Shakspeare's play, Act iv., scene 7, 290 guineas (Shep-

Another collection of modern English pictures has been sold by Messrs. Foster of Pall Mall. The following merit notice: — Sydney Cooper, Cattle, 181 guineas, —J. Linnell, View at Hampstead, 222 guineas, —F. Goodhall, The Village Post-Office, 170 guineas, —Charles Baxter, The Wayfarers, 105 guineas, —W. Etty, Somnoleney, a life-size, half-length figure of a nymph, 165 guineas, —John Linnell, Sheepfolding — Evening, 295 guineas, —Clarkson Stanfield, Dutch Boats running into Saardam, 505 guineas, —Thomas Creswick and Richard Ansdell, The Nearest Way in Summer, 500 guineas, —W. Etty, Five Figures, or the Toilette, 280 guineas, —Gainsborough, A Grand Landscape, 570 guineas, —J. M. W. Turner, 480 guineas, —J. Grand Landscape, 570 guineas, -J. M. W. Turn -View of Edinburgh, a watercolour drawing, 340

We hope, from certain things we hear, that what we lately said about Art Furniture has done We hope to see a time when every man of fortune furnishing a house will call in his architect and artist to design his furniture, either after his own taste, or from hints he furnishes, guided by their superior taste and experience. Then, in that golden time, there will be a wide, improving and honourable field of labour open to the struggling young genius, with whom the beginning of life is now so perilous and so uneasy; then the young artist will be snatched from the jaws of dealers, from their tricks and from their lies. No furniture can really fit a house, unless it is designed for that house; and if we could look with spiritual eyes and cool, undazzled heads at the furniture of some of our noblemen's houses, we should see anachronisms as absurd as would be found in the and the second as would be south that he to find the second with praise a sideboard and wine cabinet, &c., executed by Mr. Fisher, decorator, of Southampton Street, from the designs of Mr. William Burges, architect, which for quaint richness and originality equal any Indian cabinet we have ever seen, though the materials are only wood and marble, painted and gilt, and not varied with buhl or the geometrical mottle of veneered woods. The paintings, which are delicately wrought, are executed by Mr. Westlake and Mr. Poynder, one of whom has treated them in an archaic and the other in a more flowing and modern manner. The subjects of the pannels are taken from an old thirteenthcentury allegory, entitled 'Le Martyre de S. Baccus,' printed in a collection published by Achille Jubinal, Paris, 1859. The enrichments of gilding and velvet, gilt stars and silvered boltings, we will leave, to describe the stately figures of Barleycorn and the Vine, the one an ogre Cæsar, the other a vine-crowned Dantesque figure. Then there are medallion heads, emblematical of the various wines, allegories of Hunger and Thirst, and a combat of the Wines and Beers. There is Bacchus, doubled up and drowned, like Clarence, in a wine-cask, out of which his savoury blood rushes in a copious stream, to refresh the pilgrims at his much-frequented shrine; and there is a quaint sketch of the various votaries who apply to the Saint for aid -wounded soldier, old man and lover. On the top of the plate-chest is a figure of Apollo, treated the mediæval way, with burnt Hindú face, blue robe, starred with gold, and holding the solar disk in his hand. Below are cleverly designed disk in his hand. Below are cleverly designed figures, by Mr. T. Morten, of the various metals, engaged in appropriate occupations.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA

SACRED HARMONIC SOCIETY, Excher Hall—Conductor, Mr. Costa.—On WEDNESDAY, April 13, will be performed Handel's MESSIAH, being the Centenary of the Death of the Composer, and the 117th Anniversary of the production of the Oratorio. Principal Vecalists: Madame Catherine Hayes, Miss Dolby, Mr. Sims Revers, and Signor Belletti.—Tickets, 3z, 5z, and 19z. 6t. each, at the Society's Offices, 6, Extert Hall.

MUSICAL UNION—THIRD and LAST SOIRÉE—TUES-DAY April 5, half-sate light.—ST AM MESS HALL L.—quartett, Haydn: Duett in F. Piano and Violoneallo, Beethoven; Quintett, Clarinet, &c., Mozart; Solos on the Violoneallo and Pianoforte. Vocal Music by Mülle. Jenny Meyer (débutante from Berlin). Executants:—Hemeny, Goffrie, Doyle, Fassé, and Pistl. Planist. Andreoll.—Tielets for Area, ?e., and Balcony, 5s.; to be had of Cramer & Co.; Chappel; and Ollivier. J. ELLA, Director.

J. ELLA, Director.

ST. MARTIN'S HALL.—Mr. HENRY LESLIE'S CHOIR, THURSDAY EVENING, April 7. To commence at half-past Eight, and terminate at half-past fern. The Programme will consist of Authems, Madrigals, and Part Songs. The Motett for Soprano, Contraito, and Chorus, with accompaniments of Harp and Organ, by Henry Leslie, will be repeated.—Stalls, 3s.; Gallery, 2s.; Arca, is. Addison, Hollier & Lucas, 210, Regent Street; at Keith, Prowse & Co.'s, 43, Cheapside; and at the Hall.

ST. JAMES'S HALL.—THE VOCAL ASSOCIATION.—
Conductor, M. BENEDICT.—WEDNESDAY, April 6, at Eight.
Mendelssohn's LORELY, including the AVE MARIA (which
will be repeated by general desire); and, for the first time in
public, TWO MARCHES, composed by Mendelssohn for a Military Band at Düsseldorf; also Mr. Lindsay Stoper's New Cantata,
THE BIRTH-DAY (first time of performance). Frincipal Vocalists: Madame Catherine Hayes, Madame Anna Bishop, Miss
Debty, and Mr. Tennant. Band and Choir of 450 performers.—
Debty, and Mr. Tennant. Band and Color of 450 performers.—
principal Musicoellers, and St. James's Hall Telect Office, 26,
Picandilly, Missocial Price of the Color of the Co

MONDAY POPULAR CONCERTS.—HANDEL and BACH.—
On MONDAY EVENING NEXT, April 4, at 597. JAMES'S
W. J. Best, Miss Mahlah Homer, Miss Marian Moss, Mr. Wilbye
Cooper, and Mr. Santley.—Stalls, 58; Reserved Seats (Balcony),
8; Unreserved Seats, is, at the Hall, 28, Piccadilly; Keith,
Prowse & Co.*1; Cramer & Co.*2; Hammond's; and Chappell &
Co.*8, 59, New Bond Street.

Mr. OTTO GOLDSCHMIDT has the honour to announce that the FIRST of THREE CHAMBER CONCERTS of CLASSICAL INSTRUCENTY AND USE OF THE ALL PLACE AND USE

CONCERTS OF THE WEEK .- So animated a musical season before Easter is not in the Londoner's memory. Last week closed with a Beethoven Anniversary at the Crystal Palace,—where the music in 'Fidelio' was gone through. This one opened with yet another Popular Concert at St. James's Hall, devoted to Beethoven's music. We are glad of an occasion to speak in high praise of M. Wieniawski as a player of classical compositions. His leading of the Quintett in c, and of the Quartett in E flat, No. 10, left little to be desired in point of style. It was large, simple, and expressive,-the whole performance, in short, came with more than usual pleasantness on the ear, after some late acquaintance with the minnikin, affected, overfinished execution which passes among the cognoscenti of Paris as tasteful and intelligent. We observe that the managers of the Popular Concerts announce an evening devoted to the music of Handel and Bach,—one to that of Dr. Spohr, one to the Italian masters, - one to living English

composers. Besides a selection of favourite pieces from Mozart's 'Idomeneo' and Dr. Bennett's Concert in F minor, played by Miss A. Goddard, the Musical Society on Wednesday brought to hearing Schubert's Symphony in c-we believe his only Symphony—the composition being excellently per-formed under the presidence of Mr. Mellon. Having been forward among those who have asked for an opportunity of judging of this symphony, we must be no less explicit in stating the impression produced by it—weariness and disappointment in no common degree.—The want of proportion so evident in Schubert's instrumental music, whether it be solo or concerted amounts in this long orchestral composition to something like annulment of the clear and spirited ideas on which its movements are based. This, too, is all the more felt because Schubert's han dling of his orchestra wants decision and contrast. He was born, it would seem, to be a *Lied* writer; his four-handed Marches for the pianoforte being the only instrumental music by him the repetition of which can be desired, after curiosity h set at rest. Our gratitude to the Musical Society, it is needless to say, remains unimpaired by this disappointment. Every new work brought to judgment has a tendency to enlarge intelligence, sympathy and the power to compare—lacking which the capacity to admire gets little beyond imitation;—and if the Musical Society does nothing

else beyond habituating a public to bear with and be interested in trials, whatever the after-verdict, it will render an important service to Art.

PRINCESS'S.—In approaching the close of his management at this theatre, Mr. Kean has been management at this theatre, arr. Acan has been naturally desirous of crowning his series of revivals with his greatest effort. His ambition in this respect is the worthier, as it proposes no gain but reputation. We have from time to time pointed out that these costly dramatic spectacles could not be remunerative, however highly patronized. Mr. Kean, in his public appeal, now confirms our cal-culations. He wishes, he states, "to retreat from a combined duty which he finds beyond his strength, and in the exercise of which neither zeal, nor devotion, nor consequent success, can continue to beguile him into a belief that the end will compensate for many attendant troubles and anxieties."
Of this last production, therefore, it behoves us to make as much as possible; for it is not very likely that any adventurous manager will soon again arise, animated with a motive strong enough to present the public with a magnificent entertainment at his own charges and to his own loss. "It would," says Mr. Kean, "have been impossible on my part to gratify my enthusiastic wishes in the illustration of Shakspeare, had not my previous career as an actor placed me in a position of comparative independence with regard to speculative disappointment. Wonderful as have been the yearly receipts, yet the vast sums expended—sums, I have every reason to believe, not to be paralleled in any theatre of the same capability throughout the world-make it advisable that I should now retire from the self-imposed responsibility of management, involving such a perilous outlay; and the more especially, as a building so restricted in size as the Princess's renders any adequate return utterly hopeless."

The tragedy of 'King Henry the Fifth' has been previously illustrated with spectacular access-

sories; and both Mr. Macready and Mr. Phelps laudably exerted their ingenuity on the subject, but Mr. Kean has unquestionably excelled them both in point of invention and Art. He has displayed a kindred spirit with the poet, in treating it with especial affection. In none of the Shak-spearian dramas has their author displayed so much love for his hero and his deed. The union of England and France in one kingdom is the ambitious sentiment of the play, and the heroism of the English character the spirit that pervades the scenes. This is exemplified in the small as well as the great incidents; and in none in acting did it come out more significantly than in the little part of the Boy belonging to the Pistol group of characters at the end of the first act. Miss Kate Terry, as the impersonator of the brave youth, in the heroic and pleased attitude with which he listened to the sound of the drum, and the measured march with which he followed delightedly the spirit-stirring music, showed us at once the sympathetic gallantry of the English lad going to the wars. There was in it an intelligible indication of the wonderful daring by which the battle of Agincourt was won. To men, who were once such lads as he, nothing was impossible. The trait was well brought out; and that little bit of acting, in regard

to its completeness, was the gem of the performance.

Mr. Kean has introduced episodes and tableaux into the representation, and thus so extended the drama that it makes an entire entertainment of itself, occupying the whole evening. Exquisite taste is manifested in these arrangements as well as much original talent in their invention. The seenery, of course, is accurate and beautiful.
With the exception of "the Painted Chamber in
the Royal Palace of Westminster," of "Eastcheap,
London," "the Council Chamber in Southampton the Royal France or reconstruction of the King's cuttangent of the Ming's entrance into the metropolis, the scenes all belong to French localities. These begin with a Room in the Palace of Charles the Sixth, finely painted, and in harmony with the costumes, selected from proper authorities. The next is the famous Siege of Harfleur, which is treated as an episode, and presents a combination of stage-accessories previously unattempted by any stage-manager. The attack

1

e

á

0

0

Edite

Ne

and repulse on the breach-the firing of the ordthe rush and the melec-the smoke and the smother—the re-entering of the breach over the bodies of the slain-made a moving picture, crowded with incident and action. In order to add to its reality, the pages of an old chronicler who was an eye-witness of the event have been consulted, and from him are taken the details, and the warrant for "the impetuosity and fury of the stones" by which that great bulwark was battered and broken down. It is, in sooth, a stirring spectacle, full of the terror and noise of battle. We have then, again, a Room in the French King's Palace, and next a View in Picardy; followed by a beautiful night-view of the English Camp at Agincourt, and a fine scene representing the French Camp at Sunrise. The English Position at Agincourt and the Field after the Battle alike do credit to the artists; nor must we omit the picturesque arrangement of King Henry's Pavilion, before which the quarrel between Williams and Fluellen takes place. The fourth act concludes with an historical episode, representing, as we have said, the entrance of the conquering King into London. The site chosen is that of Old London Bridge; and, as in the corresponding scene of 'Richard the Second,' the incidents are taken from the record of the old chronicler, who witnessed the pageants that he describes. There are the boys, like angels, and the company of prothe tie boys, includes and the shadows of kings and martyrs, and the virgins with timbrel and dance, all gathered together to welcome the victor-monarch. The two remaining scenes represent the neighbourhood and the interior of the Cathedral at Troyes, in which latter the conference of the opposing and now reconciled kings takes place, and the wooing of the Princess Katherine, in broken French, is pur-sued to a happy issue. In each of these the artists, Messrs. Grieve and Telbin and their assistants, have exhibited all the skill and resources of scenic painting. Nor must we forget to award com-mendation to Mr. Isaacson for the musical accompaniment with which he has most skilfully set off those portions of the text that admitted of such

This skill was eminently displayed in the Chorus. In previous performances of this play, it had been taken for granted that the chorus intended by the poet was the same with that introduced into 'Pericles,' and accordingly the person of Time has been usually assumed. Mr. Kean perceived that this was an arbitrary assumption, and preferred Clio, the muse,—who is accordingly impersonated by Mrs. Kean. It is impossible not to admire the grand action and emphatic delivery imparted by Mrs. Kean to the descriptive and connecting speeches that compose the part. We have said that Mr. Isaacson's music aided their effect. They were also helped by occasional tableaux which pre sented to the eye some of the objects that had been described to the ear. Among these were the con-spirators—Cambridge, Scroop and Grey—receiving the bribes from the French emissaries; the French playing dice for the English prisoners, and the English camp preparing for battle by prayer. These were, perhaps, the most picturesque and pleasing portions of the spectacle. They had the merit, too, of making the action of the play more intelligible by symplectic as historic between intelligible by supplying an historic background, and suggesting in perspective the causes of the action that passed in front of the picture.

Of the acting we need not say much; but that little may be rendered in terms of praise. Mr. Kean's Henry the Fifth is a careful, well studied and distinctly pronounced portrait of the youthful and energetic renearch by when the youthful and energetic monarch, by whom the wonderful victory was achieved that forms the argument of this heroic drama. The little, too, that Mr. Cooper, as the Duke of Exeter had to do, he did well: Mr. Meadows was excellent in Fluellen; and Mr. Ryder great in the brief but important part of Williams. All exerted themselves to the utmost, to the manifest delight of the audience, whose plaudits testified to the theatrical triumph of the evening.

Santa, and Signor de Bassini, instead of Signor Graziani. The double engagement of the latter (Schröder-Devrient that was) has been singing haritone will possibly be argued out in a court of again. At a musical demonstration made at the

In taking leave of their public Miss L. Pyne and Mr. Harrison announced the other evening that a new English opera, by Messrs. Fitzball and Wallace, has been secured for their autumn campaign at Covent Garden. Their past season, it was stated, had been successful, which is surprising when it is recollected that it was a season of only a single opera.

a single opera.

We have been requested, among other journals interesting themselves in music, by M. Stephen Heller, to record his protest against the manner in which the titles of foreign works are transfigured by English re-publishers. His last studies [ante, p. 227], M. Heller points out,—have been described as studies "essential to the knowledge" of the works of the great masters, only by the fancy of those who have given them out in London.—In Paris they are entitled 'Studies,' and nothing more.-It may be added, however, that M. Heller remonstrates also against the judgment put forth in the Atheneum that their style, by its "mark and likelihood," gives them more of special than of universal value. He has intended to address the taste and the mind, he says, more than to offer finger-exercises. So much is evident,—but it is no less evident that the charm of his compositions lies in a form, manner and melody of their own, and these, we think, when they exist, must be studied separately in the works of every composer. No familiarity with Weber would prepare a pianist for Mendelssohn. The most admirable and intelligent player Beethoven's Sonatas, when set face to face with Chopin's music, will find himself little in order to cope with the latter, save inasmuch as he has been qualified by general musical knowledge to analyze quanties by general musical knowledge of any acceptance of the composition. Thus much by way of rectifiving an error made in the English title and in addition to former remarks which bore with extra weight on M. Heller's last 'Studies,' because of weight on M. Heller's last 'Studies, because of the mismomer aforesaid. We may now for the moment direct the attention of all who like the best pianoforte music to three 'Eglogues,' just pub-lished by him, which are amongst the happiest of

his publications. The Italian Opera in Paris will now shortly close, after Signor Tamberlik has given a few representations there of his c sharp in alt.—Signor Mario's Don Giovanni has not satisfied the cognoscenti.-Mozart's great opera was performed disastrously ill. It was found necessary at the eleventh hour to replace Madame Penco by Madame Persiani, whose stage days are surely over-Mesdames Frezzolini and Guerrabella are pronounced as unequal to the two other leading parts.-The latest notices from Paris announce the engagement of Madame Castellan to sing with Signor Tamberlik—a comment on the plight of the company needless to be dwelt on.—It is said that carte blanche has been offered to Signor Mario with a view of seducing him to take an engagement at the Joseph Poniatowski. This he has wisely refused.

—Paris papers announce that Dr. Liszt is coming thither shortly to give a concert or concerts, but we are not, therefore, "sure the news is true."— Madame Ristori has arrived in Paris.—Anything which assists to destroy centralization in music is to be welcomed .-- French theatrical journals mention that a small new opera is to be given at Orleans, composed by two artists of the town. Also that 'Jeliotte,' an operetta, by M. Duprez, which has been performed successfully in private, will shortly see the foot-lights at Lyons, where the composer's daughter, Madame Van-den-Heuvel, is at present singing.—Miss Whitty, the young English lady, of whom some notices have already appeared in the Athenœum, has been singing on the stage at Siena, -the papers assure us, with great success.-Mdlle. Piccolomini is shortly expected from America, since foreign journals announce that Mr. Lumley is about to take her and the other singers, to whom he is still bound by engagements, on a concert-tour.

Musical and Dramatic Gossip.—Mr. Gye
commences his opera-campaign this evening with 'Abraham,' by Herr Blumner,—and of a 'David,'
Il Trovatore,' to introduce Madame Lotti della by Herr Reissiger, performed at Leipsic, on Ash-

instance of the medical men of Prague in the Bohemian capital will be performed the overtures to 'Benvenuto Cellini,' by M. Berlioz,—and to to benyenute ceilin, by Mr. Bernos,—and to 'Faust,' by Herr Wagner,—and the 'Berg-Sym-phonie,' by Dr. Lisst.

At the Standard 'The Tempest' of Shakspeare

was revived on Monday, with new and appropriate appointments. The character of *Prospero*, by Mr. Marston, whose style of elecution (that of the Kemble school) is well adapted to the delivery of the magician's great speeches.—At the Strand, a new farce, by Mr. C. Troughton, has been produced. It is entitled 'Vandyke Brown,' and is an adaptation from the French drama 'Rue de la Lune.

MISCELLANEA

Burlington House and Gardens .- The site itself, as is well known, forms a long parallelogram, mea-suring about 620 feet from Piccadilly to Burlington Gardens, and about 240 feet from the Albany to Burlington Arcade. I would venture to suggest the plan of covering this long space with buildings, so arranged as to inclose two quadrangles or courts, leading one into the other by appropriate archways, corresponding with similar openings in the extrem ends. In this way a far more agreeable architectural effect would be obtained, both as regards the proportions of the space inclosed, the composithe proportions of the space inclosed, the composi-tion of the interior jacades, and the coherence of the whole design, than if, as I have heard men-tioned, two long ranges of buildings were erected on the sides of the parallelogram, with a compara-tively narrow street-like opening down the middle. One of the proposed quadrangles might then be appropriated to the Royal Academy, and any cognate Art-institutions that could establish a claim. for accommodation therein, whilst the other might be devoted to the London University, the Patent Office, and the several learned Societies; and it would be quite easy to preserve a due architectural harmony in the façades of the two Courts, whilstthe internal arrangements of each might be made entirely subservient to the peculiar and opposite requirements of such different institutions. We should thus, too, possess an Art-Court and a Science-Court, as worthy places of reception for statues or other memorials of men super-eminent in those two paths of distinction and fame. plan, moreover, is not without other recommenda-tions, especially when the importance, the magnitude, and the permanence of the arrangements now about to be entered into are taken into account. So far as the mere architectural design and economy of space are concerned, it matters not which Court should be devoted to Art and which to Science. But supposing the Royal Academy to occupy the north end of the space, three sides of the North Court could be forthwith commenced without any destruction of the existing buildings, without any disturbance of their present occupants, and without any immediate expense to the nation,for that part of the estate is now entirely unoc-cupied. The only possible objection to such an arrangement would be, that the Academy requires publicity and facility of access, and would prefer the south, or Piccadilly Court. To this, however, it may be replied that the great arterial thorough-fare of the West-End, with the attractions of St. James's Hall, the Egyptian Hall and the Parks, is already in the season sufficiently choked; and that if Vigo Street were widened, and its obstructive posts removed—the erection of shops on either side of it probably repaying the cost of such an improvement—an admirable access, and one even now much wanted, would be easily obtained to the North Court, from Regent Street and Bond Street; and any overflow of carriages would readily be absorbed in the quiet regions of Cork Street, Bur-lington Street, and Savile Row. Feeling assured, however, that good must come from the free dis-cussion of this very interesting subject, I subscribe myself Yours, &c. A LOOKER-ON.

To Correspondents.—B.—J. G. W.—A. B.—Sandhurst-W. B. S.—A. T. P.—E. P.—J. R.—R. L.—received.

59

öck

the

the res

7m

are

Mr.

the 7 of

an

la

elf.

lea-

ton

to

gest

108 rts.

1y8,

chi

rds

e of

nen-

ara-

dle

he cog-

ight

tent

1 it

ural

ilst

ade

site We nce-

ose

1 a

ada-

nag-

ents

acsign

hich

y to

nout

out

and

noc-

an ires efer ver.

s, is that

tive

ther

an

the

reet:

be Bur-

red,

dis-

ribe N.

hnyst

BARON LIEBIG'S NEW WORK.

On Saturday, April 9, in 1 vol. small 8vo.

LETTERS ON MODERN AGRICULTURE.

By BARON VON LIEBIG.

Edited by JOHN BLYTH, M.D., Professor of Chemistry, Queen's College, Cork.

"I am desirous to make the educated men of the nation acquainted with the principles which have been established by distinction in connexion with the nutrition of pinuts, the conditions of the fertility of soils, and the causes of their exhaustion. Should I be fortunate enough to impress upon a wider circle the conviction of the value of these principles, and of their extreme impertance in a national and economic point of riew, I shall look upon one of the tasks of my life as accomplished. With the aid of the educated men to whom I address myself, success is, in my option, certain; but without their assistance is appears to me to be impossible."—From the Profuce.

New and Revised Edition, with Additional Letters.

Now ready, small 8vo. price 7s, 6d. cloth lettered,

LIEBIG'S FAMILIAR LETTERS ON CHEMISTRY

IN ITS RELATIONS TO PHYSIOLOGY, DIETETICS,
AGRICULTURE, COMMERCE, AND POLITICAL ECONOMY.

By BARON VON LIEBIG.

Fourth Edition, revised throughout, and enlarged by the addition of new Letters.

Edited by JOHN BLYTH, M.D., Professor of Chemistry, Queen's College, Cork.

"Besides extending considerably the former Letters, I have in the present edition added a number of new letters, which refer to general scientific questions and to the most remarkable discoveries recently made in the departments of Chemistry and Physics. Among these are, Letter find, on the Study of the Natural Sci-ences; Letter 13th, on the Correlation of the Proces of Inorganic Nature; Letter 15th, on the Alteration of Properties in Bodies; Letter Sird, on Makerialism in Connexion with Natural In-quiries."—Priface.

III.

Now ready, with 170 Illustrations, 3s. 6d. cloth,

CHEMISTRY FOR SCHOOLS.

By Dr. LARDNER.

"This compendium is one of a series of books of elementary instruction for the use of schools and families, of which two have already been published, one on Natural Philosophy, and the other on Animal Physiology, and it is compressed within similar limits of bulk and price. It comprehends so much of the elements of chemistry as may, with moderate attention, be acquired within a reasonable time by the younger class of students, and even as much as may suffice for those who, being more advanced in life, desire merely to obtain a general knowledge of the elements of the material world, and of the chief compounds into which they enter." — Profuse.

NATURAL PHILOSOPHY for SCHOOLS.

ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY for SCHOOLS.
190 Illustrations. 3s. 6d.

IV.

LARDNER'S HANDBOOK OF NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.

Forming a Complete Course of Natural Philosophy. In 4 volumes, 18mo, with 1.334 Illustrations, price 20s.

Also sold separately, as under :-

MECHANICS. With 357 Illustrations. One

HYDROSTATICS, PNEUMATICS, and HEAT. 292 Illustrations. One Volume, 54.

OPTICS. With 290 Illustrations. One Vol. 5s.

ELECTRICITY, MAGNETISM, and ACOUSTICS. 395 Illustrations. One Volume, 58.

GREGORY'S HANDBOOK OF CHEMISTRY.

FOR THE USE OF STUDENTS

By WILLIAM GREGORY, M.D.
Late Professor of Chemistry in the University of Edinburgh Fourth Edition, revised and enlarged. Complete in One thick Volume, small 8vo. 18s. cloth.

*** Sold also in Two Volumes, separately:INORGANIC CHEMISTRY, 68. 6d. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY, 128.

London: WALTON & MABERLY, Upper Gower-street, and Ivy-lane, Paternoster-row.

Now ready, in 4to. cloth, price 24s.

Vol. XVII. of

THE ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA. EIGHTH EDITION.

Illustrated by numerous Engravings,

And containing, amongst other important Articles, the following :-

PALEONTOLOGY. By RICHARD OWEN, F.R.S., Superintendent of the Department of Natural History, British Museum.

PITT (WILLIAM). By Lord MACAULAY.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY. By Sir John F. W. HERSCHEL, Bart. K.H.

PEEL (Sir ROBERT). By GOLDWIN SMITH, M.A., Regius Professor of Modern History, Oxford.

PENN (WILLIAM), By ROBERT CARRU-

PARTNERSHIP (Limited and Unlimited Liability). By J. R. M'CULLOCH.

PHOTOGRAPHY, &c. By Sir David Brew-

PALEY and PASCAL. By HENRY ROGERS, Esq., Author of the 'Eclipse of Faith,' &c.

PAINTING. By Benjamin Robert Haydon. With SUPPLEMENT by W. B. JOHNSTON, R.S.A.

PHILOLOGY. By the Rev. J. W. DONALD-SON, D.D., Author of the 'New Cratylus,' Classical Examiner in the University of London.

PLATO. By the Right Rev. the BISHOP OF HEREFORD.

PHYSIOLOGY. By JOHN HUGHES BENNETT, M.D., Professor of the Institutes of Medicine in the University of Edinburgh.

PARASITE. By Dr. DORAN.

PHRENOLOGY. By THOMAS LATCOCK, M.D.
Professor of the Practice of Physic in the University
of Edinburgh.

Now ready, elegantly half-bound russia, price 1l. 10s.; or in green cloth, 1l. 4s.

THE FIRST VOLUME OF A RE-ISSUE

THE ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA,

In 21 (or 22) Volumes Quarto. With upwards of 500 Engravings on Steel and several Thousands on Wood.

One Volume to be issued every two Months, and the whole to be completed within three years.

In this Re-Issue there can be no danger of interruption in the publication of the volumes, as Seventeen of them are completed, and it is fully expected that the work will be finished in 1860, when those who may wish to complete their sets will have an opportunity of doing so.

Contents of the First Volume.

Dissertation I.—On the PROGRESS of METAPHYSICAL and ETHICAL PHILOSOPHY since the REVIVAL of LETTERS in EUROPE. By DUGALD STEWART, Esq.

Dissertation II.—On the PROGRESS of ETHICAL PHI-LOSOPHY. By Sir James Mackintosh, LLD. &cc. With a PREFACE by William Whewell, D.D.

Dissertation III.—On the RISE, PROGRESS, and COR-RUPTIONS of CHRISTIANITY. By Archbishop WHATRLY, D.D.

Dissertations IV. and V.—On the PROGRESS of MATHE-MATICAL and PHYSICAL SCIENCE. By Professor PLAYPAIR and Sir JOHN LESLIE.

Dissertation VI.—Exhibiting a GENERAL VIEW of the PROGRESS of MATHEMATICAL and PHYSICAL SCIENCE. By Professor James Forbes, D.C.L.

Edinburgh: ADAM & CHARLES BLACK; London: SIMPKIN, MARSHALL & Co.

GROOMBRIDGE & SONS' PUBLICATIONS.

THE TOWN GARDEN:

A Manual for the Successful Management of City and Suburban Gardens. By SHIRLEY HIBBERD.

cond Edition. enlarged, fcap. 8vo. cloth, 3s. 6d.

THE VILLAGE LESSON-BOOK FOR GIRLS.

By MARTIN DOYLE.

18mo. cloth. 6d.

AGRICULTURAL SCIENCE AP-PLIED IN PRACTICE.

Forming at once a Text-Book and Concise Course of Scientific and Progressive Instruction. By W. WALLACE FYFE. 16mo eloth 9a 6d

GEMS FROM WORDSWORTH, SCOTT, BURNS, and BRYANT.

With Four Plates in Colours, printed on toned paper. Super-royal 8vo. 2s. 6d.

SELF AND SELF-SACRIFICE:

Or, NELLY'S STORY.

By ANNA LISLE.

Second Edition, small 8vo. cloth, 6s. 6d.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF A GOS-

SAMER SPIDER,

His Adventures and Reflections, forming a Key to the Habits and Economy of the whole Spider Tribe. By MICHAEL WESTCOTT. 19mo. 6d.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF A WHITE CABBAGE BUTTERFLY.

By MICHAEL WESTCOTT.

OUTLINE MAPS.

A New Series of Outline Maps. With Illustrations of the Mariner's Compass and Solar System, with Tabular and Explanatory Notes. armer with a state of the state

THE BEGINNER'S ALGEBRA:

Containing nearly Twelve Hundred Examples.

By JOHN REYNOLDS, L.C.P.
Feap. 8vo. cloth, 2s.

THE DAYS OF BRUCE:

A Story from Scottish History.

By GRACE AGUILAR.

New Edition, fcap. 8vo. cloth, 7s. \$d.

WORLD OF WONDERS RE-VEALED by the MICROSCOPE:

A Book for Young Students.

A Book for Young Students.
By the Hon. Mrs. WARD,
Illustrated with Coloured Plates, delineating One Hundred and Thirty Microscopic Objects.
Imp. 16mo. cloth gilt, 3s. 6d.

TELESCOPE TEACHINGS:

A Familiar Sketch of Astronomical Discovery.

By the Hon. Mrs. WARD.

With Coloured Plates. [Nearly ready.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

FINANCIALLY CONSIDERED.

By EDWARD CAPPS.

*** To this Essy the Prize of Two Hundred Guineas was
unanimously awarded by the Adjudicators appointed by
the Society of Arts, July, 1393.

Dark Stocking of the Society

Dark Stocking of the Society of Society of Arts, July, 1393. Post 8vo. cloth, 7a, 6d.

SKETCH OF THE HISTORY OF THE CURRENCY;

Comprising a Brief Review of the Opinions of the most Eminent Writers on the Subject.

By JAMES MACLAREN.

8vo.cloth, 9s.6d.

FACTS, FAILURES, and FRAUDS; Revelations, Financial—Mercantile—Criminal. By D. MORIER EVANS. Crown 870. cloth, 120.

GROOMBRIDGE & SONS, 5, Paternoster-row.

THE ENGLISH WOMAN'S JOURNAL.

APRIL 1, 1859. Price One Shilling.

APKILI4, 1859. Frice One Smilling.

Contents:—1. The Ladies Sanitary Association.—2. Margaret
Norway.—3. Institution of Denomeness at Kaiserwerth.—4. The
River March.—6. Success and Pailure.—6. Life Assu
Lossemaid.—6. A Few Words about the Sandwell Home.—
Notices of Books.—10. Open Council.—11. Passing Events.

London: Published by the English Woman's Journal Company Limited, at their Office, 14a, Princes street, Cavendish-square, W. and for the Company by Piper, Stephenson & Spence, Paternoster

THE UNITARIAN PULPIT: Sermons by Ministers of the Unitarian Church. No. 24 is now ready, price 6d., containing Sermons by the Revs. Dr. Davison, David Maginnis, and J. H. Ryland. London: E. T. Whitfield, 178, Strand.

LIVING CELEBRITIES.—A Series of PHO-TOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS, by MAULL & POLY-BLANK. Price 5a. each. The Number for APHIL contains The Rt. Hon. LORD JOHN MANNERS, M.P.

With Memoir. Maull & Polybiank, 55, Gracechurch-street, and 187a, Picca-dilly; and W. Kent & Co. Fleet-street.

COVENT-GARDEN COVENT-GARDEN OPERA HOUSE.—
OF METROPOLITAN IMPROVEMENTS.—THE BUILDER
OF THIS DAY, price 4d., stamped 2d., contains:—Plan and fine
View of Interior of Covenbegarden Opera House—Grave Doings,
Hereford Cathedral—The Architectural Exhibition—Refinement
in Architecture—Metropolitan Streets and Improvements—On
Colour—"Henry V.—Decisions under Metropolitan Building
Act.—Metal—Work—The Tabermacle Competitional Company
British Architects—Re-grammontalding News—Recent Patents,
&c.—Office, 1, Tork-street, Covent-garden; and all Booksellers. OPERA

THE EARL of CARLISLE, exquisitely en THE EARL of CARLISLE, exquisitely engraved on Stel. from a Photograph by Mayall., is presented statis on SATURDAX, April 9, with No. 63 of the LLIUSTRATED NEWS of the WORLD and DRAWING-ROOM PORTRATE DEWS of the WORLD and DRAWING-ROOM PORTRATE GALLERY of EMINENT PERSONAGES, and a variety of Wood Engravines. The Portrait for THIS DAY (Saturday, April 3) is the BISHOP OF WINCHESTER. Price 6d., by post 7d.; the Portrait slone worth 2s. 6d. India Proofs of any of the Portraits, 10s.; Proofs, 2s each; Roller for packing, 1s. extra. Fortnightly Paris, 1s. 3 (Monthly Paris, 2s. Vols. 1. and IL beautifully bound, price only 15s. each; Roller for packing, 1s. extra. Fortnightly Paris, 1s. 3 (Monthly Paris, 2s. Vols. 1. and IL beautifully bound, price only 15s. each; Roller for packing, 1s. extra. Fortnightly Paris, 2s. Vols. 1. and IL beautifully bound, price only 15s. each; Roller for packing, 1s. Comments, 1s. Comments, 1s. Comments, 1s. Comments, 1s. Regent-street, next to H. J. & D. Nicoll's Paletot Warehouse; and all Booksellers and Newsmen.

STURM'S REFLECTIONS.

REFLECTIONS on the BEING and ATTRI-BUTES of GOD, and on His Works, both in Nature and Providence, for every Day in the Year. By C. C. STURM. A New Edition, corrected and greatly enlarged by Dr. ADAM CLARKE, LLD. F. A.S. &c. London: William Tegg & Co. 85, Queen-street, Cheapside, E.C.

Now ready at all the Libraries, FALSE and TRUE, By the Hon. LENA EDEN, Author of 'Easton.' 1 vol. post 8va price 10g. 6d. L. Booth, 307, Regent-steest, W.

This day, Svo. 15s.

THE EMOTIONS and the WILL; completing
a Systematic Exposition of the Human Mind. By ALEXANDER BAIN, M.A., Examiner in Logic and Moral Philosophy
in the University of London.

By the same Author, 8vo. 15s. The SENSES and the INTELLECT. London: John W. Parker & Son, West Strand.

Just published, price 2s. 6d THE STATIONER'S HANDBOOK: being a Complete and Practical Guide to the Modern Paper Trade. Groombridge & Sons, Paternoster-row.

day is published, No. I. of a New and Revised Edition of PROFESSOR JOHNSTON'S 'CHEMISTRY of COMMON LIFE: Edited by GEORGE HERRY LEWES, Author of 'Physiology of Common Life, Sea-Side Studies, &c. To be published in Numbers Monthly, price 6d, each, forming Two Volumes, crown Fro. Histrated with numerous Brunings Two Volumes, grown 5vo. Haussessee William Blackwood & Sons, Edinburgh and London.

Price One Shilling

TAILURE of the QUEEN'S COLLEGES and of MIXED EDUCATION in IRELAND. By JOHN POPE HENNESSY, of the Inner Temple.
Bryce, 49, Paternoster row.

ESSENTIAL TO YOUNG PEOPLE.
Fourth Edition, 5s.

LORD'S MODERN EUROPE "The style is remarkably brilliant. The book has all the charm of a novel. It is indipensable for those who wish to under stand the state of Europe." (See various Reviews.) London: Simpkin & Co.; and Hamilton & Co. (Full allowance to Schools.)

8vo. with Maps, Vols. I. and II., 28s.; Vol. III., 16s THE SPANISH CONQUEST in AMERICA, and its Relation to the History of Slavery, and to the Government of Colonies. By ARTHUR HELPS.

London: John W. Parker & Son, West Strand.

This day, in feap. 4to. price 10s. 6d. cloth; and 24s. morocco,

BLACKADER'S NEW TESTAMENT,

according to the Authorized Version.

BLACKADER'S NEW TESTAMENT,
"This is quite a treasure. It is an original idea, and admirably
executed. The whole is newly divided into paragraphs and secsuble variations of the ancient MSS. (especially those of the Vatican MS.)
"For the private student, the head of the family, and the
minister of the Word, the volume is a hund-book which will not
soon be supersed." But the Mandard, Ed. 2.

Now ready, New Edition, in 8vo. with Portraits of the titular King and Queen of France, price 10s. cloth,

London: Longman, Brown, and Co. Paternoster-rows

MR. HERBERT SPENCER'S WORKS. THE PRINCIPLES of PSYCHOLOGY.

SOCIAL STATICS (published by J. CHAP-

ESSAYS: SCIENTIFIC, POLITICAL, and SPECU-London: Longman, Brown, and Co. Paternoster-row.

ART OF DINING.

On Friday next, the 8th inst. will be published, in 1 vol. fcap. 8vo.

ANDBOOK of DINING; or, How to Dine, considered Theoretically and Philosophically. Based chiefly on the 'Physiologic du Golt' of Brillat-Savarin. By LEONARD FRANCIS SIMPSON, Esq., M.R.S.L.

London: Longman, Brown, and Co. Paternoster-row.

THE NATIVE LANGUAGES OF INDIA IN ENGLISH TVPE

On Friday next, the 8th inst. will be published, in 1 vol. 8vo.

HISTORY of the APPLICATION of the ROMAN ALPHABET to the LANGUAGES of INDIA. In a Series of Letters and Papers, edited by MONIER WILLIAMS, M.A. of the University of Oxford, late Professor in the East India College, Hallephury.

London: Longman, Brown, and Co. Paternoster-row.

Just published, in royal 12mo, price 5s. cloth,

LIVERPOOL in 1859; or, the Port and Town of Liverpool, and the Harbour, Decks, and Commerce of the Mersey described. With a Plan, from the Survey of 1857, showing the Docks and Harbours of Liverpool and Birkenhead, and the Soundings of the Mersey, from its Entrance to the Sloyne. By THOMAS BAINES, Secretary of the Liverpool Office, and Author of the History of Liverpool.

London: Longman and Co. Liverpool: Benson and Mallett. Manchester: George Simms.

NEW EDITION OF VOL. I. OF SMITH'S HISTORY OF METHODISM.

Now ready, in crown 8vo. price 10s. 6d. cloth HISTORY of WESLEYAN METHODISM.

LL.D. F.A.S., Author of 'Sacred Annals; or, Recearches into the
History and Religion of Mankind.' Second Edition, revised.

Also, Vol. II. The MIDDLE AGE of METHODISM, price

London : Longman, Brown, and Co. Paternoster-row.

COPYRIGHT EDITION OF CARPENTER'S SPELLING. New and improved Edition, in 12mo, price Eighteenpence

CARPENTER'S SCHOLAR'S SPELLING
ASSISTANT; wherein the Words are arranged on an improved Plan, according to their Principles of Accentuation, in a
manner calculated to familiarise the Art of Spelling and Pronuclation, and facilitate the Young Scholar's Progress. The
Original and only Copyright Edition, embodying the Author's
latest Corrections and Improvements, thoroughly revised.

London: Longman and Co., and Whittaker and Co.

THE JOURNAL of MENTAL SCIENCE published by the authority of the Association of Medical ers of Asylums for the Insane. Editor, Dr. J. C. BUCKNILL, Sec., Dr. C. L. ROBERTSON. No. 29, price 2s. 6d., con-

18:—
King Lear, a Psychological Study, by Dr. Bucknill.
L'Amour, par M. Michelet (review).
L'Amour, par M. Michelet (review).
Commentaries on Insanity, by Dr. F. Tyerman, M.R.C.S.
The Efficacy of Brown Bread in Melancholia.
Lange Leav Reform, by Dr. Bucknill.
James Law Reform, by Dr. Bucknill.
James Atkinson's Prison Letters.
Legislation on Irish Lunantio Asylums.
Report of the Association Meeting on the Lunacy Bills.
Report of the Committee on the Lunacy Bills.

London: Longman, Brown, and Co. Paternoster-row.

COMPLETION OF DE LA RIVE'S WORK ON ELECTRICITY.

In 8 vols. 8vo. with numerous Woodcuts, price 3l. 13s. cloth,

A TREATISE on ELECTRICITY, in Theory and Practice. By A. DE LA RIVE, late Professor in the Academy of Geneva. Translated for the Author by C. V. WALKER, F.R.S.

WALKER, F.R.S.

"The work now completed furnishes us with a very complete view of electrical science. It are a very complete view of electrical science. The researches of electrical science. The researches of electricians, in all parts of the world, are brought together, and subjected to cautious examination. Thus to research to the research of the world, are brought together, and subjected to cautious examination. Thus the research of the research is attacked with the least possible loss of time, and under the guidance of a high-class master. Hive work with great exactnistic mark and a record; all that the research of the researc

London: Longman Brown, and Co. Paternoster-row.

NEW PORM.

ERNEST the PILGRIM: a POEM.

By J. W. KING "One of the most delightful poems we have ever read."

"We recognize Mr. King as a true poet." Dubles Warder.
London: Partridge & Co. Paternoster-row.

Price 14s THE NORTH-WEST PASSAGE, and the PLANS for the SEARCH for SIR JOHN FRANKLIN: a Review. By JOHN BROWN, F. R.S. "A most valuable collection of facts and arguments."

"As a resume of the various Expeditions sent out in search of Sir John Franklin, this publication is undoubtedly of value."

"A complete epitome of Arctic discovery of Athensesses.

"A complete epitome of Arctic discovery."—Nautical London: Edward Stanford, 6, Charing Cross. In use at Eton, Westminster, Harrow, Cheltenham College, Christ's Hospital, St. Paul's, Merchant Taylors', City of London School, Greenwich Hospital School, Edinburgh Academy, &c.

DELILLE'S NEW GRADUATED COURSE. The Beginner's Own French Book. Sg. Easy French Poetry for Beginners. Sg. French Grammaz. Sg. 6d. Répertoire des Prosateurs. Gg. 6d. Modèles de Poésie. 6g.

Whittaker & Co. Ave Maria-lane NEW WORK BY THE REV. JAMES SMITH, OF CHELTENHAM.

BOOK YOU WILL LIKE; or, Seasonable A Truths to suit all Parties. Pp. 384, royal 38mo. crimson cloth, gilt edges, ls. 6d.; Cottage Library Edition, ls.

GROUP, girt cuges, act, cossage indray realists, is.

By the same author, same size and prices,

The EARLY and the LATTER RAIN-GOOD SEED for the
LORD'S FIELD-BREAD from HEAVEN-LIGHT for DARK
DAYS-SUNNY SUBJECTS for all SEASONS.

London: Simpkin, Marshall & Co. Halifax: Milner & Sowerby.

Shortly will be published. AN INTRODUCTION to the STUDY of the

CHALDEE LANGUAGE; comprising a Grammar and an alaysis of the Text of the Chaldee Portion of the Book of Daniel, the Rev. GEORGE LONGFILELD, A.M. Fellow of Trinity lege, Dublin. London: Whittaker & Co. Dublin: Hodges, Smith & Co. ARNOLD'S GRADUS AD PARNASSUM. In demy 8vo. (544 pages), price 10s. 6d. half bound

CRADUS AD PARNASSUM NOVUS; or,
Poetical Dictionary of the Latin Language: founded on
the 'Thesaurus Poetious' of Quicherst. Edited by the Rev. T. K.
ARNOLD, M.A. late Rector of Lyndon, and Fellow of Trinity
College, Cambridge.

This work is only the purple latt the help, and more than all the help, that the old Gradus afforded him;
but to supply this help in the form of materials to be worked up
by himself. — Profuce.

"This work is so superior to an ordinary Gradus, as scarcely tocome under the same control of the common control of the common common control of the common control of th

NEW LIFE OF THOMAS ARNOLD, D.D., OF RUGBY, Just ready, in cloth, price 3a. 6d.

THE LIFE OF THOMAS ARNOLID, D.D.,

By E. J. WORBOISE.

Contents: Shool-Days and College-Days—Laleham—Opening
Prospects—Rugby—The Head-Master—Toil and Travel—Folitics
and Literature—Church Reform—Isolation—The Hampden Controversy—The London University—Camber Days outre-mer—The
Regius Professorahip—Last Days.

London: Hamilton, Adams & Co. 33, Paternoster-row.

Now publishing, in Monthly Volumes, neatly done up in cloth, with a Frontispiece, price 1s.

HISTORICAL TALES, illustrating the Chief Events in Ecclesiastical History, British and Foreign, adapted for general reading, Parochial Libraries, &c. Now ready, No. II.

The EXILES of the CEBENNA: written during the Decian Persecution. By AURELIUS GRA-TIANUS, Priest of the Church of Arles; and now done into

The CAVE in the HILLS; or, Caecilius Viriathua. Subscribers' names received by all Booksellers. Oxford and London: John Henry and James Parker.

THE THEORY OF GLACIERS. Just published, in demy 8vo. with 10 Plates and 29 Wood Engravings, price 10a, 6d.

OCCASIONAL PAPERS on the THEORY ranged. With a Prefatory Note on the recent Progress and Present Aspect of the Theory Note on the recent Progress and Present Aspect of the Theory, By JAMES D. FORBES, D.C.L. F.R.S. Professor of Natural Philosophy in the University of Edin

By the same Author.

A REVIEW of the PROGRESS of MATHE-MATICAL and PHYSICAL SCIENCE in more recent Times, and particularly between the Years 1775 and 1800; being one of the Dissertations prefixed to the Eighth Edition of the 'Encyclopedia Britannies,' 4to, price 28, 66.

NORWAY and its GLACIERS. Followed Berne, and Savoy. With Two Maps, Ten Lithographic Views, printed in Colours by Day & Son, and 32 Wood Engravings. Boyal was noted in:

THE TOUR of MONT BLANC and MONTE ROSA. Being a Personal Narrative, abridged from the Author's Travels in the Alps of Savoy, &c. Illustrated. Imp. price &. "An admirable edition, and the Map of the Mer de Glace most correct and valuable."—Albert Smith.

Edinburgh : A. & C. Black. London : Longman & Co.

BOADICEA: a Poem. By Francis Barker.
Price St.
A valuable addition to our historic poetry."
Orrigina Witness.
Jarrold & Sons, 47, St. Paul's Churchyard, London.

REPRESENTATION OF THE PROPLE.

This day, in Sto. price 1s.

ONSTITUTIONAL REFORM
in Contrast with the MINISTERIAL MEASURE: a Pice
for the Rights of the Burgess and the Artizan. With an Introductory Letter to Lord Landowne. C. Westerton, Publisher, 20, St. George's-place, Hyde Park Corner.

er. *** Who publishes for Authors on moderate terms.

FRUIT-TREE CULTURE.

THE MINIATURE FRUIT GARDEN. By
THOMAS RIVERS. Eighth Edition, feap. Svo. gold lettered, 2s. &d. Giving full directions for a new and improved
method of cultivating Garden Fruit-Trees.
London: Longman & Co.; or free per post from the Author,
Sawbridgeworth, Herts.

Fourth Edition, enlarged, price 1s. 2d. post free, VACATION THOUGHTS on CAPITAL
PUNISHMENTS. By GHARLES PHILLIPS, A. R.,
One of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court for the Relief
of Insolvent Debtors.
London: J. Ridgway, 169, Piccadilly.

Just published, price 1s.

PROSELYTISM in INDIA: the Questions

at Issue Examined, in a Letter to Sir George Clerk, K.C.B.,
de. With an Appendix, containing an Account of the Recent
Tinnevelly Singuleter. By GEORGE NORTON, Eag., late Advocate-General of Madras.

London: Richardson Brothers, 23, Cornhill, E.C.

MUBBAY'S EDITIONS FOR THE PEOPLE M. CROKER'S REVISED EDITION of BOSWELL'S JOHNSON, with Additional Notes and Letters. Parts I. and II. 8vo. 1s. each are now ready. Mr. Croker's Preface.—"As my original edition revived, and in some respects extended, the public interest in Boswell's delightful work, i can desire no more than that my present revision may tend to maintain it."

2 The Complete Work, in One Volume, will be 10s.

II. LORD BYRON'S POETICAL WORKS, including his Dramas. Parts I. to III. 8vo. 1s. each, are now read. The Athenous.—"Those who buy an edition of Byron's Work published without the sanction of Mr. Murray, buy an imperfer

*** The Complete Work, in One Volume, will be 9s.
John Murray, Albemarle-street.

This day is published, in grown 8vo. price 4s. bound in cloth, R A V E

SOCIAL AND FAMILY WORSHIP

PREPARED BY

A COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, and specially designed for the Use of Soldiers, Sallors, Colonists, Solournors in India, and other Fersons, at Home or Abroad, who solournors in India, and other Fersons, at Home or Abroad, who solournors in India, and other Fersons, at Home or Abroad, who solournors in India, and other Fersons, at Home or Abroad, which is a soliton of the India of the Ind

With 30 Illustrations by Williams, feap. Syo. in cloth gilt, 3s. &d.
THE POACHER, and other Pictures of
Country Life. By THOMAS MILLER, Author of 'Gideon
Giles,' 'Godfrey Malvern,' &c. &c.
London: Ward & Lock, 158, Fleet-street.

This day is published, in 8vo, price 1s. 6d. THE SANITARY CONDITION of the ARMY. By the Right Hon. SIDNEY HERBERT, M.P. Reprinted from the Westminster Review for January, 1859.

London : John Chapman, 8, King William-street, Strand

THE ART of EXTEMPORE SPEAKING: Hints for the Pulpit, the Senate, and the Bar. By M. AUTAIN, Vicar-General, and Professor at the Sorbonne. "A book of suggestions for men who would practise extempor speaking..... Eloquent, forcible, full of apposite illustration."

London: Bosworth & Harrison, 215, Regent-street.

This day, fcap, 8vo. 4s. 6d. Songs for the SUFFERING. NG. By THOMAS DAVIS, M.A., Incumbent of Roundhay, Yorkshire of Devotional Verse for a Month, London: John W. Parker & Son, West Strand.

This day, feap, 8vo. 6s. THE GOOD NEWS of GOD. Sermons by CHARLES KINGSLEY, Rector of Everaley.

By the same Author SERMONS for the TIMES. Cheaper

TWENTY-FIVE VILLAGE SERMONS.

ANDROMEDA and OTHER POEMS. HYPATIA. Third Edition. 68.

YEAST. Fourth Edition, with a New Preface. 5s. London: John W. Parker & Son, West Strand.

NEW VOLUME OF POEMS. Now ready, in fcap. 8vo. price 3s. cloth

ORRIN; and Other Poems. By GEORGE T. COSTER. London: W. Kent & Co. (late D. Bogue), 86, Fleet-street.

A NEW EDITION, REVISED. In crown 8vo. 10s. 6d.

The country of the control of the co

THOUGHTS on SELF-CULTURE. By Mrs. W. GREY and Miss EMILY SHIRREFF. New Edition, price 7s. 6d. Simpkin & Marshall.

Just published, price 1s.

YOUNG-LADYISM: a Handbook on the Education, Accomplishments, Duties, Dress and Deportment, of the Upper Ten Thousand. By DEMOCRITUS MACHIAVEL BROWN, Esq. "Why not tell the truth, even if jestingly?"—Horaca.

At all Libraries and Booksellers',

ROSE-COLOURED SPECTACLES: a New
Novel. By MARY and ELIZABETH KIRBY. In 1 vol.
"The writers are nowhere deficient in the faculty of broad —Atlas, London: James Blackwood, Paternester-row.

In post 8vo. price 10s. 6d.

THE ARMIES of the GREAT POWERS.

"At the present moment such a volume is of both special and popular interest."—Attackers.

"At the present moment such a volume is of both special and popular interest."—Attackers.

"Attackers."—Attackers.

"Attackers."—Attackers.

"A very readable and instructive volum."—Interest at a moment when the proper powers, possessing great interest at a moment when war is in the wind."—Interest.

"A very readable and instructive volume is a service Gazette.

London: Wm. H. Allen & Co. 7, Leadenhall-street.

NEW NOVEL BY THE AUTHOR OF 'THE SISTER OF CHARITY. Just ready, in 2 vols

THE WIFE'S TEMPTATION: A Tale of Belgravia.

A Tale of Belgravia.

By MRS. CHALLICE.

Author of 'The Sister of Charity,' The Laurel and the Palm.

'The Village School Fête,' &c.

LUXIMA THE PROPHETESS:

By SYDNEY, LADY MORGAN. Complete in 1 vol.

CHARLES WESTERTON, HYDE PARK-CORNER, Who publishes for Authors on moderate terms.

THE NEW NOVELS.

To be had at all the Libraries.

CREEDS. By the Author of 'The

MORALS OF MAY FAIR.' S vols.

"This is a novel of strong dramatic situation, powerful plot, alluring and continuous interest, admirably defined characters, and much excellent remark upon human motives and social positions. The tale will principally be judged and read for its excitement of interest, its force of contrast, its powerfully-written dramatic scenes. The characters are marvellously life-like, fresh, and the second properties of the second at least equal to it in spirit and form. — Examiner.

"The good writing in this work, its life-like sketches and well-seasoned astire, will secure it many readers."—Gibber second properties of the second properties of

LIFE'S FORESHADOWINGS, 3 v. "A tale which has numerous beauties, and is pervaded throughout by an intimate knowledge of the human heart."—D. U. Mag.

EVERY DAY. By Mrs. Foster Lang-

TON. 3 vols.

"A novel which will charm many readers."—Observer.

"The production of an accomplished woman. Mrs. Langton's descriptions of every-day life among the upper classes are vivid in the extreme."—Advertises.

RIGHT OR WRONG. By Miss

"This story is very interesting and fresh. Once taken up it
will not be laid down."—Athencemm.

OCEOLA. By Capt. Mayne Reid. 3 vols. with Illustrations by WEIR.
"Capt. Reid if a sort of Walter Scott of the West. 'Occola' is full of soul-stirring interest."—Literary Gazette.

THE THREE PATHS. By Herbert

GREY, M.A. 2 vols "The main object of Mr. Grey will be popular with the ladies. It is to show that well-assorted matrimony is better than wild living or glumpy bachelorhood. The book indicates thought, ability, and spirit."—Spectator.

STEPHAN LANGTON. By Martin

F. TUPPER, D.C.L. F.R.S., Author of 'Proverbial Philosophy.' 2 vols. with fine Plates, 21s. bound. "The author has long been celebrated for his attainments in literary creation, but the present work is incomparably superior to anything he has hitherto produced."—Sun.

A GOOD TIME COMING. By the Author of 'MATTHEW PARTON.' 3 v. [On Friday.

WOODLEIGH. By the Author of 'WILDFLOWER,' 'ONE-AND-TWENTY,' &c. 3 v. [Just ready.

HURST & BLACKETT, Publishers, Successors to Henry Colburn, 13, Great Marlborough-street.

THE LAST OF THE CAVALIERS.

NOW READY AT EVERY LIBRARY.

In 3 vols. post 8vo.

LONDON, NEW BUBLINGTON-STREET, April, 1859.

Immediately.

E LITTLE.

M

F

LONG.

THE NEW WORK BY CHARLES READE.

2 vols. One Guinea.

TRÜBNER & Co.
Orders received by all the Wholesale Houses.

CONCLUDING VOLUME.

This day is published, the EIGHTH VOLUME of

LIVES OF THE QUEENS OF SCOTLAND

And English Princesses connected with the Regal Succession of Great Britain.

By AGNES STRICKLAND.

Containing the Lives of

ELIZABETH STUART, first Princess Royal of Great Britain; and SOPHIA, ELECTRESS OF HANOVER.

The Work is now completed in Eight Volumes, post 8vo. with Portraits and Historical Vignettes. Price 4l. 4s. bound in cloth. The Volumes are sold separately.

WILLIAM BLACKWOOD & SONS, Edinburgh and London.

XUM

1

d

EVELYN'S DIARY & CORRESPONDENCE, with the Private Correspondence of Charles BOHN'S HISTORICAL LIBRARY FOR APRIL If with the Private Correspondence of Charles I., and others during the Civil War. New Edition, revised and considerably enlarged, from the original papers (by JOHN FORSTER, Esq.), in a vois, post five, now first illustrated with numerous Portraits and Plates engraved on steel. Vol. 17. closh, 52.

and Plates engraved on steel. Vol. 1V. cloth, 5s.

"No change of fashion, no alteration of taste, no revolution of elence have impaired, or can impair, the celebrity of Evelyn. It is mane in fresh in the land, and his reputation, like the trees of an Indian Paradise, exists, and will continue to exist, in full trength and beauty, uninjured by time. therefore, and the state of the continue to the

BOHN'S CHEAP SERIES FOR APRIL. Price 2s. BOSWELL'S LIFE OF JOHNSON, includ-DOSWELLE'S LIFE OF JOHNSON, Including his Tour to the Hebrides. Tour in Wales, &c with large
Additions and NOTES by the Right Hon JOHN WILSON
CROKER. The second and most complete Copyright Edition, rearranged and revised according to the suggestions of Lord Macaulay, by the late JOHN WILGET, East, with further Additions
wards of 40 fine Engravings on Steel. Vol. III, ustrated with upwards of 40 fine Engravings on Steel. Vol. 11.

** The public will now have for 16s, what was formerly pub-lished at 3l.

Parts I and II, were published in March.
Henry G. Bohn, York-street, Covent-garden.

LITERAL TRANSLATION of the NEW A IRRAMENT, on Definite Rules of Translation, with an English Version of the same; in Nine Parts. By HERMAN HEINFETTER, Author of Rules for Ancertaining the Sense conveyed in Ancertainty the Sense Conveyed in Ancertainty & Dampus, 18c, Oxford-street, 20, Faternoter-row; and J. Bumpus, 18c, Oxford-street.

CLASS-BOOK of POETRY. Price 1s. 4d.

A New Edition is Now Ready, and will be found specially
adapted for use in Commercial and Grammar Schools. It contains Biographical Sketches of the most Popular Poets, Explanations of Idiomatic Words, Phrases, and Grammatical Difficulties,
and has a judicious Selection of Extracts, which may be set as
Exercises to be committed to Memory, and for Practice in Anajugis and Parsing. Exercises to be committee to assume the Exercises and Parsing.

National Society's Depository, Westminster.

In Weekly Parts, 8vo. price 9d. each, illustrated with Maps,
THE COTTAGE BIBLE and FAMILY
EXPOSITOR of the Old and New Testaments. With
Practical Reflections and abort explanatory Notes, &c. By
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Author of Daily Bread, &c.
2, The Work will be completed in Thirty-three Parts, forming
Three handsome Volumes in 8vo. Fart 1. April 1st.
London: William Tegs & Co. &c. Queen-street, Cheepside, E.C.

In Weekly Parts, fcap. 8vo. price 6d. each, Illustrated by W. Finden, from Drawings by J. D. Harding, Esq. THE WORKS OF WILLIAM COWPER—

HIS LIFE and LETTERS. By W. HAYLEY, Eq.
with Cowper's Private Correspondence. Edited by the Rev.
T. B. GRIMSHAWE, A.M.

"as" The Work will be completed in Thirty-two Parts, forming
Eight handsome Volumes. Part I. April 1st.
London: William Tegg & Co. Sc. Queen-street, Cheapside, E.C.

DR. BALFOUR'S TEXT-BOOK OF BOTANY. DR. BALFOUR'S TEXT-BOOK OF BOTANY.
In large vol. 8vo. with 1,800 Illustrations, price 31a. 6d.
CLASS-BOOK of BOTANY; being an Introduction to the 8tady of the Vergetable Kingdom. By J. H.
BALFUUR, A.M. M.D. F. R. 88. L. & E. F. L. 8. Regius Keeper of
the Royal Botanic Garden, and Professor of Medicine and Botany
in the University of Edinburgh.
Edinburgh: A. & O. Black. London: Longman & Co.

PASSAGES from 'THE EXCURSION.'
By WILLIAM WORDSWORTH. Illustrated with Etchings on Steel, by Agnes Fraser.
This work is now published by Paul & Dominic Columbit, Printecliers and Publishers to ther Majesty, 13 and 14, Pall Mail East. India Paper Profis, it is, 46; Prints, it is.

NEW WORK ON ELOCUTION. To be completed in Ten Numbers, at 3d. each

THE RHETORICAL READER and THE NILLIAN IN THE ADER AND SPEAKER: a Selection of the choicest Passages from the best English Writers, with full Instructions for the Rhetorical Management of the Volce.

Management of the Volce.

Macong Watson, Glasgow. Houlston & Wright, London.

In post 8vo. cloth, price 3s. 6d. USSIA. By a RECENT TRAVELLER. Being a Series of Letters originally published in The Continental on. Reprinted, with Additions and Illustrations. RUSSIA.

A. Series of resear originally pushing in the consensesse Review. Reprinted, with Additions and Illustrations.

"The best general account of the country that has ever appeared, without excepting even the valuable work of Baroa Harchausen, without excepting even the valuable work of Baroa Harchausen, and what the Russian towns and villages are like, will not find any account so truthrul and complete as this. "Universal Review." Eminently worth perusal and attention."—Leader.

"The interest is evidently an intelligent and discriminating observer of men and manners, and the general spirit of his remarks. "The witness when the service of the remarks of the property of the remarks of the research of the research of the research from week to week in the very able journal to which they were contributed, justifies to the fullest their reproduction in this more handy form."—Notes and Quertes. "Those elever and observant letters."—Speciator.

"Those elever and observed the pean of a Recomb Traveller, which have appeared in "The Continental Review, give us an intelligible glimpse of the great changes which are as yet only in their commencement."—Salaviday Review.

London: W. F. Oraham, I. a Belford-street, Strand.

London: W. F. Graham, 1 A, Bedford-street, Strand

Now ready, in 1 vol. post 8vo. price 7s. 6d. cloth, a New Edition, revised and enlarged,

TISTORY of the TRANSMISSION of the PROCESS of HISTORY OF the TRANSMISSION of the PROCESS of HISTORICAL PROOF; or a Concile Account of the Means by which the Genuineness of Ancient Literature of the Means by which the Genuineness of Ancient Literature enemerally adultentiate of Historical Works especially, are ascertained; in Multiple Indicated Homarks square the Helait's Strength of the Evidence usually adduced in behalf of the Holy Scriptures. By ISAAC TAYLOR.

By the same Author. Lately published, post 8vo. price 7a. 6d. cloth,

The WORLD of MIND: An Elementary Book. London: Jackson & Walford, 18, St. Paul's Churchyard.

Next week will be published, in crown 8vo. price 7s. 6d.

THE TWENTY-SECOND THOUSAND OF

THE REV. DR. GUTHRIE'S DISCOURSES FROM EZEKIEL.

Edinburgh: ADAM & CHARLES BLACK.

STANLEY'S CANTERBURY SERMONS.

This day is published, post 8vo. 7s. 6d.

THE UNITY OF EVANGELICAL AND APOSTOLICAL TEACHING.

SERMONS PREACHED for the most part in CANTERBURY CATHEDRAL. By A. P. STANLEY, D.D.

Regius Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the University of Oxford, Canon of Christ Church, and late Canon of Canterbury.

By the same Author.

SINAI and PALESTINE, in Connexion with their History.

EPISTLES of ST. PAUL to the CORINTHIANS; with Critical Notes and Dissertations. Second Edition. 8vo. 18s.

CANTERBURY. HISTORICAL MEMORIALS of Edition. Illustrations. Post 8vo. 7s. 6d.

BISHOP STANLEY'S ADDRESSES and CHARGES; with a Memoir. Second Edition. 8vo. 10s. 6d.

JOHN MURRAY, Albemarle-street.

APRIL, 1859.

LIST OF THE PRINCIPAL

WORKS OF THE PRESENT SEASON

IN CIRCULATION AT

MUDIE'S SELECT LIBRARY.

WHATELY ON PALET'S MORAL PHILO-SOPHY. HUGH MILLER'S LECTURES ON GROLOGY, WHAT WILL HE DO WITH IT? MEMOISS OF THE DUCHESS OF ORLEANS. THE BERFARMS, by ANTHONY TOIOPE. WHITE'S HISTORY OF FRANCE. ADAM BEDE, by George Eliot. CABLYLE'S FRIEDRICH THE SPECOND. KARN'S WANDERINGS OF AN ARTIST. MASSON'S LIFE AND TIMES OF MILITON. RABES WANDERINGS OF AN ARTIST.
MASSON'S LIFE AND TIMES OF MILTON,
ELLIS'S VISITS TO MADAGASCAR.
THE SCOURING OF THE WHITE HORSE.
MARSHMAN'S LIFE OF CARRY.
PARDOR'S EPISODES OF FRENCH HISTORY.
CIVILISED AMERICA, by T. C. GTRATEN.
HOWITT'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED
RELEASE.

ROUND THE SOFA, by Mrs. Gaskell.
TROLLOFF'S DECADE OF TRAILIA WOMEN.
FORDES'S THEORY OF ENGLAND.
FORDES'S THEORY OF GLACIERS.
CASPERBURY SERMONS, by A. P. Stanley.
VEST WILLER'S LECTURES ON GOLOGY.
WHAT WILL HE DO WITH IT?
WHONDES OF THE DUCHESS OF ORLEANS.
THE BERTRAMS, by Anthony Trollope.
WHISTE SHERORY OF PRANCE.
GALLERG'S LIFE IN PLEMONY.
BURNIESS OF PRANCE.
GRIEGIA'S CIVILIZATION IN FROLAND. LIFE OF M. A. SCHIMMELPENNINCE.
BUCKLE'S CYNILEATION IN ENGLAND.
MUIRHEAD'S LUFE OF JAMES WATT.
GORTHE'S SONGS, by Aytoun and Martin.
STEPHAN LANGTON, by M. F. Tupper.
FATHER AND DAGGETER, by H. Bremer.
JONES'S NATURALIST'S AQUAVIVARION.
PORTER'S HANDBOOK OF PALESTIE.
KAYE'S CHRISTIANTY IN INDIA.
WOMAN'S SPHERE AND WORK, by Landels.
MULLEE'S LIFERATURE OF GREECE.
GOTHER'S INHERITANCE OF THE SAINTS.
WILK'S THERE ARCEBISHOPS.

PARDOR'S EPHRODES OF FRENCH HISTORY.

CIVILIZED AMERICA, by T. C. Gratian.

HOWITT'S HISTORY OF THE UNITED

STATES.

LIFE OF DOUGLAS JERROLD.

HOSOR'S TWELVE YAARS IN INDIA.

BLARESLEN'S RESIDERCE IN ALGERIA.

LIFE OF THOMAS UWINS, M.A.

DORAN'S PICTURES AND PARELS.

FORSTER'S BLOCRAPHICAL ESSAYS.

MARSEL'S BAMPION LECTURES.

BARON ALDERSON'S LIFE AND CHARGES.

LORD CAMPBELL'S ERRAY ON SHARSFRARE.

BOOK OF THE THARES, by Mr. and Mrs.

HAIL.

WALFOLE'S LATEST JOURNALS.

LIFE'S FORESHADOWINGS—EVERY DAY.

SIX YAARS IN RUSSIA, by a Lady.

SAKFORD'S LIFTORY OF NAPLES.

COLLETTA'S HISTORY OF NAPLES.

COLLETTA'S THOMAS STUDIES.

COLLETTA'S POLERAMY SAMPHONESSES.

PAGEN'S NOTES ON MACAULAY AND PRINN.

DOMENICH'S TRAVELS IN TEXAS.

CAIRD'S PRAIRIE FARMING IN AMERICA.
LIFE OF DR. ARNOLD, by E. J. WOYDOISE.
THE TWO SICILIES, by Julia KRAVARRIS.
THOMSON'S RESIDENCE IN PALESTIME.
LIVINGSTONE'S TRAVELS IN AFRICA.
TATLOE'S LOGIC IN THEOLOGY.
WINTER EVENINGS, by Leitch Ritchie.
DR QUINCRY'S LEADERS IN LIFERATURE.
FREER'S HINRY III. OF FRANCE.
AGASHIE ON CLASSIFICATION. FREEZ'S HENRY III. OF FRANCE.
AGASSIE OF CLASSFIRCTION.
WILKINSON ON COLOUE AND TASTE.
CHILL AND PERCU, by LOOF DUNGONALLADY MORGAN'S AUTORIOGRAPHY.
HUC'S CHINESE ESPIEZ. New Edition.
EVANS'S FACTS, FAILURES, AND FRADES,
MÖLLHAUSEN'S TRAVELS IN CENTRAL
AMERICA.
WALMESLEY'S ALGERIA.—NORL'S INDIA.
GULLICK AND TIMES ON PAISTING.
WORNUN'S EPOCHS OF PAISTING.
NEW YORK TO DELIH.
REBE'S LUCKNOW.

REBE'S LUCKNOW.

BRIGHTWEIL'S LIFE OF LINERUS.
GLADSTONE'S BATCHOLONEW FAIR.
LEWIS'S SEA-SIDE STUDIES.
ESSAY OF LIBERTY, by J. S.
ESSAY OF LIBERTY, by J. S.
GUEBINS'S SIRGE OF LUCKNOW.
FORRESTR'S COESICA AND SARDINIA.
PORRES, by Ian Craig.
SYMOND'S CURIOSITIES OF FOOD.
THE AFFERNOON OF UNMARRIED LIFE.
MILLER'S CRUISE OF THE "BETSEY."
COOKE'S LITTERS FROM CHINA.
WHITE'S MONTH IN YORKSHIRE.
TWINING'S LUCTURES OF PLANTS. WHITE'S MONTH IN TORKSHIRE.
TWINING'S LECTURES ON PLANTS.
OSBOENE'S PALESTINE, PAST & PRESENT.
ROSE-COLOURED SPECTACLES.—URSULA.
MACGREGOR'S SUMMER TOUR IN CANADA.

The present rate of increase exceeds ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND VOLUMES per Annum,

Consisting chiefly of Works of permanent interest and value.

Single Subscription, ONE GUINEA per Annum.

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY SUBSCRIPTION, TWO GUINEAS and upwards, according to the number of Volumes required.

CHARLES EDWARD MUDIE, 509, 510 & 511, New Oxford-street, and 20 & 21, Museum-street, London.

Tountil Eight

AI

Nº

T expre tises, Th likely give in tional portar Natur

W those

time, equall

Conta

TH studied i Humoro garded fi had; als

9

у.

h

rd

2

nie.

ld.

BAL

DIA.

PŘ.

ADA.

85

This day is published,

A NEW POPULAR WORK OF MESSRS. CHAMBERS.

CHAMBERS'S ENCYCLOPÆDIA.

A DICTIONARY OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE FOR THE PEOPLE,

ON THE BASIS OF THE LATEST EDITION OF THE

GERMAN CONVERSATIONS-LEXICON.

Illustrated with Maps and numerous Wood Engravings.

To be published in Weekly Sheets, Royal 8vo. price 1½d. each, and in Monthly Parts, price 7d. each, until the whole is completed; it being confidently expected that the Work will be comprised in about Eighty Monthly Parts, forming Six or Seven Volumes, similar in appearance to the volumes of Chambers's Information for the Propule.

BERS'S INFORMATION FOR THE PROPLE.

This will be the cheapest Encyclopadia ever published, and one of the most comprehensive. It will be expressly a Dictionary, in one Alphabet, as distinguished, on the one hand, from a cluster of lengthy treatises, and on the other, from a combination of dictionaries of special branches of knowledge.

The aim of the Editors has been that for every object, person and thing, natural, political and social, likely to be inquired after, there should here be, in its alphabetical place, a representative article fitted to give information; and in working out this idea, it will be found that there are many heads of a conversational character never before admitted into works of the same class, but all of them interesting and important.

It will at the same time be amply comprehensive in the usual branches of Geography, Biography, Natural History, and the Sciences.

CHAMBERS'S ENGYCLOPEDIA has been under careful preparation for several years, and is, for the mean time, the crowning contribution of its Editors to CHEAP LITERATURE—a work designed in a special manner, equally in its construction and in its price,

FOR THE PEOPLE.

Without attempting to indicate minute points of pronunciation, the accent will be given in the case of those names and terms in which it is most likely to be misplaced.

No. I., price 11d., on April 2nd; Part I., price 7d., on April 30th.

W. & R. CHAMBERS, London and Edinburgh.

In a few days, 8vo. with Portrait, cloth, 10s. 6d.

THE LIFE AND TIMES OF DANIEL DE FOE:

WITH REMARKS DIGRESSIVE AND DISCURSIVE.

By WILLIAM CHADWICK.

London: JOHN RUSSELL SMITH, 36, Soho-square.

Just published, with Maps and Plans, price 7s. 6d. cloth,

NOTES OF A CLERICAL FURLOUGH.

SPENT CHIEFLY IN THE HOLY LAND.

By the Rev. ROBERT BUCHANAN, D.D. BLACKIE & SON, Warwick-square, City, London; and Glasgow and Edinburgh;
And all Booksellers.

THORNBURY'S 'LAST HOURS OF THE PAINTERS.'

ART-JOURNAL FOR APRIL,

Price 2s. 6d.

Contains Two Engravings from Pictures in the Royal Collections:—'THE HOME-EXPECTED,' by W. MULRHADY, R.A., and 'VIETRI,' by C. STANFIELD, R.A.

The Engraving from Sculpture is the Group of 'THE PRODIGAL SON, by J. Mozina.

Among the Literary Contents are:—Leonardo da Vinci—Chromo-Lithography, by R. Hunt, F.R.S.—Last Hours of the Painters, No. 1: Brauwer in Antwerp Hospital, by G. W. Thornbury—British Artists, No. 4: J. Linnell, illustrated Tombs of British Artists, No. 14—Exhibition of the Royal Scottish Academy—Crystal Palace Art-Union—Excursions in South Wales: Monmouth, Part IV., by Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Hall, illustrated.

VIRTUE & Co. 25, Paternoster-row.

On April 1st, in Imperial 8vo. Vol. V., cloth, gilt edges, 7s. &d., Illustrated with nearly ONE HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS, in the first style of Art,

THE NATIONAL MAGAZINE: a Journal devoted to
LITERATURE and ART, and equally an organ of both. Attractiveness of Subject and of Treatment is
studied in every department. Tales by acknowledged Authors; Reviews; Essays; Varieties of Travel and Adventure;
Emmorous Sketches; and occasional Reports of Public Matters, find due place: thus forming altogether, whether regarded from a literary or artistic doint of view, a Magazine of great interest and beauty.—Vols. I. to IV. are still to be
lad; also in Monthly Parts, at 1s. Cases for Binding, 1s. 9d.

London: W. KENT & Co. Paternoster-row.

OXFORD MIDDLE-CLASS EXAMINATION.
Now ready, price 1s. 6d. cloth,
COWPER'S TASK. Book I. (The SOFA).
With Notes on the Analysis and Parsing.
By C. P. MASON, BA.

By the same Author,
ENGLISH GRAMMAR; including the Principles of Grammatical Analysis. 12mo. 3a, 6d. cloth, lettered.
London: Walton & Maberly, Upper Gower-street, and Ivy-lane,
Paternoster-row.

THE PROBLEM of SQUARING the CIRCLE SOLVED; or, the True Circumference and Area of the Circle Discovered. By JAMES SMITH. London: Longman, Brown, Green, Longmans and Roberts. Liverpool: Edward Howell.

Just Out.—Price 3a 6d complete, with hundreds of Authentic Original Woodcuts, Title and Frontispiece by Harvey, crown

TEN THOUSAND WONDERFUL
THINGS; including everything Marvellous and Rare, Odd,
Curious, Quaint, Eccentric, and Extraordinary, in all Ages and

London: Ward & Lock, 158, Fleet-street.

Fifteenth Thousand, Illustrated with 1,000 Engravings, crown Svo. pp. 384, price 3a. 6d.

FACTS FOR EVERYBODY. A complete Encyclopsedia of Useful Knowledge, comprising—

I. THINGS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN,

II. THINGS THAT OUGHT TO BE KNOWN,

III. THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

London: Ward & Lock, 185, Fleet-street,

A COMPLETE COURSE of INSTRUCTION GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.

in the FRENCH LANGUAGE.

By M. LE PAGE, PROFILE ANGUAGE.

By M. LE PAGE, PROFILE ANGUAGE.

The sale of many thousands, and the almost universal adopnof these clever little books, by M. le Page, sufficiently prove
public approbation of his plan of teaching French, which is in
ordance with the natural operation of a child learning its
live language."

LE PAGE'S FRENCH SCHOOL. Part I. cho de Paris; being a Selection of Familiar Phrases which a son would hear daily if living in France. Price 3s. 6d. cloth.

LE PAGE'S FRENCH SCHOOL. Part II.
The Gift of Fluency in French Conversation: a Set of Exercises
for the Learner of the French Language, calculated to enable him
by means of practice, to express himself fluently on the ordinary
topics of life. With Notes. Price 2a. 6d. cloth.

LE PAGE'S FRENCH SCHOOL. Part III. The Last Step to French; or, the Principles of French Grammar displayed in a Series of Short Lessons, each of which is followed by Questions and Exercises. With the Versification. Price 2s. 6d. cioth.

LE PAGE'S FRENCH SCHOOL COM-LETE. The 3 Parts in 1 vol. Price 7a. 6d. cloth. LE PAGE'S FRENCH MASTER for EGINNERS; or, Easy Lessons in French. Price 2a. 6d. cloth. LE PAGE'S PETIT CAUSEUR; or, First hatterings in French; being a Key to the Gift of French Con-resation. Price 1a. 6d.

LE PAGE'S NICETIES of PARISIAN PRONUNCIATION. Price 6d.

LE PAGE'S JUVENILE TREASURY of FRENCH CONVERSATION. With the English before the French. Price 3s. cloth.

LE PAGE'S KEY to 'L'ÉCHO de PARIS.'

Handbook for Travellers on the Continent and Students at Home.

Price 44. cloth. LE PAGE'S FRENCH PROMPTER.

LE PAGE'S PETIT MUSÉE de LITTÉ-RATURE FRANÇAISE. Elegant Extracts from the most eminent Writers of France, in Prose and Verse. Price 5a 6d. cioth.

LE PAGE'S READY GUIDE to FRENCH COMPOSITION. French Grammar by Examples, giving models as leading strings throughout Accidence and Syntax. Price 3s. 6d. gham Wilson, Royal Exchange, E.C.; and Messrs. Longman.

PIANOFORTES. — CRAMER, BEALE & CO.—For Sale or Hire. Every variety. New and Second-hand, warranted.—301, Regent-street.

HARMONIUMS. — CRAMER, BEALE & CO. have every description. Cramer, Beale & Co. are alief Agents for Alexandre's New Patent.—201, Regent-street.

SECOND - HAND HARMONIUMS. —
CRAMER, BEALE & CO. have a Stock of various Descriptions—301, Regent-street.

HARMONIUM TUTOR, including Instruc-tions, Exercises, Lessons, and Melodies, for the Harmonium. By J. ADAMS.—Cramer, Beals & Co. 201, Regent-street.

WHEATSTONE'S ENGLISH HARMONI-

W HEATSTONE'S ENGLISH HARMONIUMS, in solid Gase, manufactured by them expressly for
Churches, Chapels, Schools, &c., have the full compass of Keys,
are of the best quality of Tone, best workmanship and material,
and do not requiring tuning.

With 1 Stop, Organ Tones, large size, Ost Case 15

With 2 Stop, Organ Tones, large size, Ost Case 25

With 3 Stop, Gran Tones, large size, Ost Case 25

With 3 Stops, ditto 4

With 10 Stops, ditto 5

The tones of the latter can be produced either softer or louder than other Harmoniums that cost double the price. Frize Medal,
list, 1851. An extensive assortment of Six-Guinea School-room
all the latest improve the soften of the Drawing-room,
by Alexandre.—Wheatstone & Co. 26, Conduit-street, Regentstreet.

WHEATSTONE'S CONCERTINAS for VV 11 16a of superior make, six sided, with the double action, to play in five keys; ditted, to play in all keys, \$1 18a cd. Concertinas having the full compans of released. Has don't be full compans of released. Has don't be later as the full compans of the full double with the later as the full compans of the full double with the later as the full double with the full double with the later as the full double with the full

MICROSCOPES.—J. AMADIO'S Improved COMPOUND MICROSCOPE S. 2s.; Student's St. 18s. 6s. ...

"Both these are from Amadio, of Throgmordon-street, and are receilent of their kind, the more expensive especially."—House-look Words, No. 34.—*2s. Just published, an ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE, containing the Names of 1,600 MICROSCOPIC OBJECTS, post free for four stamps.

A CHROMATIC MICROSCOPES,—W. LADD invites MEDICAL STUDENTS and others to inspect his it and most approved forms of Microscopes. -31, Chancery-

INDUCTION COILS,—W. LADD'S Im-rored Induction Coils and Apparatus connected therewith, teluding Geisaler's Sealed Vacuum Tubes for showing Stratifica-on, and other extraordinary Fhenomena, as exhibited by J. F. sasiot, Esq., V.P.R.S., at the British Association at Leeds— stalegges gratis upon application to

W. LADD, OPTICIAN, \$1, CHANCERY-LANE, W.C.

HOCKIN'S OPERATOR'S NEGATIVE

HOCKIN'S OPERATOR'S NEGATIVE OLLOPION is unsurpassed in sensitiveness and density, price 18s, per 30c. scalausive of bottles. POSITIVE COLLODION unsqualled in sensitiveness and delicacy of setali, do per co., 8s. ed. per 30 sz. ALBUMENKIEM PAPEIS, 17c by 71, cpr quire; Waxed ALBUMENKIEM PAPEIS, 17c by 71, cpr quire, 18c per quire, 18c per quire, 18c per post 1s. 1d. HOCKIN & CO. Operative Ohemiss, 38, Dake-street, Manches-stream, London (late 38s, Strand).

PHOTOGRAPHY.—T. OTTEWILL & CO., Wholesale and Retail PHOTOGRAPHIC APPARATUS MANUFACTURERS, Islington, London.
T. Ottewill & Co.'s NEW TEAK CAMERAS expressly for

N.B. First-class work only. Illustrated Catalogues sent free on application.

SMITH, BECK & BECK'S ACHROMATIC

A CCIDENTS are of DAILY OCCURRENCE.

—Insurance data show that ONE PERSON in every
FIFTEN is more or less injured by Accident yearly.

AN ANNUAL PAYMENT OF IS, secures.

A FIXED ALLOWANCE OF G. PER WEER
IN THE EVENT OF INJURY, OR
1,000. IN OASE OF DEATH,
FROM ACCIDENTS OF EXEM DESCRIPTION,

BAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY,
which has already paid in compensation for Accidents 57,008.

Worms of Proposal and Proprocedure may be bad at the Com-

which has arready paid in compensation for Accidence 47,008.

Forms of Proposal and Prospectiuses may be had at the Company's Offices, and at all the principal Railway Stations, where, also, Railway Accidents alone may be insured against by the Journey or Year. No charge for Stamp Duty. Capital One Hillion.

Railway Passengers' Assurance Company.

Offices, 3, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL RE PHE TWENTY-FIFTH ANNUAL REPPORT. CASH ACCOUNTS and BALANCE SIEET to 318
December last, as laid before the Members of THE MUTUAL
LIFE ASSUANCE SOLIETY, at the General Meeting on
Wednesday, 16th February, 1609, is now princed, and may be had
King-street, Cheapuide, E.C. To the Report and Accounts is appended a list of Bonuses paid on the Claims of the Year 1588.
The Mutual Life Assurance Offices,
29, King-street, Cheapuide, London, E.C.

ESTABLISHED 1837. BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Empowered by Special Act of Parliament, 4 Vict. cap. 9.

Empowered by Special Act of Parliament, 4 Vict. cap. 9.

BRITANNIA MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION,

Empowered by Her Majosty's Royal Letters Patent.

Major-General ALEXANDER, Blackheath, Park, Chairman.

Half-Credit Rates of Premium.

Persons assured according to these rates are allowed credit for half the amount of the first five or seven Annual Premiums, paying interest thereon at the rate of Fire per Cent. per Annual, with the option of paying of the arreary of Premiums, at any with the option of paying of the arreary of Premiums, at any the Policy becomes a claim.

ANDREW FRANCIS, Secretary.

ANDREW FRANCIS, Secretary.

IMPERIAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 1, OLD BROAD-STREET, LONDON. Instituted 1820.

Thomas G. Barclay, Esq.
James C. C. Bell, Esq.
James Brand, Hsq.
Charles Cave, Esq.
George Henry Cutler, Esq.
Henry Davidson, Esq.
George Field, Esq.

I, OLD Broattuted 1890,
Directore.
GEORGE WILLIAM COUTAM, Esq. Chairman.
FREDERICK PATTISON, Esq. Deputy-Chairman.
omas G. Barclay, Esq. George Hibbert, Esq.
samed Hibbert, Esq. Samuel Hibbert, Esq. Large Henry Cutler, Esq. J. Gordon Murdoch, Esq. william R. Robinson, Esq. Martin T. Smith, Esq. Mpr. Newman Smith, Esq

George Field, Esq.

SECURITY.—The assured are prolected by a guarantee fund of upwards of a million and a half sterling from the liabilities attaching to mutual assurance, they per cent. of the profits, are PROFITS.—You-fiths, or Eight.—The assured are entitled to PROFITS—Southfits of the profits, are participale after payment of one premium.

OLAIMS.—The Company has disbursed in payment of claims and additions upwards of 1,500,000.

Froposals for insurances may be made at the Chief Office, as a proper out of the proper of the Agents throughout the kingdom. Mall, London; or to any of the Agents throughout the kingdom.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON FIRE and LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 1, Dale-street, Liverpool; and 20 and 21, Poultry, London.

No.1, Dale-street, Liverpool; and 50 and 51, Poultry, London.
Liability of Proprietors Unitmited.

INVESTED FUNDS . £1,186,035.
PROGRES OF THE COMPARY.

Year. Fire Premiums. Life Premiums. Invested Funds.
1845 . 25,72 . 16,128 . 626,038
1858 . 75,088 . 132,41 . 1,156,035
The Annual Income succeds £450,000.
Policies EXPIRING on LADY-DAY should be renewed before 5th April.

SWINDAY LIT, Secretary to the Company.

EREDERICK DENT, Chronometer, Watch and Clock Maker to the Queen and Prince Consort, and der of the Great Clock for the Houses of Parliament, 61, and, and 34, Royal Exchange. No connexion with 33, Cockspur-street.

ORNAMENTS for the MANTELPIECE, &c. Statuettes, Groups, Vases, Sc., in Parian, decorated Bisquad other China; Clocks (gilt, marble, and brouze); Alabases chomian (Blass, Sirst-class Brozzes, Candelabra, and other Artanufactures, combining Nevelty, Beauty, and High Art Price mely moderate. THOMAS PEARCE & SON, 23, Ludgate-hill, E.C.

CARDS for the MILLION: Wedding, Visiting, and Business.—A COPPER-PLATE elegantly engraved and 50 best Cards printed, for 2s.—Sent post free by ARTHUI GRANGER, Cheap Stationer, &c., 308, High Holborn, London.

DIESSE & LUBIN'S HUNGARY WATER.

-This Scent stimulates the Memory and invigorates the
Brain. The most ancient of perfumers. 2E. Bottle; 10s. Case of
BIX.

9. NEW BOND-STREET.

FISHER'S DRESSING CASES FISHER'S PORTMANTEAUS. First-Class Workmanship, at Moderate Prices. 188, STRAND, LONDON. Catalogues post free

MAPPIN'S "SHILLING" RAZORS Shave

MAPPIN'S "SHILLING" RAZORS Shave
well for Twelve Months without Grinding.
MAPPIN'S 28. RAZORS Shave well for Three Years.
MAPPIN'S 28. RAZORS Shave well for Three Years.
MAPPIN'S DRESSING CASES AND
TRAVELLING BAGS.

MAPPIN BROTHERS, Manufacturers by Special Appointment to the Queen, are the only Sheffield Makers who supply the Consumer in London. Their London Show Booms, 67 and 68, KING WILLIAM-STREET, London Bridge, contain by far the largest STOCK of DRESSING CASES, and Ladiez and Gentlemen's TRAYELLING BAGS in the World, each Article being mALPPIN'S Ginnes DRESSING CASES, for Gentlemen. MAPPIN'S Ginnes DRESSING CASES, in solid Leather. Ladiez TRAYELLING BAG DRESSING CASES, for Gentlemen. do. do., from \$1.38. to 80!

Gentlemen. do. do., from \$1.38. to 80!

Gentlemen. do. do., from \$1.38. to 80!

Accostly Book of Engravings, with Prices attached, forwarded by post on receipt of Twelve Stamps.

MAPPIN BROTHERS,

MAPPIN BROTHERS

67 and 68, KING WILLIAM-STREET, CITY, LONDON; Manufactory—Queen's Cutlery Works, Sheffield.

"EXCELLENTE BIJOUTERIE COURNANTE: Modeles spéciaux à sa Fabrique,"—WATHERSTON & BROGDEN, having been honoured with a First-class
Medai at the Paris Universal Exhibition, accompanied by the
above flattering Testimonial, respectfully invite the public to an
interpretation of the president of the president of the president
WATHERSTON & BROGDEN, Goldsmiths, Manufactory, 16,
Henrietta-Street, Covent-garden, W.C. Established A.D. 1798.
N.B. Assays made of Chains and Jewellery for 1s. each.

WHEN YOU ASK FOR ELD PATENT SEE THAT YOU GET IT, GLENFIELD AS INFERIOR KINDS ARE OFTEN SUBSTITUTED.

HARVEY'S FISH SAUCE.—Notice of Injunction.—The admirers of this celebrated Fish Sauce are particularly requested to observe that none is genuine but that which bears the back lade with the name of WILLIAM LAZENSY, as well as the front label signed "Bitsabeth Lazenby," and that for further security, on the neach of every bottle of the Genuine Sauce, with the genuine Sauce, with the security, on the neach of every bottle of the Genuine Sauce, which are self-well to the security of the second secon

EA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE EA & FERRIANS WORCESTERSHIRE J SAUGE imparts the most exquisite reliah to Steaks, Chops, and all Roast Meat Gravies, Fish, Game, Soup, Curries, and Salad, and by its tonic and invigorating properties enables the stomach to perfectly digest the food. The daily use of this aromatic and delicious Sauce is the best safeguard to health. Sold by the Proprietors, Lea & PERRIER, 10, Fenchurch-street, London, and Se, Broad-street, Worcester, and also by Mesers. Barchay & Sons, Food-street, Worcester, and also by Mesers. Barchay & Sons, Monday, Charles and Control of the South Control of the Sons of the South Control of

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL is univer-POWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL is univerusally in high repute for its unprecedented success during
the last sixty years, in the growth, restoration, and improvement
of the Human Hair—the Brand, Winskers, and Musracinos,
Its invaluable properties have obtained the Patronage of Royalty,
the Nobility, and the Aristocracy thresiphout Europe; while its
introduction into the Nursery of Royalty, and the numerous
restimoniais constantly received of its efficacy, after the rest and surest proofs of its merita—Frico vs. cl. and 7s. Family
Caurino.—On the Wrapper of each Bottle are the words "ROW
LAND'S MACASSAR OIL," &c. in white letters, and their Signature, "A. ROWLAND & SONS," in red ink.—Sold at 20,
Hatton-garden, London; and by Chemists and Perfumers. M ESSRS. J. & R. M'CRACKEN, FOREIGN ACENTS, and AGENTS to the ROYAL ACADEMY., Old Jown have to end to be followed by the County of the Royal academy of the County of the

HOUSE Agent to the French Court and to the Music Royal.

LKINGTON & Co., PATENTEES of the
ELECTRO-PLATE, MANUFACTURING SILVER.
SMITTIS, BRONZISTS, &c., -beg to intimate that they have added to their extensive stock a large variety of New Designs in the highest Class of Art, which have recently obtained for them at the other than the stock of the stock of

HANDSOME BRASS and IRON BEDBEADS—HEAL & SON'S Show Rooms contain a large assort report of the property of th

HEAL & SON'S ILLUSTRATED CATA-LOGUE, containing Designs and Prices of 100 Bedstacks well as of 150 different Articles of BED-ROOM FURNITURE sent free by post.—HEAL & SON, Bedstead, Bedding, and begrown Furniture Manufacturers, 196, Tottenham-court-road, W.

CHUBB'S LOCKS, with all the BEGET IMPROVEMENTS: STRONG FIRE-PROOF SAFE, CASH and DEED BUXES.—Complete Lists of Sizes and Fries may be had on application.
CHUBB & SON, 87, 82. Paul's Churchyard, London; 28, Letstreet, Liverpool; 16, Market-street, Manchester; and Horsig Fleids, Wolverhampton.

INDIA AND TURKEY CARPETS. WATSON, LOWE & BELL beg to announce that they have just landed a further supply of their magh admired MASULFATAM (ARPETS, of various size. They have also their usually large and well-assorted Stock of URREY, BRUSSELS, and OTHER CARPETS, of the finst

qualities. WATSON, LOWE & BELL, 35 and 36, Old Bond-street

WINES FROM SOUTH AFRICA. DENMAN, Introducer of the South Africal PORT, SHERBY, &c., 20s. per Dozen, Bottles included A Pint Sample of each for 3s thamps. Wink in Cass forwards free to any railway station in England.

EXCELSIOE BRANDY, Pale or Brown, 15s. per gallon, q

EXCELENCE DISEASE.

30 per dogen. Country orders must contain a remittance. Com
cheque. Bank of London." Prior-lists with Dr. Hassall saidcheque. Bank of London." Prior-lists with Dr. Hassall saidplace L. DENMAN, 65, Fechurch-street, corner of Railway-place, London.

church-street, corner of Railway-place, London.

FINE OLD PORT (Sandeman's Shipping), 48t.

per dozen-Port from the Wood, 58t, 48r.—Old Port in Botils,

Magnums, 198e, per dozen. This rare Wine is dry and meller,

Magnums, 198e, per dozen. This rare Wine is dry and meller,

Pale and Brown Sherry, 30t, 38t, 48t, 48t, 58t.—St.-Julien Clark,

St.—La Rose, 28t.—Lanchur, 58t.—Margaux, 60t.—Lantite, 78t.

manshausen, a choice red Hock, 60t., 78t.—Champagne, 48t, 48t.

Take.—Amonthilado and Mansanilla, 48t, 60t.—Fine Old Pale

Cognac, 78t.—very choice Pale Brandy, 1900 Vintage, 14th, per

dozen. This Brandy gained the Prize Media at the Paris Ethil
tion. On receive a Francodite did or reference, any of the

shore will be fore as a Francodite or reference, any of the

shore will be fore as a Francodite of the Prize Mary Ethila

HEDGES & BUTLER.

WINE MERCHANTS, 155, REGENT-STREET, LONDON; and 30, King's-road, Brighton. (Originally established A.D. 1667.)

WINE NO LONGER an EXPENSIVE YY LUXURY.
INGHAM'S MARSALA, 24s. per dozen,
INGHAM'S VIRGIN MARSALA, 20s. per dozen,
INGHAM'S VIRGIN MARSALA, 30s. per dozen.
Terms, csah, and delivered free within five miles.
WELLER & HUGHES, importers, 37, Crutched-friars, Mathune, E.C.

THE EUROPEAN AND COLONIAL

THE EUROPEAN AND COLONIAL
WINE COMPANY,
122, PALL MALL, S.W.
The above Company has been formed for the
purpose of supplying the Nobility, Gentry, and Private Families
with PURE WINES of the highest character, at a saving of si

F with had 9, 10 part A Ladi Despartice New J. ture Stra

0

Esta varie Glas of n stool and

M ment Cons KIN large CUT

19 Ts 12 Ts 12 Dc 12 Dc 12 Tc 2 Sa 1 Gr 4 Sa 1 Mr 1 Ps 1 Ps 1 So 6 Es

2 Dox I 1 Pai 1 Pai 1 Pai 1 Pai 1 Ste manu Hand ence thick MAP City

F before SHO DER IRON proace or ex ornar Fend 11&; Chim set to The heart B

ROO! Lamp once t publi-tende ranted are re ivory-Denses 4s. 3d.

ivory, Knive black 2s. 6d, Table Plated the n W be had tratio Nicke water Range Clocks and P Prices

OSLERS' TABLE GLASS, CHANDELIERS, HALL'S EAU de COLOGNE, an inimitable DELETES 1ADDES VIRIASS, VILLAS BEHINDS, LOSS OF LUBRIES, & d. (A), Varford-street, London, conducted in connexion with their Manufactory, Broad-street, Brindsham, Estable, Wine Glasses, Water Jues, Gollets, and all kiming falls believed to the Glasses, Water Jues, Gollets, and all kiming of Table Glass at exceedingly moderate prices. Crystal Glass Chandeliers, of new and elegand designs, for Gas, from 4. upwards. A large stock of Foreign Ornamental Glass always on view. Expert and Furnishing orders executed with despatch.

TURNITURE.—Where to Buy, What to Buy, What to Buy, How to Buy.—COMPLETE FURNISHING GUIDES, with all Explanations, and EXPERTS, ON Examines: to be a serious; to

LLEN'S PATENT PORTMANTEAUS
and TRAVELLING BAGS, with SQUARE OPENING:
Defaulth Boxes, Writing and Dressing Bass, with Silver Pittings;
Depaulth Boxes, Writing and Dressing Cases, and 500 other
articles for Home or Continental Travelling, illustrated in their
New Catalogue for 1899. By post for two stamps.
J. W. & T. ALLEN, Manufacturers of Officers' Barrack Furniture and Military Outfitters (see separate Catalogue), 18 and 23,
Strand.

MAPPIN'S ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE
and TABLE CUTLERY.

MAPPIN BROTHERS, Manufacturers by Special Appointment to the Queen, are the only Sheffield Makers who supply the
Consumer in London. Their London Show Rooms, 67 and 68,
KING WILLIAM-STREET, London Bridge, contain by far the
largest STOOK of ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE and TABLE
CUTLERY in the World, which is transmitted direct from their
Ramufactory, QUEEN'S UUTLERY WORKS, SHEFFELD.

			Fiddle						King's			Lily		
			Pa	tte	m		hre			tte			tte	m
12 Table Forks, best	quality		£1	16	0		14	0	3	0	0		18	0
	do.		1	16	0	2	14	0	3	0	0	3	12	0
12 Dessert Forks	do.			7	0	2	0	0	3	4	0	2	14	0
12 Dessert Spoons	do.	9.0		7	0	9	0	0	2	4	0	2	14	0
12 Tea Spoons	do.	9.0		16	0	1	4	0	1	7	0	1	16	0
Sauce Ladles	do.			8	0	0	10	0	0	11	0	0	13	0
1 Gravy Spoon	do.		. 0	7		0	10	- 6	0	11	0	0	13	0
4 Salt Spoons, gilt !	bowls			6	8 8	0	10	0	0	12	0	0	14	0
	do.			1		0	2	6	0	3	0	0	3	6
1 Pair Sugar Tongs	do.	91		3	6	0	5	6	0	6	0	0	7	0
1 Pair Fish Carver		01		0	0	1	10	0	1	14	0	1	18	0
1 Butter Knife	do.	0.0		3	0	0	5	0	0	6	0	0	7	0
1 Soup Ladle	do.			12	0	0	16	0	0		6	1	0	0
6 Egg Spoons (gilt)		**	. 0	10	0	0	15	0	0	18	0	1	1	0
			Commen		-	-	_	_	-		-	-	_	_

2 Dozen full-size Table Knives.	Ore	lin	ary	Medium Quality.			Best Quality.		
I Dozen full-size Table Anives, Ivory Handles 14 Dozen full-size Cheese ditto 1 Pair of regular Meat Carvers 1 Pair extra-sized ditto 1 Pair Poultry Carvers 1 Steel for Sharpening	#3 1 0 0 0	447879	0 6 6 6		6 14 11 12 11 4	0 6 0 0 0 0	0	12 11 15 16 15	0 6 6 6 0
Complete Service	£4	16	0	6	18	6	9	16	-6

MAPPIN BROTHERS, 57 & 68, KING WILLIAM-STREET, City, London; Manufactory, Queen's Cutlery Works, Sheffield.

TENDERS, STOVES, FIRE-IRONS and CHIMNEY-PIECES.—Buyers of the above are requested before finally deciding, to visit WILLIAM S. BURYON'S SHOW-ROOMS. They contain such an assortment of FEN. DERS, STOVES, RANGES, CHIMNEY-PIECES, FIRE-IRONS, and GENERAL IR. WHICH GHEY AS cannot be found to be an experiment of the contract of the contrac

Chimney-pieces, from 14, 8s. to 804; Fire-irons, from 2s. 3d. the set to 44, 4s.

The BURTON and all other PATENT STOVES, with radiating

BEDSTEADS, BATHS, AND LAMPS.—
WILLIAM S. BURTON has SIX LARGE SHOWROOMS devoted exclusively to the SEPARATE DISPLAY of
Lamps, Baths, and Metalic Bedsteads. The stock of each is at
once the largest, newest, and most varied ever submitted to the
public, and marked at prices proportionate with those that have
tended to make his establishment the most distinguished in this
country.

CUTLERY WARRANTED.—The most varied UTLIERY WARRANTED.—The most varied Associated to Grantenance of Table Cuttlelky in the world, all transled, is on SALEs at WILLIAM S. BURTON'S, at press that are remunerative only because of the largeness of the asis. 34-inch ivery-handled Table Knives, with high shoulders, 12a 6d, per dozen, Desserts to masch, 10s; if to balance, 6d, per doz, extra fine, 10ry, 32a; if with silver ferrules, 40a; to 50a; white bone Table Knives, 6a; per dozen; Desserts, 5a; Carverr, 2a, 3d, per pair; 3a; 6d; black wood-handled Table Knives and Forks, 6a per dozen, Table Bteels, from 1a, each, The largest Steck in existence of Plated Dessert Knives and Forks, in cases and otherwise, and of the new Plated Fish Carvers.

WILLIAM S. BURTON'S GENERAL
TURNISHING IRONMONGERY CATALOGUE may
be had gratis, and free by post. It contains upwards of 400 flustrations of his illimited shock of Electro and Sheffield Plate,
Rickel Sliver and Britannis Metal Goods, Dish Covers and Hotwater Dishes, Stoves, Fenders, Marble Chimmey-pieces, Kitchen
Ranges, Lamps, Gaseliers, Tea Urns and Kettles, Tea Trays,
Choles, Table Outlery, Batha and Tollee Ware, Turnery, Iron
Closis, Table Outlery, Batha and Tollee Ware, Turnery, Iron
Choles, Table Outlery, Batha and Tollee Ware, Turnery, Iron
Fricon, and Planeage, Bedding, Bed Hangings, &c., with Lists of
Pricon, and Planeage, State of the Cooms at 20, Oxfordstreet, Wr. 1, La. 2, & 3, Newman-sirecet; and 4, 2, & 6, Perrysplace, London.—Established 1830.

II. perfume, which for delicacy and durability of odour cannot be surpassed by any foreign article imported. In full-sized bottles, Iz each. A case of six bottles for 5s. 6d. forms a most elegant present.—JUHN H. HALL, 309, Holborn, two doors west of Chancery-lane, W.O.

PARIS CHOICE PERFUMERY.— ED.
PINAUD'S PERFUMES, Fancy Scape, Pomades, Philocomes, Aromatic and Oriental Vinegar, Cosmetics, Elixir Dentifrice, &c. &c., to be had by all Chemists and Perfumers through the country. Depot for Wholesale and Export, 27, CANNON-STREET WEST, London

RUPTURES .- BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT. RUPTURES.—BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

WHITE'S MOC-MAIN LEVER TRUSS is
allowed by upwards of 200 Medical dentiemen to be the most
effective invention in the cursitive treatment of HERNIA. The
use of a steel spring, so often hurtful in its effects, is here avoided:
soft bandage being worn round the body, while the requisite resisting years is supplied by the MOC-MAIN ALD and ALENN
ADD AND ADD TO THE STATE OF THE STATE O

LASTIC STOCKINGS, KNEE CAPS, &c.

L'ASTIC STOCKINGS, KNEE CAPS, &c.

for VARICOSE VEINS, and all cases of WEAKNESS and
SWELLING of the LEGS, SPRAINS, &c. They are porous,
light in texture, and inexpensive, and are drawn on like an ordinary tocking. Thee, from 72-L to the, such; postage of
JOHN WHITE, MANUFACTURER, 825, Flooddilly, London

M.R. HOWARD, SURGEON-DENTIST, 52, PLEET-STHEET, has introduced an ENTIRELY NEW DESCRIETCH. The introduced an ENTIRELY NEW DESCRIETCH. The strength of the stre

DR. H. JAMES, the retired Physician, discovered while in the East Indies a certain cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and General Deblity. The remedy was discovered by him when his only child, a daughter, was given up to die. His child was cured, and is now alive and well. Desirous of benefiting his fellow-creatures, he will send post-free, to those who wish it, the recipe, containing full directions for making and successfully using this remedy, on their remitting him six stamps.—Address O. P. Brown, 14, Coul-street, Strand.

DINNEFORD'S PURE FLUID MAGNESIA has been for many years sanctioned by the most eminent of the Medical Profession as an excellent remedy for Addity, Heartburn, Headache, Gout, and Indigastion. As a mild aperient it is admirably adapted for delicate females, particularly during premancy; and it prevents the food of infants from turning sour during digestion. Ornobined with the ACIDULATED LEMON highly agreeable and efficacious.—Prepared by Disneyson & Go., Dispensing Chemists, (and general Agents for the improved Horsehair Gloves and Belts), 172. New Bonds-treet, London; and sold by all respectable Chemists throughout the Empire.

REFRESHING BALM for the HAIR. PEFRESHING BALM for the HAIR.—

V Every one values and admires a beautiful head of hair; yet there are hundreds who desire to make their hair look well, keep it from iteming grey and falling off, but are unacquainted with the means to do so. OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF CULUMBIA to them is a priceless treasure—it is the only cortain remedy. Established upwards of 30 years, it has withstood every opposition and imitation, and by the increasing demand proves ite frue value. In producing whiskers or moustaches, siding weak thin hair to become strong, it has no equal. Price &c. d., ds. and II. only.—Sold the content of the cont

DR. DE JONGH'S

(Knight of the Order of Leopold of Belgium)

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL,
Administered with the gracetes success in cases of
CONSUMPTION, GENERAL DEBILITY, RHEUMATISM,
INNANTILE WASTING, AND ALL THE BIOSODERS OF CHILDREN
AMBIENG FROM DEFECTIVE NUTRITION,
is the most efficacions, the most polarble, and, from its rapid
curative effects, unquestionably the most economical of all kinds.
Its immeasurable therapeutic superiority over every other variety
is now universally acknowledged by the Faculty.

OFINION of W. MURDOCK, Esq. M.D. M.R.C.S.
Medical Officer of Health, St. Mary, Rotherhithe, &c. &c.,
"I entertain a high opinion of Dr. de Jongh's valuable Oil, the
results in my practice being much more satisfactory since I have
administered it than they were when I used the preparations of
Pale Oil usually sold by the druggists. I never could get two
samples of them alike, whereas Dr. de Jongh's Oil is always the
same in taste, colour, and other properties. Mr own opinion is,
THAT IT IS THE BEST OIL SOLD."

Sold only in Imperial Half-pints, 2s. 6d.; Pints, 4s. 9d.; Quarts, 9s.; capsuled and labelled with Dr. db Jonon's signature, without which none is genuine: in the country by respectable Chemists.

Unemisse,

IN LONDON, BY HIS SOLE AGENTS,
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO. 77, STRAND, W.C.

OAUTION.—Intrusive recommendations of other kinds of Cod
Liver Oil should bestrenuously resisted, as they solely proceed from
interested motives, and will infallibly result in disappointment.

THORLEY'S FOOD FOR CATTLE.—Every
person having an interest in domestic or farm animals should
obtain a supply of this celebrated and conomical Food, which
will prove invaluable during the approaching season. For keeping
will prove invaluable during the approaching season. For keeping
prising rapidity upon it, and their fiesh increases in flavour and
value. Cowkeepers will find great advantage in the increased
quantity and improved quality of the milk during its use. All
animals are benefited by it. A pamphle on this interesting subject, accompanied by Testimonia's from the principal Nobility.
Good and the control of the contro

DINNER, DESSERT, and TEA SERVICES.
A large variety of New and good Patterns. Best quality, superior taste, and low prices. Also, every description of OutTable Glass, equally set vantaged as SON, 25, Ludgate-hill, E.C. Established nearly a Century.

PRIZE MEDAL, PARIS EXHIBITION, 1855.

M. ETCALFE, BINGLEY & CO.'S New Pattern and Penetrating Tooth Brushes, Penetrating unblesched Hair Brushes, Improved Flesh and Cloth Brushes, and Comb, and Perfumery for the Toilet. The description of Brush, Comb, and Perfumery for the Toilet. The description of Brush, Comb, and Perfumery for the Toilet. The description of Brush, Comb, and Perfumery for the Toilet. The description of Brush, Comb, and Perfumery for the Toilet. The description of Brush, Son and Son and

COCKLE'S ANTIBILIOUS PILLS, a Medi-cine now in use among all Classes of Society, for Indigestion, Billous, Liver, and Stomesh Complaints. Frepared only by JASES COCKLE, Surgeon, 18, New Ormond-street; and to be had of all Medicine Venders, in bowes, at 1s. 12d, 2s. 2d, 4. ad, and 11s.

of all Medicine Venders, in boxes, at 1s. 12d., 2s. 2d., as. 6d., and 11s.

D YOU WANT LUXURIANT HAIR,
WHISKERS, &c. 7—17 so, use ROSALIE COUPELLÉ'S
CRINUTRIAB, which is guaranteed to produce Whiskers, Moustachios, &c., in a few weeks, and restore the Hair in baldness
from whatever cause, prevent its falling off, strengthen Weak
Hair, and effectually check Greyness in all its stages. If used in
the nursery, it will avert Baldness in after-life. Sold by all Chemists, price 8s., or will be sent, post free, on receipt of twenty-four
postage stamps, by Miss Coupellé, 69, Castle-street, Oxford-street,
cases with success. "Dr. Wilsh." I have sold it for othern years,
and have never heard a complaint of it." Mr. Sanger, Chemist.—
"My hair is quite restored." E. James, Req.—"After nine years
baldness, its effects are miraculous." W. Mahon.

MROW THYSELF.—MARIE COUPELLÉ.

A continues her vivid and interesting delineations of character from an examination of the handwriting of individuals, in a style never before attempted in England. Persons destroue of knowing their own characteristics, or show of any friend, must inclease a postage stamp, to Miss Coupellé, 60, Cathe-etree, Rewman-street, London, and they will receive per return a full detail of the gifts, defects, talent, tastes, affections, &c., of the writer, with many other things calculated to be useful through life—From F. N. "I consider your skill surprising." O. 8. "Your exception of her character is remarkably correct. —H. W. "Your sketch of my character is marvellouily correct. —H. W. "Your sketch of my character is marvellouily correct. —H. W. "Your sketch of my character is marvellouily correct. —H. W. "Your sketch of my character is marvellouily correct. —H. W. "Your sketch of my character is marvellouily correct. —Miss F. "Manms says the

NOW THYSELF; and WHAT FIT FOR.

—MARGIERITE BALFOUR gives her useful delineations of the metical and moral character, stepled the step of the metical and moral character, stepled the step of the writing, stating sex and ase, with 13 penny postage stamps, to Miss Balfour, 82, vivid detail of the gifts, defects, talents, tsates, affections, &c., of the writer, and their probable influence an after-life, with adjuct in difficulties, and on future prospects. The many hundreds who have gratefully acknowledged the value of active given, and the value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, catabilish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a doubt acter, establish the truth and value of the science beyond a science and the science services.

EATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.—What Diseases are more fatal in their consequences than neglected Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, or Lunguiar Affections? The first and best remety is REATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.
Prepared and sold in Boxes, La 14d.; and Tins, 26. 5d., 4a. 6d., and ton, 6d. each.; by Thousas Krastine, Obermist, &c., 75, 85. Paully Churchyard, London. Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Venders in the World.

KEATING'S COD LIVER OIL (Pale New-foundland), perfectly pure, nearly tasteless, and free from adulteration of any kind, having been analyzed, reported on, and recommended by Professors Taylor and Thomson, of Guy's and St. Thomas Hospitals, who, in the words of the late Dr. Fersire, Science, "Half-pints, i. 6d.; Pints, 2s. 6d.; Quarts, 4s. 6d., impe-rial.—79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London.

DERFECT FREEDOM from COUGHS is

secured by
D. LOCOCK'S PULMONIC WAPERS.
They give instant relief, and a rapid cure of Asthms, Communicion, Cough, and all Disorders of the Breath and Lungs. They have a most pleasant taste. Price is 14d, 2s, 9d., and ils per box. Sold by all Medicine Venders.

NO MORE MEDICINE.—DU BARRY'S

DELICIOUS REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD cures
effectually INDIGESTION, habitual consispation, flavinency,
hiegm, nervourness, billoueness, liver complaints, hysteria,
neuralita, sleeplesmess, acidity, palpitation, hearburn, headache, debility, despondency, cramps, apasme, nauses, and sickness (during pregnancy or at seal) sinking my liver to the concomplete of the complete of the co

XUM

MY.7, ts, that e Arts, hrough ment of ondering at their e Croix of the

359

REIGH

rn ; and

REET, at their HAM.— nd Gild-BED.

Use and the Brass teads for manufactured Beal somplete. CATA edsteads,

28, Lord-Horsley

nounce Stock of et.

FRICAL gallon, q

nce. Cross sall's ans-N, 65, Ferng), 48s. in Bottle, 6s., and in d mellow, r.—Golden ien Claret, afitte, 7m. 72s.—Assec. 48s., 60s. Old Pale, 144s. per is Exhibitany of the

NSIVE

zen. ars, Mark NSIVE

is. Importers,

NIAL l for the

te Families saving of at per doses

on railway nied with a Manager.

Now Ready, price Sixpence, free by post Sevenpence, Part I. of

- CASSELL'S

POPULAR NATURAL HISTORY.

EMBELLISHED WITH UPWARDS OF FORTY ILLUSTRATIONS, ENGRAVED IN THE FIRST STYLE OF ART.

Part I. is accompanied by a beautiful Engraving, measuring 21 inches by 16, representing the "HUNTING OF WILD ANIMALS IN AFRICA."

The Work now commenced will be one of great beauty. Specially calculated to interest and instruct the Family Circle, it will, while having a basis soundly scientific, be written in a style that is popular, and free from all technicalities. The designation of each animal will be given in plain Familish, its haunts will be goographically described, and the whole will be accompanied by magnificent Illustrations and tinted Plates. The text will be beautifully printed upon superior paper, and twelve Monthly Parts will form a handsome volume. This work, it is believed, will not only be one of the cheapest, but one of the best, Natural Histories ever published. The favour with which this Work has been received may be inferred from the fact that the first impression of 19,500 Copies was exhausted on the day of publication.

With the Magazines for May will be published, price One Penny, No. I. of

CASSELL'S

ILLUSTRATED FAMILY BIBLE.

And on June 1, Part I., price Fivepence.

CASSELL'S ILLUSTRATED PAMILY BIBLE will be profusely embellished with the best productions of our Living Artists; representing the principal Events of Scarruar History, and the Work will be dilustrated with more than ONE THOUSAND additional Engravings of the Mouvrains, Valleys, and Palless, the Lakes and Rivers, the Cirits, Towns, and Valless in Additional Engravings of the Control of the Canada; their Russel, and distributed with the Research of the People of those Lands; their Russel, and distributed, appeared, appearing the Scarro Warrings.

The whole will be accompanied by Illustrative Norts, from the highest and latest authorities, and a series of Maschan References, very carefully prepared, that the reader may not be smalarmassed, as is commonly the case, by merely Panallel. Wongs, but have a valuable Antillary in determining the Maschan References, very carefully prepared, that the reader may not be embarrassed, as is commonly the case, by merely Panallel. Wongs, but have a valuable Antillary in determining the Maschan References of the Passage.

and no expense will be spared to render it a work worthy of general acceptance and careful prevaction. From the numerous inquiries made since the publication of the Prospectus, the Publishers are warranted in anticipating a most extensive circulation, and have therefore made arrangements for supplying the First Number to the Trade on the 16th instant.

JOHN CASSELL'S

POPULAR EDUCATIONAL WORKS.

A "DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE" of Cassell's Publications has been prepared, designed to place the reader to some extent in the same position as if he had personally inspected the Works described, which will be forwarded by the Publishers on receipt of one stamp.

A Copy of any of the following Works for inspection may be had of the Publishers, free by post, on receipt of the published price:-

in 6 vols crown 4to. price 4s. 6d. each, cloth boards; or's double vols. price 5s. 6d. each,

The first 3 vols. of the Popular Educator are published in a heaper form. Price, bound in cloth, 3s. 6d. each; or the 3 vols. ound in 1, price \$a. 6d.

Cassell's Sixpenny Lessons in French.

Cassell's Lessons in French. Parts I. and II. 12mo. 2s. 6d. each, in cloth. Complete in 1 vol.

Key to Cassell's Lessons in French.

Cassell's French Manual. mor DE LOLME. Crown Svo. cloth, Sa.

Cassell's French Reader; or, Inter-

Cassell's Lessons in German. Parts

Key to the Exercises in Cassell's

Cassell's German Pronunciation: consisting of Easy Extraots from German Writers. 13mo. 1s. 6d.

Cassell's German Reader: containing Choice Selections from the best German Authors. 12 2s. 6d. cloth.

Cassell's German Pronouncing Dic-TIONARY. In Two Parts, 8vo. I. German-English. II. English-German. Complete in 1 vol. cloth, 9s.

Cassell's Lessons in Italian: being an Elementary Grammar of the Language. 12mo. cloth, 3s. 6d.

Cassell's First Lessons in Latin. By
Profesors E. A. ANDREWS and S. STODDARD. 12mo.
12 6d. cloth.

Cassell's Lessons in Latin: being an Elementary Grammar of the Latin Language. By the Rev. J. R. BEARD, D.D. 12mo. cloth. 3s.

A Key to Cassell's Lessons in Latin.

Cassell's Popular Educator. Complete | Cassell's Latin Grammar. By Professors E. A. ANDREWS and S. STODDARD. Crown 8vo 3g 6d cloth.

> Cassell's Latin Reader: consisting of Fables, Mythology, Roman History, and Ancient Geography.

> Cassell's Latin Exercises, adapted to Cassell's Latin Grammar.' 12mo, cloth, 2s.

> Cassell's Latin Dictionary. By J. R. BEARD, D.D. and C. BEARD, B.A. Svo. In Two Parts. I. Latin-English. II. English-Latin. Bound in 1 vol. 98. 6d.

> Cassell's Lessons in Greek: including a Grammar of the Language. By the Rev. J. R. BEARD, D.D. Hmo. cloth, 4s.

The Acts of the Apostles, in the
Original Greek. According to the text of AUGUSTUS
HALM. 12mo. 22. 6d. cloth.

Cassell's Elements of Arithmetic.

Edited by Professor WALLACE, A.M. Crown 8vo. cl. 1s. 6d.

Key to Cassell's Arithmetic: containing Answers to all the Questions in the above Work. Price 4d.

Cassell's Elements of Algebra. Edited by Professor WALLACE, A.M. Cloth, 1s. 6d.

Cassell's Shilling Euclid; or, the First Six Books, with the Eleventh and Twelfth, of Euclid. Edited by Professor WALLACE, A.M. Crown 8vo. cloth, 1s. 6d.

Key to Cassell's Euclid: containing the Enunciations of all the Propositions and Corollaries : Cassell's Edition. Price 4d,

Mathematical Science, its Importance and UTILITY; with the best Method of Instruction Explained and Illustrated. Svo. cloth, 2s.

The Biblical Educator. Complete in 2 vols. crown 4to. price 5s. 6d. each, in cloth boards; or the 2 vols. in 1, 10s. 6d.

The Youth's Educator; or, Familiar Lessons in nearly every Branch of Education. Edited by JOHN CASSELL. Illustrated with several hundred En-gravings. Cloth, 8s.; with gilt edges, 9s.

Cassell's Elementary Geography, for the Use of Schools and Families

Cassell's English Spelling and Read-ING BOOK. With upwards of 150 Engravings on Wood. 8vo. cloth, 1s. Cassell's Lessons in English. By J. R.

Mary Howitt's Illustrated Library for the YOUNG. In 1 handsome vol. cloth, superbly gilt, 7a. 6d.; with beautifully Coloured Plates, 10s.; or in Parts, price 6d. cach.

Cassell's Arithmetic for the Young: including the Science of Numbers by means of Far Objects. Fcap. Syo. cloth, 1s.

The English Language in its Elements and PORMS; with a History of its Origin and Developments. By WILLIAM C. POWLER, Svo. cloth, 3s. 6d.

The History of England. By Robert FERG: 880N, LL.D. Feap. 8vo. in 1 thick vol. 3s. A Superior Edition, on extra-sized, fine fcap, paper, with a Por-rait of the Author on Steel, cloth boards, 3s. 6d.; gilt edges, 4s.

The History of Scotland. By Robert FERGUSSON, LL.D. Fcap. 8vo. cloth, 1s. 6d.

The History of Ireland. Fcap. 8vo. cloth, sa Sd.

The History of France, from the Earliest Period to the Present Time. With numerous Portraits.

The Natural History of Man; or, Popular Chapters on Ethnography. By JOHN KENNEDY, A.M. Fenp. 8vo. cloth, 1s. 6d.

The History and Sources of the Great-NESS of the BRITISH EMPIRE. By BENJAMIN PAR-SONS. Feap. 8vo. cloth, 1s. 6d.

The Wonders of the Heavens. By FREDERICK S. WILLIAMS, With Diagrams. New Edition. Fcap. 8vo. in 1 vol. boards, 1s.; cloth, 1s. 6d.

The History of the Steam-Engine.

With many Engravings. By Professor WALLACE. Fesp.

8vo. paper covers, 7d.

The People's Biographical Dictionary. By J. R. BEARD, D.D. Feap. 8vo. cloth, 3a.

Sailings over the Globe; or, the Progress of Maritime Discovery. Feap, 8vo. cloth, 1s. 6d

Footprints of Travellers in Europe, A, AFRICA, and AMERICA. Fcap. Syo. cloth, 1s.

London: CASSELL, PETTER & GALPIN, La Belle Sauvage-yard, Ludgate-hill.

No.

N

Simulto of Queeto hold Hith Londor A local is paya Copie be obta

will be the sub B.A. Or in the sign of the control Ro The this Se June 18 Ticke at the C Seciety 82; or,

A R Widow Charter

SHA

The ROYAL the BI Shakes o'clock

Roz

Editorial Communications should be addressed to "The Editor"—Advertisaments and Business Letters to "The Publisher"—at the Office, 14. Wellington-street North, Strand, London, W.C. inted by Janus Houans, of No. 4. New Ormand-street, in the county of Middleser, at his office, 4. Took's-court, Ohancery-lane, in the parish of St. Andrew, in said county; and published by Jons Francis, 14. Wellington-street North, in said county, Publisher, at 14. Wellington-street North aforesaid.—Agents: for Scotlarp, Messs. Bell & Bradfute, Edinburgh;—for Indiano, Marian, Dablin.—Saturday, April 3, 1869.